Second Edition

Newport Daily News.

Second Edition

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1909.--TEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Rip VanWinkle Couches.

You know in a minute that means the twenty-year kind, the kind that never would waken you with a musical spring or give you a pain in the back or a stiff neck. They are soft, springy, but lasting. The frames are of hard wood, securely blocked at the corners and with wooden cross braces the entire length. The tempered steel springs are supported by these cross braces, so that they can not give down or get out of place. The filling is not excelsior, but fine moss and tow, and the covers are fine grade velours. With all their comfort and goodness the prices are as low as

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Continued Today and Every Day This Week.

Every section of our store puts forth its best efforts to make this a record week. The values have our usual guarantee for quality. Remembering our motto: "A satisfied customer is the best advertisement."

9x12 Axminster Rug	$10.98	Jap. figured Silk, yd.	30c.
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Carpet Lining paper yd.	3c.	Muslin Curtains, pr. pair	39c.
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Bamboo Book Rack	79c.	Cut Glass Sale from	50c.
Bamboo Tabouret	17c.	Russia Hammered Brass from	25c.

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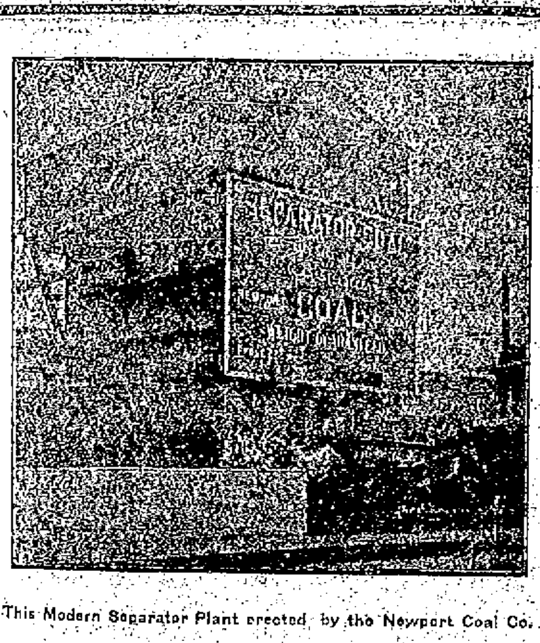

This Modern Separator Plant erected by the Newport Coal Co.

TAFT HAS A BUSY DAY IN SAVANNAH.

Makes Happy Speech at an Early Morning Banquet.

Reaches His Farthest South and Turns Toward Home.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 5.—President Taft, up until nearly 3 o'clock this morning as a result of the banquet served in his honor last night at the De Soto Hotel slept late today and delayed the start of the program of sight-seeing, arranged for his last day in Savannah, by nearly an hour.

After breakfast at the Gordon home this morning the President boarded revenue cutter Yamacaw for an hour's sail on the river. The river trip ended, the President was taken for a fast ride over the beautiful automobile course over which the grand prize races were run last fall. On the way back to the station, to take the train for Charleston, the President passed before all the school children of the city, both white and colored.

President Taft is the fifth President of the United States to visit Savannah during his term of office. Washington, Monroe, Cleveland and McKinley preceded Mr. Taft and General Grant came to the city shortly after he had laid down the reins of government. Savannah is the farthest South the President will go and when he left here at 2 o'clock he turned at last toward Washington, where he is due next Wednesday evening.

Georgia has proved no exception to the other Southern states which President Taft has visited, giving him a series of welcomes equal to those he has received in any other section of the country. During his stay in Savannah Mr. Taft is the guest of General William L. Gorden, an old family friend.

Mr. Taft made a very happy speech at the banquet early this morning. He was the last speaker on the long program. The President made a hit by referring to "Ty" Cobb, the famous batsman of the Detroit American League base ball team, as one of the distinguished citizens of Georgia. He paid a tribute to the United States army and navy, and agreed with Rear Admiral Sperry, who had responded to a toast to the navy, that there was no act "in the wonderful, useful and inspiring administration of Theodore Roosevelt to which we are more indebted than the sending of the 16 battleships around the world."

Referring to the Panama Canal, the President repeated his promise that it will be completed by January 1, 1915.

He said it took a strong man to supervise the work as Secretary of War, so he chose a Southerner, Judge Dickinson, "a man of wonderful ingenuity and a steam engine in brocches."

AVIATOR ESCAPES DEATH.

Owens Has Thrilling Experience in Balloon Flying Over Georgia.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 5.—While attempting to follow the automobile parade, at the head of which President Taft rode through Savannah, last night, Fred Owens, an aviator, had a thrilling experience in a dirigible balloon, narrowly escaping death. He sailed from Forsythe park extension, while a big government search-light played on the air craft. Just as his and another airship turned in behind the parade, 200 feet in the air, a connecting wire on Owens's motor broke and the motor stopped. A high wind was blowing and it tossed the helpless airship upward to 1,000 feet and drove it towards the Savannah river and the ocean.

Owens fought hard trying to re-connect the wire, but repeated heavy electric shocks soon taught him not to touch it. He was "lost" for 15 minutes, while the searchlight sought in vain for him and thousands of persons scattered to the river banks and the outskirts of the city to render him aid should he fall. Several times he was almost swept from his seat, but the airship was finally brought down in safety in some railroad yards east of the city. Except for the shocks, Owens was unhurt and his machine was little damaged.

"RETARDATION" THE TOPIC.

Addresses on Backward Children at the Teachers' Institute.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 5.—The program of the Rhode Island Institute of Instruction today followed closely that of yesterday, a general session being held in the forenoon, followed by sectional meetings in the afternoon and an entertainment in the evening.

The topic at the general session today was "Retardation" and the principal addresses were made by Roland P. Faulkner, agent in charge of school inquiries, immigration department, Washington, and Leonard P. Ayres, secretary of the Backward Children Investigation, Russell Sage Foundation, New York.

Mr. Faulkner believed that if the teachers would study the individual child it would help retardation greatly. He found that the principal causes of retardation are inadequate medical inspection, inadequate school police for truants, adverse home environment and failure of co-operation between home and school.

Mr. Ayres said that about $70,000 a year is wastefully expended in this city alone as a result of trying to teach physically defective pupils, if children in Rhode Island are like their companions in New York. He made public for the first time the results of two extensive studies which he has recently completed of the shool histories of some 40,000 children in the New York public schools.

Problems of the high schools were discussed this afternoon by Dr. O. S. Lowell of Roxbury, Mass., and Frederick Fosdick of Fitchburg, Mass. The question of elementary agricultural instruction in country and village schools was taken up by Mason S. Stone, state superintendent of schools in Vermont, while art and drawing were reviewed by George H. Sweet of Fall River, Mass., and Frederick H. Daniels of Newton, Mass.

Tonight there will be a reading at Brown University by Professor Thomas Crosby.

ALDRICH BEGINS WESTERN TOUR.

Trip of Purely Business and Official Nature.

Financial System to Be Explained to People.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—Attached to the "Chicago special" on the Pennsylvania Railroad, which arrived in Philadelphia from New York shortly after 10 o'clock today, was a special car carrying United States Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, who is just beginning his long promised tour of the West, as chairman of the monetary commission. Accompanying the Senator was Charles D. Norton, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; Professor A. Piatt Andrews, the special assistant of the commission, and Arthur S. Shelton, secretary of the commission and personal representative of Senator Aldrich.

The party left New York at 8 o'clock and is due to arrive at Chicago tomorrow at 7:30 a. m. There the first stop will be made and there, before the Commercial Club, the first official meeting with men of the West will take place. The journey will consume about two weeks and the itinerary includes stops at a number of important cities of the Middle West. After the Chicago speech addresses will be made by Mr. Aldrich as follows: At St. Louis, November 8; Kansas City, November 9; Omaha, November 10; Minneapolis, November 12; St. Paul, November 13; Milwaukee, November 15; and Detroit, November 16. Leaving Detroit after the address on the night of the sixteenth, Mr. Aldrich will return to New York Wednesday November 17, and there on the next evening, he will speak before the Chamber of Commerce.

The Senator has found it necessary to decline invitations from political organizations, several of which have been received, including one from the Hamilton Club of Chicago. Taking the position that the tour is of a purely business and official nature, he has informed the Hamilton Club and other political organizations that while he will be pleased to make social visits to them, he will make no speeches other than those scheduled.

"You understand, of course," he said, in a telegram to the Hamilton Club, "that my visit West is one of investigation in connection with the monetary reform, which is a non-partisan matter and therefore I cannot make any speech except that scheduled with the Commercial Club."

"Enemy's country," said Senator Aldrich, repeating an inquiry. "I don't know that there is an enemy's country. I am going West to find out. We are beginning a great undertaking in connection with our financial system and all of our 90,000,000 of people are interested. I want to ascertain the sentiment of the entire country, of the West as well as of the East. I go to learn rather than to teach, or rather I should say to cultivate a friendly relationship. I want the people generally to know what our aims are; to be intelligent about our work and to be prepared to co-operate with us. I hope and believe we shall not find an enemy's country.

LATEST NAVAL NEWS.

Orders to Officers and Movements of Vessels Reported.

(Special despatch to the News).

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The following orders to officers were announced by the Navy Department today:

Lieutenant Commander F. Lyon, ordered to the Naval Academy.

Lieutenant Commander O. W. Koester, detached from the command of the Mohican and ordered to the navy yard, Mare Island.

Ensign F. J. Fletcher, ordered to the Chauncey.

Midshipman M. L. Hersey, ordered to the Bainbridge.

Midshipman H. H. Porter and M. Kelly, ordered to the Vermont.

Surgeon F. W. F. Wieber, detached from the naval station, Cavite, and ordered home, delaying two months en route.

Surgeon R. E. Ledbetter, ordered to the naval station, Cavite.

Assistant Surgeon R. B. Henry, detached from the naval station, Cavite, and ordered home, via the Suez canal.

Assistant Surgeon D. H. Noble, ordered to the naval station, Olongapo, Philippine islands.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Charles Harlan, ordered to the first torpedo flotilla, Pacific fleet.

Pay Inspector Z. W. Reynolds, detached from duty as pay officer of the Tennessee and ordered to continue other duties.

Paymaster H. A. Wise, detached from duty as general torekeeper and pay officer at Olongapo and ordered to the Tennessee.

Passed Assistant W. C. Fite, detached from the Rainbow and the first torpedo flotilla, Pacific fleet, and ordered to the Monterey, and thence to Olongapo as general storekeeper.

Assistant Paymaster P. Dial, detached from the Monterey and ordered to duty at Washington.

Assistant Paymaster R. V. DeWitt Bleecker, detached from the Colorado and ordered to the Rainbow.

The following movements of naval vessels were reported today to the department:

Arrived—Lawrence at Magdalena Bay, Hist at Norfolk, Eagle at Guantanamo, St. Louis at Bremerton, Castine, Plunger, Tarantula and Dixie, at Charleston.

Sailed—Thornton, Tingey and Wilkes, from New Orleans for Port Arthur, Texas; Vicksburg, from San Jose de Guatemala for Acapulco; Navajo, from San Diego for Magdalena Bay.

Lord

STEAMERS REPORTED.

SABLE ISLAND, Nova Scotia, Nov. 5.—Steamer La Saboie Havre, from New York was 730 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:40 a. m.; will dock about 3 p. m. Saturday.

SABLE ISLAND, Nova Scotia, Nov. 5.—Steamer Caledonia, from Glasgow for New York was 730 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:20 a. m.; will dock about 8 a. m. Sunday.

ROOSEVELT SAID TO BE KILLED.

Rumor Widespread, But Without Slightest Basis.

Neither Washington Nor the Press Has Any Confirmation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—A rumor that ex-President Theodore Roosevelt had been killed on his hunting trip in Africa was afloat in Washington this morning, but diligent search failed to reveal the slightest foundation for it. Inquiries from many parts of the country make it evident that the rumor is widespread. At the Smithsonian Institution not the slightest word of such a fatality, or even of an accident, had been received. The State Department, which would be most likely to be notified by its consular representative in Africa, had received no such news.

Confidential information from a source whose reliability cannot be questioned was obtained here early this afternoon, making it apparently absolutely certain that no tidings of any mishap to Mr. Roosevelt have reached this country by any of the ocean cables. This seems to establish the fact that the rumor is without foundation.

In New York there is no confirmation available of the rumor. Every effort is being made to obtain direct information as to his condition. Up to the present time nothing has come from the Associated Press correspondent, who is accompanying the Roosevelt party in East Africa as to any mishap to Mr. Roosevelt or any other member of the party.

Unless the plans of the party have changed, Colonel Roosevelt should be now on the Guas Ingishu plateau. He left Londiani with several companions October 26, arriving at Aldama Ravine on the following day. The last word from his immediate party was from Aldama Ravine and was received in this country by way of Nairobi October 27. At that time the party was preparing to proceed immediately for Guas Ingishu plateau. It was planned to return to Londiani in five weeks.

The Guas Ingishu plateau is a vast open plain in the north of Kisumu province, covered with grass and fringed on all sides with trees. It affords some of the best grazing lands in the British Protectorate and is a hunting ground the visit to which had been eagerly anticipated by Colonel Roosevelt.

The direct route had not been determined so far as is known when the party left Aldama Ravine, but working westward by the most likely path the party would in a few days be at Nandi Boma, which is a British military station. News of their arrival at this point might be possible through native runners in the employ of the British military authorities. In this way news might be available, but nothing has been received so far as known through these channels.

NO AUTHENTIC SOURCE.

Reports Not Credited by Close Friends or Business Associates.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Reports today that former President Roosevelt had lost his life while hunting in Africa were not credited by close friends of the former President nor could the reports be traced to any authentic source.

Douglas Robinson, brother-in-law of Mr. Roosevelt and the only close relative of the former President in the city, said he had not heard the report and declared that had Mr. Roosevelt suffered any accident he would have been informed immediately.

Lyman Abbott, editor of the Outlook, of which Mr. Roosevelt is an associate editor, said he had not heard of any accident or injury to Mr. Roosevelt, and believed any rumor to that effect entirely unfounded. "I think we would have word if anything had happened to Mr. Roosevelt," said Mr. Abbott, "and I attach no significance to the rumors of his injury or death. The last word I had from him was by letter a few days ago, in which he stated that he was very well, as were all the members of his party."

Editors of the magazine now printing Mr. Roosevelt's African hunting stories said today that they had heard nothing recently from Mr. Roosevelt.

LONDON HEARS NOTHING.

Inconceivable That Fact Would Not Reach Colonial Office.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The East African department of the colonial office has heard nothing of any accident to Mr. Roosevelt. The official states that it is inconceivable that anything serious could have happened to him and the fact not be reported by the governor to the colonial office.

Lady Harrington, who is a cousin of William N. McMillan, said today that she had not received word of any harm to Mr. Roosevelt. Mr McMillan ha sa ranch at Ju Ja, near Nairobi, British East Africa, and entertained the Roosevelt party at one time. Any serious news regarding the former President would be likely to reach Mrs. McMillan quite promptly.

The American embassy here has received no word concerning the Roosevelt party.

CHARGED WITH MANSLAUGHTER.

Veteran, Who Killed Comrade in Bristol, Sentenced for One Year.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 5.—A jail sentence of but one year's duration was given John McKenna, and aged veteran of the Civil war, who May 6 killed his comrade Albert Morris at the Soldiers' Home in Bristol. Sentence was pronounced in the superior court this afternoon by Judge Christopher M. Lee and is one of the most unusual in the history of the Rhode Island judicials. McKenna and Morris, both old grand army men, were passing the few remaining years of their life at the home, when one day they quarrelled over the war. The case finally reached the superior court today, with a charge of manslaughter against McKenna.

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JAPANESE IN BALTIMORE.

Commercial Commissioners to Visit Large Manufacturing Plants.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 5.—The honorary commercial commissioners of Japan arrived today from Baltimore for a stay of two days. Having heard of the great manufacturing plants in Pittsburg, the Japanese were anxious to see them. The homestead works of the Carnegie Steel Company and the Westinghouse works at East Pittsburg, were among the industrial plants visited.

NO OFFICIAL STANDING.

Candidates of Minor Parties Do Not Poll Necessary Per Cent of Vote.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—Practically complete returns were received today for the candidates for governor of the so-called minor parties and the results show that none of these polled the necessary three per cent of the total vote, which would have given them official standing next year. Returns from the cities and 301 out of 321 towns give White (Socialist) 10,070; Nicholls (Prohibition) 5,412, and Ruther, (Socialist Labor) 2,983.

REVOLUTIONISTS ROUTED BY TROOPS.

Chammoro Killed in Attack at Paso Las La Jas.

Government Soldiers Pursue Rebels Toward Rama.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Nov. 4. (Delayed in transmission)—Government troops defeated the Revolutionists in a

[Continued on Tenth Page.]

JUST ARRIVED

New Importation of Freshly Preserved

Chinese Ginger

In ½ lb, 1 lb., and 5 lb. cans; also

Chinese Lily Bulbs and Paper White Narcissus

THE KAZANJIAN CO.

KAZANJIAN BUILDING A. H. BOZYAN, Mgr.

Fall and Winter Woolens.

COMMERFORD,

218 Thames Street.

If You Have Decided To Own a Home

We have cottages for sale on Bedlow avenue, Gibbs avenue, Congdon avenue, Whitehall street, Thurston Avenue and Friendship street.

$3,000 to $5,000.

Let us show you our list?

Wm. E. Brightman,

164 Bellevue Ave.

Phone 5.

TRY OUR EGGS,

30c a dozen.

Next to Islands they are the best.

Fancy Butter

1-lb prints	35c
Lamb Chops	20c
Short Steak	20c
Ducks	20c
Apples, per pk.	35c
Spinach, per pk.	20c

The Edward A. Brown Co.

274 Thames St.

Fresh Island Turkeys

Fresh Island Chickens,
Fresh Island Broiling Chickens,
Fresh Island Fowl,
Fresh Island Squabs,
Fresh Island Sweatbreads,
Fresh Island Calve's Liver,
Spinach 15c pk.

H. H. BARKER.

MARLBOROUGH MARKET,

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Tel. 77.

George E. Vernon & Co.,

Makers of Fine Furniture,

UPHOLSTERERS

—AND—

DECORATORS.

91 John Street,

NEWPORT, R. I.

"No Danger" of dissatisfaction here. Who could be dissatisfied with the best quality for the least money.

F. B. Coggeshall, 2 Washington Sq.

THE BEE HIVE.

Distinctive Styles in Women's Wearing Apparel for Winter Wear.

Choicest selections have been made from the most expert makers. We cannot too strongly emphasize the merits of this fresh equipment of Suits, Coats, Skirts and Waists. You'll find prices much to your liking.

SUITS. Styles are all authoritative and most of them exclusive in all the new shades and cloths, from **$9.75 to $37.50.**

COATS. It will be an advantage to you to make an early selection from our stock of coats. This showing includes also a full line of "mannish" coats so much in vogue now for women, misses and girls. Prices from **$5.75 to $21.50.**

SKIRTS. We emphasize the quality and correctness of the materials, the style, the fit and the hang. We can fit ordinary size women, extra large women, little women and girls. Prices from **$2.98 to $12.50.**

"Cook and Peary" may divide the glory, but we stand alone with the greatest discovery in the world of "Waists."

"The North Pole Waist"

Is a perfectly tailored waist made of pure Shamrock linene, linen finish fabric. The front is embroidered as beautifully as if done by hand and in neat floral designs. The embroidery is accompanied by four groups of fine pin tucking, with five large pearl buttons down the front! The sleeves are finished with link cuffs and the laundered collar is detachable, the entire effect being strictly mannish. This lot while they last at only **98c.**

Other exquisite new styles of linen, lingerie and lawn artistically trimmed with lace, embroidery and hand embroidered, from **$1.25 to $4.95.**

THE HESS-LEYS CO.

This Morning's News.

THE GOVERNMENT NEUTRAL.

Declines to Recognize Claims of Peary as Against Cook.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The State Department today squarely refused to recognize the claims of Commander Peary as against those of Dr. Cook and emphatically declined to be drawn into the North Pole controversy.

The department was placed in a position where it had to decide the matter through the submission of a request by the National Geographic Society that it cable to American Minister Egan at Copenhagen to ask of the University of Copenhagen permission to examine the records of Dr. Cook when they are submitted. The Geographic Society is to appoint a committee to visit the foremost Danish scientific institution, to which Dr. Cook has decided to give his proofs of the claim of priority in the discovery of the top of the earth. This committee is to comprise three members, who have been virtually selected but not yet finally approved.

The desire to have the request for permission to inspect the records go through the official channels was made at a conference between Assistant Secretary of State Huntington Wilson and Messrs. Gannett, the government's chief geographer; Edson, former president of the Board of Trade of Washington; Grosvenor, editor of the official organ of the society; Gore and Colville, all prominent members of the National Geographic Society, whose membership stretches through every state in the country. The request was made on the ground that the examination would be by scientists of attainments particularly valuable for the adjustment of the polar problem and representative not only of the society but of science generally in the United States.

The department took the request under advisement and later decided it could not accede to it. It was declared that such action would constitute the recognition of Commander Peary as against Dr. Cook. The department has notified Secretary Grosvenor of the society of its attitude.

The members of the committee which will go to Copenhagen for the Geographic Society will be provided with the usual letters of introduction from the State Department to the American diplomatic officers abroad, asking that the committee receive all courtesies or assistance possible consistent with the official duties of the diplomatic representatives. Letters of this character are frequently issued to citizens of the United States traveling abroad.

Determined effort will be made by the committee to obtain the Cook data. Dr. Cook will have every opportunity to place his records or any information bearing on the trip before the committee, which, soon after its appointment, will communicate with him directly.

This committee will advise Dr. Cook of the recent action of the society's board of managers in awarding a gold medal to Peary and a medal to Captain Bartlett, who navigated Peary's ship to the far North and back, and of its virtually "marking time" as to other polar claims pending investigation and research. It will advise him of the committee's desire to have any data he may be willing to present.

A cablegram, signed by Professor Willis L. Moore, president of the National Geographic Society, was sent tonight to the University of Copenhagen, announcing that it is about to send representatives to Copenhagen, and requesting that they be given the courtesy of attending the official examination of Dr. Cook's papers.

The National Geographic Society, it was said by a member tonight, stands ready to honor Dr. Cook with a medal similar to the one conferred upon Commander Peary if he can prove as clearly as the latter did that he reached the North Pole.

The three representatives of the society who will proceed to Copenhagen will be selected from the following committee which was appointed tonight to investigate the question of whether or not any one reached the North Pole prior to 1909: Henry Gannett, chief geographer of the United States Geological Survey; Rear Admiral C. M. Chester, United States Navy, (retired); O. H. Tittman, superintendent of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Professor J. Howard Gore, a noted mathematician who has himself made expeditions to the Arctic regions.

NOT AN ACCOMPLICE.

Lefevre Admits He Was Not Connected With the Murder.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—A search of Lefevre, who today claimed to be an accomplice in the murder for which Mme. Steinheil is on trial, disclosed two photographs, one of Mme. Steinheil and the other of the house where the crime was committed. Lefevre was locked up as a vagabond.

The police were inclined to believe that the man's self-accusation belonged in the category of incidents well known to criminologists where an individual half demented by the reading of the case, and possibly fancying himself in love with the prisoner, has resolved to sacrifice himself for a fascinating woman. Lefevre's description of the crime, however, coincides with the original version upon which Mme. Steinheil now insists.

On further examination before a magistrate, Lefevre said that his name is Rene Collard, and that he is an actor. He admitted that he had not the slightest connection with the crime and had merely acted on a chivalrous impulse to save Mme. Steinheil, of whose innocence he was convinced. He was ordered detained pending verification of his identity.

AMERICAN HORSE WINS.

August Belmont's Amical Takes Stanley Nursery Plate.

DONCASTER, England, Nov. 4.—The Stanley nursery plate (handicap) of 300 sovereigns for two-year-olds, distance one mile, was won today by August Belmont's Amical. Greenware was second and Charlemont third. Eight horses ran.

MORSE, JAILED, HAS JURY CALL.

Ex-Banker, In the Tombs, Says He Would Like to Comply.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Charles W. Morse, the former banker, now a prisoner in the Tombs, was served today with a notice to appear for jury duty in the United States circuit court—the court which not long ago convicted him of misapplying national bank funds. The summons came to Mr. Morse in a routine manner by mail, forwarded from his house on Fifth avenue.

The former banker said smilingly that he would like to comply with it, but did not see how he could do so, even with the fine of $250 for noncompliance, as noted in the summons, staring him in the face.

It was explained at the United States Marshal's office today that the summons was sent to Morse in the usual routine and that the financier had already been excused.

ACCORDING TO PRECEDENT.

Supreme Court Justice Not to Be Named Till Congress Meets.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Unless President Taft decides to violate the precedents which, as a lawyer, he is unlikely to do, no justice will take the place on the Supreme bench made vacant by the recent death of Justice Peckham before the assembling of Congress in regular session next December.

All the surviving justices, with one exception, were nominated for their high positions during the sessions of Congress.

The exception was Justice Harlan, who was appointed by President Hayes, November 29, 1877. Although he had received his commission, Justice Harlan refrained from taking his place on the bench until December 10, following, by which time his nomination had been passed upon by the Senate.

There is an unwritten law of the highest court itself for this, founded upon sound sense, which is likely to be respected, for it has been the practice of all Presidents to advise with the members of the court before filling vacancies on its bench.

COMET MAY CROSS SUN'S FACE.

Father Searle's Calculations Fix May 19 as Probable Time.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 4.—Halley's comet may pass across the sun's face May 19 next if the calculations made by Fr. G. M. Searle, C. S. P., received at the Harvard College Observatory today, prove correct. Father Searle based his intricate calculations from observations made at Mount Hamilton September 12, 13 and 14 and at Williams Bay September 23 and October 19. Concluding the table of deductions Father Searle states: "These elements give a geometric conjunction in longitude of the comet with the sun May 18, 681 Greenwich mean time, the comet's geometric latitude being then plus 4 degrees 15 minutes. Though the result cannot, of course, be accepted as final, it seems quite probable that there may be a transit."

DOLLS NOT TOYS.

Importers Save 25 Per cent in Duties Under Treasury Decision.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Dolls are just dolls, and not toys at all, according to a decision of the Treasury Department, thereby importers are saved the difference between 25 per cent and 60 per cent ad valorem duty.

It has been a weighty subject with the customs officers at New York and the Board of General Appraisers. The trouble all arose from a too spuring use of periods in framing the paragraphs in the new tariff law governing dolls and toys. The same ruling holds as to dolls' heads, for they are also held to be taxable at only 35 per cent.

Collector Loeb found an invoice of decorated China dolls the other day, and sought light. "Are dolls composed of china, porcelain, parian, bisque, earthen, stone and crockery ware dutiable under paragraph 431, at 35 per cent or paragraph 93, at 60 per cent?" he inquired.

"Thirty-five per cent," declares the treasury.

Rubber dolls, too, come under the same duty, under a paragraph of the Dingley law. The department has advised Collector Loeb that dolls and toys are differentiated for classification purposes, and that dolls and doll heads "of whatever material composed" are subject to the lower rate, though toys "come higher."

ASQUITH WINS ON BUDGET.

Memorable Scene Marks Passage of Bill by Commons, 379 to 149.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The House of Commons tonight passed the third reading of the finance bill by a vote of 379 to 149. The scene in the House was a memorable one. Seldom has there been a larger attendance of members and peers, and the diplomatic galleries were crowded to their utmost capacity.

Chancellor Lloyd-George, Prime Minister Asquith and Mr. Balfour, leader of the Opposition, all spoke during the evening, and tense excitement prevailed throughout. All present appeared to be imbued with the historic character of the occasion.

Mr. Asquith, in a brief speech closing the debate, said it was incumbent upon those who objected to the government's taxes to provide some alternative scheme to meet the nation's necessities. "Where was this scheme?" he asked. "Sooner or later Mr. Balfour must show his hand, and it would have to be a hand that would suit the game of the tariff reformers.

"The government," continued Mr. Asquith, "might well be content to rest themselves in patience. There will be only two issues before the House, the taxes proposed by the budget or tariff reform."

Division was then taken, and the announcement of the vote, showing the government's majority was larger than had been expected, was greeted with prolonged ministerial cheers. The Conservatives had counted upon a score of Liberal abstentions, but apparently only two Liberals joined the Nationalists in abstaining from voting.

The bill will be formally passed on its first reading in the House of Lords tomorrow. The debate on the second reading, which will determine its fate, will begin November 22.

ONE CAUSE OF PELLAGRA.

Corn "Licker" Plays an Important Part in the Dread Disease.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 4.—Not alone corn and the ordinary products of food made of that cereal, but the distilled spirits of that grain, corn "licker," plays an important part in the cause of the dread disease pellagra, was declared here today at the second days' session of the national conference on pellagra by more than one of the distinguished physicians in attendance. Among these professional men who are here investigating what in this country is considered a new disease there is a growing conviction, according to several of the speakers, that pellagra already is ravaging horses, cows, hogs, and other animals as well as human beings.

LIVERY STABLES.

HORSE CLIPPING.

Now is the time to have your horse clipped. Your horse will do better, look better and be cleaner. We can clip your horse at any time and furnish you one to use while he is being clipped.

Geo. P. Lawton,
Livery, Safe & Boarding Stables.
Touro and Spring Streets.

For Sale At a Bargain

1 Safe, 5 ft. high and 3 ft. wide; 1 Safe, 2 ft. high and 18 in. wide.

JOSEPH GRAHAM,
68-70 Spring Street.

The Newport Journal
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Is especially adapted for mailing.

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—ALSO—
Headquarters for Wedding Carriages.
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4 and 11 Polham Stree
Phone 54.
Horses and Carriages to let with or without drivers. Turnouts by the month with coachman in livery a specialty; good pasturage and winter board for horses at our farm.
Stewart's Delaware Stables, N. Y.,
No. 120-122 East 63d. St.
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Get one while they are going. A sheet iron, self-basting roasting pan. Four sizes.

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$ .75 Eskay's Food	62c.
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1.00 Listerine	65c.
.35 Castoria	23c.
.60 Bovinine	49c.
.50 Birts Head Wash	45c.
1.50 Fellows Syrup	$1.10
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OLD-FASHIONED LICORICE DROPS 20c. lb.

CIGAR SPECIAL
10c. "Stirling Castle"
Clear Havana Londre.
7c., 4 for 25c.

Cure That Cold! Rexal CHERRY JUICE COUGH SYRUP
Will do it.
50c and $1.00.
Absolutely guaranteed.

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Rapid flow.
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(Two quart size)
For 89c.
Will last for years.

CIGAR SPECIAL
10c. OFFICIAL SEAL
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Specials at DRUG DEPARTMENT.

Camphorated Oil, pt.	65c.
Wood Alcohol, pt.	20c.
Borax, 1 lb.	11c
Mixed Spices, ½ lb.	15c.
Formaldehyde, pt.	25c.
Castor Oil, pt.	30c.
Ammonia, strong, pt.	15c.
Calomel Tabs. 100	25c.
Beeswax, lb.	65c.
Hammamelis, qt.	35c.
Quinine Pills, 100	25c.
Camphor Gum, lb.	75c.
Oxalic Acid, lb.	25c.
Insect Powder, lb.	65c.
Epsom Salts, lb.	8c.

OLD-FASHIONED HOREHOUND DROPS 20c. lb.

CIGAR SPECIAL
15c. value,
ROYAL SOVEREIGN
(Invincible.)
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VIRGINIA SALTED PEANUTS 20c a POUND.

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THE NEWPORT JOURNAL
AND WEEKLY NEWS.

AGAIN WE EMPHASIZE

The importance to YOU of a really good cook stove. If you are buying a 5 or 10 cent article, you can afford perhaps to experiment with half a dozen different brands to find which is best. But in buying a range you are purchasing something to last your lifetime perhaps. Something your wife will use EVERY DAY of the 365. Something that will make or mar the pleasure of every meal you eat—and, also, something that will either save or waste your money.

The MAGEE RANGE is bound to please the most exacting housekeeper—ITS SUPERB BAKING QUALITIES, ITS ECONOMICAL USE OF FUEL, ITS BEAUTY OF DESIGN, combine to make the MAGEE the perfect home range.

Think of a range that is at all times under absolute control—that BAKES PERFECTLY in the BACK as well as in the FRONT of the oven, that has EVERY COVER a COOKING COVER, that gives you quickly ALL THE HOT WATER you want, that has an absolutely PERFECT OVEN THERMOMETER. A range of BEAUTIFUL DESIGN, of EXTRA HEAVY CASTINGS and all at a REASONABLE PRICE.

Such a Range is the MAGEE.

Call and let us show you.

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THIS IS THE SEASON FOR
ASH CANS, COAL HODS, FURNACE SCOOPS, FIRE SHOVELS, ASH SIFTERS and STOVE LINING—and I have them all at prices that will please.
Also PERFECTION OIL HEATERS that do not smell or smoke.
LANTERNS of all kinds.
ALARM CLOCKS that will wake you up,
RUBBISH BURNERS for burning dead leaves and paper.
Hardware, Paints, Brushes, Varnishes, etc.

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CARPENTER and CONTRACTOR.
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Mason work in all its branches. Brick Work, Cement Work, Tiling, Plastering, etc.
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Daniel J. Mahoney, Mason Work
I will give you an estimate to tear down your old ceilings, replacing them with new ones, or concrete your cellar, repairing your chimneys, tiling your bathroom, fireplaces, vestibules, and Jobbing of all kinds attended to.
Residence 18 Pond Avenue.

BANISH PLUMBING WORRIES.
The next time any part of your plumbing refuses to work, springs a leak or needs repairing or replacing, take the shortest cut to satisfaction and PEACE OF MIND by phoning or consulting

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Plumbing, Heating and Ventilating
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Grease Traps, Chimney Flue Lining, Extra Heavy Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings, Iron Cistern Covers and Frames, Stable and Yard Traps, etc.
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AGENTS FOR
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Estimates Cheerfully Given on Plumbing, Heating and Electrical Work.
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Having finished the New Mumford School, giving the city a first-class job, I am now ready to give you a figure on any work which you may have. I can save you money as I did the city.
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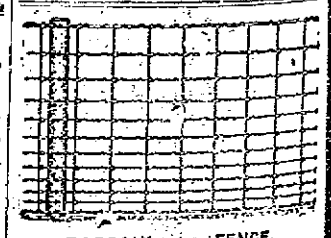

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73 rds. No. 949 $20 cash, galvanized and painted. P. T. BAILEY
Melville Station, Newport, R. I.

A VANISHING RELIC.

A Plane Tree Which Has Stood for a Century in London at Last Doomed.

[Manchester Guardian.]

A new building is being erected in Cheapside near the Wood street corner, and it has been feared by city men who pass back and forward in the omnibuses that the old plane tree which has stood for more than a century in a little remnant of churchyard there was at last doomed. The interest of the Londoner in his trees is not a myth, as shopkeepers and policemen in the neighborhood during these operations have reason to know, and this noble old plane tree is the most famous of all his trees. It stands on the site of the Church of St. Peter's, Chepe, which was burnt in the great fire and not rebuilt, and although Horwood's large-scale map of 1794 does not show a tree, there hangs in the vestry of St. Veda's, Foster lane (with which St. Peter's is incorporated), a plan of the parish, dated 1793, showing three good trees in a row, the end one being in approximately the same position as the existing tree. In 1891 Cheapside was vexed by the rumor that the tree was to be felled, but the churchwardens were only having its branches trimmed for safety. Two years ago about 20 feet was taken off the top, and its branches were again lopped. It rises to a height of about 90 feet, and the diameter of its trunk at the base is more than three feet. The present building will not affect it. Indeed, so jealous of its safety are the churchwardens that they have not permitted the scaffolding poles to intrench on the plot. It is in sturdy health, and will throw its green fountain into roaring Cheapside for many a spring to come.

Such a bright and unexpected apparition shining in the midst of the busiest street in the city was sure to have affected the poets. Leigh Hunt writes of a London child who knew only the tree in St. Paul's churchyard, and "whenever a tree was mentioned it was this one; she had no conception of any other, not even of the remote tree in Cheapside." Wordsworth, in the "Reverie of Poor Susan," describes how the melody of a thrush singing in the morning at the corner of Wood street affected a poor serving woman from Cumberland:

'Tis the note of enchantment, what ails her?
She sees
A mountain ascending, a vision of trees,
Bright volumes of vapor through Lothbury glide,
And a river flows on through the vale of Cheapside.

It has generally been thought that a thrush singing on the branches of this tree suggested his theme to the poet, but a note that he prefixed to the piece tells us that it was a caged bird he had in his mind. There can, however, be little doubt from the mention of Wood street and the vision of trees that follows so soon after that, if not the thrush on the tree, it was the tree itself that inspired the poem.

Another legend that has grown about the tree is that the row of little shops which date back to 1687, and stand on the site of almost a similar row of goldsmiths' shops mentioned by Stow cannot be made higher, as a clause in their lease forbids any interference with the tree. The beneficent tyrant, however, which has preserved it through the generations, is not an ancient landholder but "ancient lights" itself, that erratic bugbear of the London builder which, amongst many injustices, has done at least this one noble act. Of course, "ancient lights" has been often defeated or nullified, or the London building trade would long ago have been extinct, and that the shops have not ere this risen to blot out the tree from Cheapside must be due either to public spirit or affection for the old tree on the part of the freeholder.

THE ALEUTIAN GROUP.

Three of The Islands That Disappear and Then Re-Appear Are Volcanic.

[World Wide Magazine.]

Looking at a map of North America, and turning one's eye upon Bering Sea, one will observe, stretching out from the Alaskan peninsula, a chain of islands, large and small, marked as the Aleutian group. There are three of these islands with which nature seems to be playing a game of marbles—or, better still, of thimble-rig. They are Castle Rock, a roughly-projecting formation with two jagged peaks that probably appeared as early as 1779; Perry Island, which has made periodic appearances and disappearances for the past 10 years; and the appropriately-named Fire island, which first rose above the surface in 1883. All, needless to say, are volcanic.

Another island—McCulloch, so named because it was first "discovered" by the officers and crew of United States revenue cutter McCulloch, has also engaged in some fantastic transformation scenes, and for miles around the ocean soundings are quite unreliable. Where the cutters take a sounding of a mile in depth one day, the next may show the bottom to be only half a mile below the surface.

The centre of the greatest activity seems to be in the little archipelago marked on the map as the Bogoslof group. This group is a little more than 30 miles from the Aleutian chain and 60 miles west of Unalaska, or Dutch Harbor, as it is more commonly known.

McCulloch Peak, probably the latest and largest of the smoking islands, popped up within a day or two of the Fourth of July, 1906. About that time United States cruiser McCulloch first noticed the new made land and annexed it to the domains of the United States. The peak was then smoking and steaming like a volcano.

The officers of the McCulloch, in the course of their investigations, landed in a small boat and clambered over the island, as far as was possible. The heat and steam, however, were so terrific that they could not get much farther inland than the shore-line.

The landing, of course, was distinctly hazardous, for none of the explorers knew at what minute this mysterious island might take a notion to drop back into the depths whence it came, leaving them struggling in the steaming, swirling eddies. Or another new peak might be thrown up any minute just where their boat lay hove-to.

McCulloch Peak rose to a height of 350 feet above the sea, with a base extending from 1,700 to 3,000 feet in length at the water-line. It was apparently composed entirely of great boulders and some fresh-made earth.

Stranger even than the appearance of the island itself, perhaps, were the appalling changes in the bottom of the adjacent sea. A great submarine mountain was thrown up in one place, almost reaching to the surface of the ocean, in spite of the fact that all around the sea is from one to two miles in depth. The Titanic upheaval lifted the Alaska cable like a tiny thread, and threw the ends miles apart.

The crew of the whaler Herman, of San Francisco, were treated to another remarkable manifestation during September of last year. McCulloch Peak, only 50 days above the water, actually dropped back to the bottom of the ocean, while the men stood on the decks of their ship watching in speechless wonder. A short time afterwards soundings showed that there were 2,000 feet of water above the top of the peak!

ARMY OFFICERS' QUARTERS.

Small Apartment Houses May be Built, Owing to Limitations in Cost of Construction.

The quartermaster general of the army has decided that not to exceed $15,000 for the quarters of a brigadier general, $12,000 for the quarters of field officers and $9,000 for quarters for company officers shall be expended at posts for the mobile army. These sums must include cost of plumbing, heating and lighting fixtures. Congress fixed these amounts by law. In so far as coast defense posts were concerned, and the quartermaster general now rules that the limitation shall apply throughout the army.

These limitations will bring the cost of officers' quarters down to a point much below that of buildings hitherto erected, but it is believed by the military authorities that the restriction is a wise one, in view of the demand of some officers for costly improvements and in some instances for larger dwellings. Moreover, there have been many complaints on the part of officers as to the size of the buildings, which they have been obliged to occupy at army posts. They have found it expensive to maintain such establishments, and the household management calls for much work and corresponding difficulty in obtaining and expense in maintaining servants.

This objection has been removed in a measure by the determination to build at army posts small apartment houses. These will be of six or seven rooms each, and each building will contain four dwellings. They may be used by junior officers or by officers with small families, or by two bachelor officers sharing an apartment. It will save the expense of separate quarters and gratify those who "keep house" in army quarters. By this means it will be easy enough to remain within the limit of cost at the mobile army posts, of which there was promise of some difficulty, owing to the different conditions prevailing in the various localities.

GIVING AND GETTING.

[Bolton Hall in the Forum.]

Our charities are so generally regarded as a proof of a highly philanthropic civilization that few recognize them as a symptom of a disease. They seem to be the result of the experience of 1,800 years, but they are really the result of our misunderstanding of the teachings of 1,800 years.

To relieve present misery is the best that charity can do, and to talk of making men holier before securing them against want, is idle pretence. To teach contentment with present unjust conditions, because there is hope of better in another world, is a mistake, just as it is a mistake to teach that we are better off than ever, that we are improving, or else that it is the will of God that we should be in this condition. To create this attitude of mind helps to disguise the worst symptoms of injustice and misery, and also serves to uphold those who have forgotten God as a factor in their dealings.

No change for the better will ever result from this course. The love and sympathy that could redeem conditions are diverted from their office and set to dealing out soup tickets in place of justice.

The problem will not be solved by raising the standard of living. So long as the amount of work to be done or the amount to be paid for it, is limited, to increase desires and raise the standard of living is but to increase hardships and immorality. With this higher standard and no increase of pay, men will be unable to keep wives, as they are used to being kept, so they will keep establishments without keeping wives.

PERSONALS.

....The Countess de Chambrun, who is a sister of Representative Nicholas Longworth, has given birth to a son, in Paris.

....Secretary Knox specially designated Mr. O'Brien, the American ambassador at Tokio, to represent the United States at the funeral of the late Prince Ito.

....Rev. Adiron J. Patterson, a Civil war chaplain, former member of the New Hampshire legislature and pastor emeritus of the Roxbury Universalist Church for 21 years, following 22 years' active pastorate, died at his home in Roxbury.

....Former Vice President Fairbanks may be the successor of Whitelaw Reid at London and, in fact, is likely to be, if he will accept the post. President Taft in private conversation has indicated his desire to pay this courtesy to his strongest opponent for the Presidential nomination.

....Captain John Pritchard, commodore of the Cunard line, who began his 53 years' service at sea in a 150-ton schooner and ends it in command of the 30,000-ton steamship Mauretania, announces that he has handed in his resignation to the Cunard line. He is 63 years old and has been 30 years in the Cunard service.

....Miss Mary B. Adams, who has been a prominent figure on American golf links for the past ten years and has won championships in the Eastern and Massachusetts associations, besides being a runner-up in several national events, was married Thursday to Edward C. Wheeler, Jr., of Boston. Among the bridesmaids were Miss Grace Semple of St. Louis, another prominent golf player, and Miss Marjorie P. Phelps of Brookline, who was a bronze medalist at the last national championship at Philadelphia.

....General John J. Coppinger died Thursday night at his home in Washington, of pneumonia. He was the eldest son of William Coppinger, County Cork, Ireland, where he was born October 11, 1834. At an early age he received a commission in one of the yeomanry regiments then raised in England for service in the Crimea, but was mustered out at the close of hostilities without seeing any active service. He then received a commission in one of the papal regiments and served during the campaign of 1860. He was taken prisoner at the defense of the La Rocca Gate and was made a Knight of St. Gregory for his services. On his release he was invalided home, and at the outbreak of the Civil war received a commission in the United States regular army, on the recommendation of Archbishop Hughes, being made captain of the then Fourteenth Infantry September 30, 1861. He served with gallantry during the war, was severely wounded at the second battle of Bull Run and was made colonel of the Fifteenth New York cavalry January 27, 1865. General Coppinger married Alice Blaine, eldest daughter of the late James G. Blaine, in February, 1883. Mrs. Coppinger died in 1890, leaving two sons, Blaine and Conor Coppinger, who survive.

REST ON, BRAVE SOUL!

An Appreciation of the Late Geo. T. Downing.

[Josephine S. Yates, A. M., Lincoln Institute, Jefferson City, Mo.]

Thou art at rest! No more the stormy scenes of life,
In which, a warrior bold, thou didst not fear the strife.
The trumpet's blast, the call "To Arms"
For thee, brave soul, hold no alarms.
Nor didst thou fear if rife the air with portents dire,
Thy hopeful soul foresaw, beyond the gloom and mire,
A breathing space, a talked-of age or peace,
An age of light, from war a rare surcease,
An age in which a race would mount and rise,
To seek from Heaven that boon, that prize
Which comes alone to those who conquer self.

Yes, still we seek this prize, in spite of earthly pelf.
Therefore, rest on, brave soul, rest on!
Nor weep,
Ye friends. "He giveth His beloved sleep."
Although our eyes with tears are dim,
"Thrice blest the dead who die in Him".
And from the deep rolls in this glad refrain:
"Reward is sure and Christ is gain."
Therefore, rest on, brave soul, rest on!

FANCIES.

Sir Thomas was a sportsman bold,
His country's pride and joy,
Who had a passion uncontrolled
To be a sailor boy.
And every time he had a race,
'Twas comforting to note,
He met defeat with courteous grace
And built another boat.

Sir Thomas is a model still
Well worth attending to;
A man is ne'er defeated till
He quits and says "I'm through."
Though tricks of wave or wind may bring
Dismay, he does not fall
While he has breath for challenging
And nerve to hoist a sail.
—[Washington Star.

"That dog of Grey's is worth $5,000."
"Good gracious! How did he ever save the money?"—[Boston Transcript.

Cook—Missus told me to 'pair' the potatoes. I've done most of 'em, but I can't find a feller to this one."—[The Tatler.

"What did you say last night when Jack asked you to marry him?"
"I shook my head."
"Sideways, or up and down?"—[Chicago Daily Socialist.

Teacher—What are the duties of the Vice-President of the United States?
Young America—He has to play golf in the absence of the President.—[Puck.

The Candidate—If elected I shall carry out the policies of the present administration!
A Voice from the Rear—Don't take the trouble to carry 'em out. Throw 'em out!—[Philadelphia Bulletin.

"I thought," said the inspector, "you reported that this building was provided with a fire escape?"
"It is. There's a room on the nineteenth floor that is used by a very devout little band of people as a church."—[Chicago Record-Herald.

One day Helen had been very naughty and her mother said, "Helen, if you are naughty, you can't go to heaven."
"Well," said Helen, "I can't expect to go everywhere. I went to 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' once, and the circus twice."—[The Housekeeper.

A young preacher who was staying at a clergy house, was in the habit of retiring to his room for an hour or more each day to practice pulpit oratory. At such times he filled the house with sounds of fervor and pathos, and emptied it of most everything else. Phillips Brooks chanced to be visiting a friend in this house one day when the budding orator was holding forth.

"Gracious me!" exclaimed the bishop, starting up in assumed terror. "Pray, what might that be?"
"Sit down, bishop," his friend replied. "That's only young D—— practicing what he preaches."—[Everybody's Magazine.

MIDDLETOWN PROBATE NOTICES.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that in and by the will of James E. Wyatt, late of Middletown, R. I., deceased, he is appointed the sole Executor thereof, that said will has been proved, allowed and admitted to record by the Court of Probate of said Middletown; that he has given bond to said Court as required and is now duly qualified to act as such Executor.

All persons having claims against the estate of said James E. Wyatt are hereby notified to file the same in the Office of the Clerk of said Court, within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to said estate will make payment to the undersigned.

WILLIAM F. WYATT, Executor.
Middletown, R. I., October 22, 1909.

Court of Probate, Middletown, R. I.,
October 18, A. D. 1909.

William T. Bull, Jr., by his next friend Charles A. Wilson, presents to this Court his petition in writing, praying that a certain instrument in writing, a copy of which is therewith presented purporting to be the last will and testament of Melville Bull, late of said Middletown, deceased, may be proved and allowed and letters of administration with the will annexed, issued to said Charles A. Wilson, the Executor named in said will having deceased.

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to the Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Middletown, on Monday, the fifteenth day of November next, A. D. 1909, at one o'clock P. M., and that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week at least, in the Newport Daily News.

ALBERT L. CHASE,
Probate Clerk.

A Good Business Horse For Sale Cheap.

NEWPORT PAPER & GROCERY CO.,

58 Bridge Street.

The Newport Journal
AND WEEKLY NEWS,
is especially adapted for mailing.

SEABURY'S SALE

To Close These Lines,

Ladies' Button and Lace Boots at $3.50 per pair, were $5.

Value and quality guaranteed.

A bargain at $3.50.

—AT—

The T. Mumford Seabury Co.'s.

NEWPORT PROBATE NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Probate Court of the City of Newport, Administrator de bonis non of the estate of Nicholas B. Alger, late of said Newport, deceased, and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

Clarence C. Alger.
Newport, November 5th, 1909.

Probate Court of the City of Newport,
November 1st, 1909.

Estate of Sarah B. Vernon.

William Vernon of Morristown in the State of New Jersey, Administrator with the last will and testament annexed of Sarah B. Vernon late of said Morristown, in the County of Morris, in the State of New Jersey, deceased, which Will was proved and allowed by the Court of Probate within and for said County of Morris presents a copy of said last Will and Testament and of the Probate thereof, under the seal of said Court of Probate and in writing requests that the same be filed and recorded in the registry of this Court, according to law; said deceased leaving real estate in the State of Rhode Island and in said City of Newport, whereon said Will may operate; and said copies and request are received and referred to the Twenty-second day of November instant at ten o'clock A. M., at the Probate Court Room, in said Newport, for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Probate Court of the City of Newport, Administrator of the estate of Elizabeth B. Alger, late of said Newport, deceased, and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

Clarence C. Alger.
Newport, November 5th, 1909.

Probate Court of the City of Newport.
October 23, 1909.

Estate of Caroline Marsh Peckham.

Daniel Peckham of the Town of Hinsdale, Du Page County, State of Illinois, Executor of the last will and testament of Caroline Marsh Peckham, late of Hinsdale, County of Du Page, State of Illinois, deceased, which Will was proved and allowed by the Court of Probate within and for said County of Du Page, presents a copy of said last Will and Testament and of the Probate thereof, under the seal of said Court of Probate and in writing requests that the same be filed and recorded in the registry of this Court, according to law, and that letters testamentary be granted thereon; said deceased leaving estate in the State of Rhode Island and in said City of Newport, whereon said Will may operate; and said copies and request are received and referred to the Fifteenth day of November next at ten o'clock A. M., at the Probate Court Room, in said Newport, for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

Probate Court of the City of Newport.
October 23, 1909.

Estate of William A. Ogilvie.

Request in writing is made by Peter L. Ogilvie, of New Brunswick, Canada, brother of William A. Ogilvie, late of said Newport, deceased intestate, that Walter K. R. Holm, of said Newport, or some other suitable person, may be appointed Administrator of the estate of said deceased; and said request is received and referred to the Fifteenth day of November next at 10 o'clock A. M. at the Probate Court Room, in said Newport, for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned, Executors of the Last Will and Testament and Codicils thereto of John N. A. Griswold, late of the City of Newport, deceased, which Will and Codicils have been admitted to probate by the Probate Court of the City of Newport, hereby give notice that they have accepted said trust and have given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

We have appointed William Paine Sheffield, of Newport, Rhode Island, whose address is 223 Thames Street, our agent in the State of Rhode Island.

Frederic Frelinghuysen,
George Griswold Frelinghuysen.
Newport, October 22, 1909.

Probate Court of the City of Newport.
October 18th, 1909.

Estate of Amelia S. Bush.

Fannie H. Haskins, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Amelia S. Bush, late of said Newport, deceased, presents her first and final account with the estate of said deceased, for allowance, which account contains a credit of the sale of real estate; and the same is received and referred to the Eighth day of November next at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Probate oCurt Room, in said Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News Office.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that she has been appointed by the Probate Court of the City of Newport, Administrator of the estate of Mary McCormick Shea, late of said Newport, deceased, and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

Catherine T. Murphy.
Newport, October 22, 1909.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Probate Court of the City of Newport, Administrator with the Will annexed of the estate of Annie Taylor Porter, late of said Newport, deceased, and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

William F. Porter.
Newport, October 22, 1909.

PORTSMOUTH PROBATE NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that she has been appointed by the Probate Court of the Town of Portsmouth, Administratrix of the estate of Alvin Cornell, late of said Portsmouth, deceased, and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

ADDIE B. NORTHUP.
Portsmouth, October 21, 1909.

TIVERTON PROBATE NOTICES.

Probate Court of the Town of Tiverton, R. I.

Estate of Henry Lockingen.

F. P. Lockingen, Administrator of the estate of Henry Lockingen, late of said Tiverton, deceased, presents his final account with the estate of said deceased, for allowance, which account contains a credit of the sale of real estate; and the same is received, and referred to the Sixth day of November, A. D. 1909 at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Probate Court Room, in said Tiverton, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

A. LINCOLN HAMBLY, Clerk.
Oct. 21, 1909.
10-23, 29, 11-5.

L. COMPTON PROBATE NOTICES.

Office of the Clerk of the Probate Court of the Town of Little Compton, R. I.
October 18, A. D. 1909.

Hannah B. Wilbour, of Little Compton, R. I., and Eleanor M. Pierce, of Westport, Mass., have this day filed in this office addressed to said Court, to be holden at the Probate Court Room in said Little Compton, on Monday, November 8, A. D. 1909, at 2 o'clock P. M. a petition in writing that they the said Hannah B. Wilbour and Eleanor M. Pierce, or some other suitable persons be appointed Administrators of the estate of Daniel Wilbour, late of said Little Compton, deceased, intestate, said petitioners being the widow and daughter of said deceased; and have applied to me the Clerk of said Court to give public notice of the filing and purport thereof once a week, for fourteen days in the Newport Daily News.

JOHN B. TAYLOR,
Probate Clerk.

TAILOR-MADE WAISTS.

New Linene Waists, with broad pleats and linen collar and cuffs.

98c each

A large assortment of Fancy Striped Cheviot and Madras Waists, made in strictly tailored styles, with large pearl buttons and linen collars.

$1.98

All-Linen Tailor-made Waists of fine quality sun-bleached linen, finished in the best manner, with plain and embroidered collars, at

$1.98, $2.98 and $3.98 each

French Poplin Waists. These waists are guaranteed to retain the beautiful finish of the poplin after laundering and are ideal for a neat, warm and snappy waist. All sizes,

$1.98

Hand-Embroidered Linens. This is a special value we offer with front of fine hand work on fine quality linen. Laundered cuffs and collars.

$2.98

New Neckwear.

We have just opened a large assortment of Ladies' Neckwear, including fancy Jabots, Stocks, Lace Collars, Linen Collars, Bows and Scarfs. Prices from

25c up

Coat Sweaters.

Our reputation for low priced sweaters will be further strengthened by the arrival of some new numbers in high grade coats at

$1.98, $2.98
$3.98, etc

Ask to see these styles.

Fleeced Goods.

We carry a full line of fleeced goods both by the yard and in ready-to-wear garments. Flannels, Fleecedowns, Flannelette, etc.

Flannel Gowns, Skirts, Kimonas, Dressing Gowns, etc., at lowest prices.

WM. B. SHERMAN, JR.,
145 Thames Street.
Telephone 995.

GROCERIES.

Visit Our Delicatessen Stand

And we will show you a full line of

Adolf Gobals German Goods

—ALSO—

Sour Kraut, Pigs' Feet and Heads

We will fix you up a spicy meal for your cool weather appetite.

W. C. SCOTT, Postoffice Square
'Phone 543.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

—AT—

The A&P Store This We e

80 Stamps with a large can of A. & P. Baking Powder @ 50c.	25 Stamps with a large bottle of A. & P. EXTRACT any flavor 25c.
20 Stamps with 1 lb 35c. Tea	10 Stamps with 1 lb. 20c. Coffee
25 Stamps with 1 lb 40c. Tea	20 Stamps with 1 lb 25c. Coffee
40 Stamps with 1 lb 50c. Tea	25 Stamps with 1 lb 30c. Coffee
50 Stamps with 1 lb 60c. Tea	30 Stamps with 1 lb 35c. Coffee

10 STAMPS FREE With any of the following articles.

1 pkg. A. & P. Jelly Powder	10c.	1 can A. & P. Paprika	10c.
1 pkg. A. & P. Borax	10c.	1 Bot. A. & P. Blueing	10c.
1 qt. Cranberries	10c.	1 can Old Dutch Cleanser	10c.
1 Bot. Salad Oil	18c.	1 can String Beans	10c.

Special Cut-Price Leaders.
25 per cent saved on every dollar this week.

DOMESTIC SARDINES 3c. can	Iona TOMATOES 4 cans 25c	CHLORIDE OF LIME 5c. a can
POTASH or LYE 5c. a can		IXL STARCH Large pkg 5c. Small pkg. 3c.

25 STAMPS with ½ lb box Golden Key TEA, 30c

THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO.,
131-133 THAMES STREET.
Free Delivery. 'Phone 650.

GROCERIES.

FOR SATURDAY.

LEGS LAMB	18c
PORK TO ROAST	16c
LEGS MUTTON	14c
FRESH SHOULDERS	14c
QUINCES	75c a pk
SPINACH	25c a pk
FLORIDA ORANGES 16 for	25c

New Figs, Dates, Malaga Grapes.

T. FRED KAULL,
201-203 THAMES STREET.
Telephone 476.

GENUINE IMPORTED SCOTCH OAT MEAL.

We have just received direct from the importer a shipment of genuine Scotch Oat Meal. Try it. You will like it.

We also have new Figs, new Currants, new Seeded Raisins, new Not-a-Seed Raisins, new Prunes, new Buckwheat, both plain and self-raising, new Maple Syrup, new Jams, new Snider's Catsup, new California Pea Beans, new Canned Goods, Baldwin Apples, Greening Apples, Tallman Sweets, Eating Apples, Cranberries, Concord Grapes, etc.

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,
City Hall Square, Broadway
O. F. Wilcox, Prop.

GROCERIES.

New Table Raisins.

New Comb Honey.

New Cream Nuts

Of fine quality,
2 pounds for 25c.

Charles A. Manchester,
BROADWAY.

Our customers often say to us,
"That is SUCH a good
COFFEE
at only
22c the lb."
Try it for yourself.
25 B'way, PELEG BRYER, 11 Spring St.

PROVISIONS.

New Sweet Cider.
FIGS and DATES.
WYATT'S MARKET,
Tel. 336.

EASTERBROOK'S SUGAR-CURED FINNAN-HADDIE,

Scallops, Mackerel, Weakfish, Flounders, Blackfish, Cod, Haddock, Butterfish, Oysters, Clams, Quahaugs, Salmon, Halibut, Smoked and Salt Fish, Canned Goods.

BROADWAY CASH FISH MARKET.
C. A. Easterbrooks, Prop'r,
Telephone 614. 60 Broadway.

DEERFOOT FARM SAUSAGES

—AT THE—

Sea Side Market.

YELLOW PINE AND MAPLE FLOORING.

A. & H. G. Hammett
Lumber, Hardware, Sewer Cement, Brick, Etc.
319-321 Thames St.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS.

Published every afternoon except Sunday.

Office, 207 Thames Street.

T. T. Pitman, Proprietor.

News, $6.00 a year. 12 cents a week.
Journal and Weekly News. $2 a year.

TELEPHONE CALLS.

Business Office, down stairs,	9908
or if that is busy,	17
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms Upstairs,	782
Publisher's Residence, 18 High St.,	822

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for two dollars a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as new.

BACK NUMBERS.

Copies of the Daily News two weeks old, three cents extra for each month or part of a month. Copies of the Newport Journal and Weekly News, one month old five cents extra for each month or part of a month.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed, but five insertions in a week and are allowed fifty-two changes a year. Legal notices, auction sales, amusements, cards, wants, and lost and found are not included in space contract.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

Newport Daily News

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1909.

IN ORDER TO AVOID DELAYS ON ACCOUNT OF PERSONAL ABSENCE, LETTERS TO THE DAILY NEWS SHOULD NOT BE ADDRESSED TO ANY INDIVIDUAL CONNECTED WITH THE OFFICE BUT SIMPLY TO THE PAPER.

TEN PAGES.

SOME OF THE ELECTION RESULTS.

There are seldom so many queer things in an election as happened last Tuesday. Notable among these is the election of Judge Gaynor to be mayor of New York when all the rest of his ticket was defeated, many of the candidates being beaten by heavy majorities. Hearst undoubtedly received many Republican votes on the occasion when he came so near defeating Mayor McClellan, and he seems to have divided the Republican vote last Tuesday, though the Republicans were confident he would divide the Democratic vote and Judge Gaynor's anger at his acceptance of the nomination at the hands of his friends is evidence that he supposed he would suffer rather than Bannard, from the third candidate. Yet it was evidently nothing but Hearst's candidacy which elected him.

In Philadelphia, where the independents seemed to have a good deal in their favor and the regular Republican organization was certainly more apprehensive than it has been for a good while, the municipal reformers lost everything and were buried under heavy majorities. San Francisco gives a like discouraging result, where Heney, who has been prosecuting the bribers, was defeated and the labor organization which elected Schmitz, the mayor who was involved in the corruption charges, elected their candidate and are again in control.

In Massachusetts it looks as though a low tariff were a popular issue. The Democrats made a good deal of it, and in order to catch the low-tariff Republicans put on their ticket as candidate for lieutenant governor a Republican who for years has been agitating reciprocity with Canada and a downward revision of the tariff. The result was the smallest Republican majority for 17 years. The Republicans, however, will undoubtedly find plenty of other explanations of the election and refuse to regard the figures as evidence of the growing opposition to protection.

One of the oldest results of the voting was the defeat of the Mormon party in Salt Lake City. Are the Gentiles really securing the upper hand there?

MODERN SOCIOLOGICAL METHODS.

The method of studying sociological problems is changing. The old way was to theorize about the causes of crime, poverty, disease or bad government; the modern way is to collect data of actual cases of these evils and learn definitely from these facts what are the causes which have contributed to the creation of the conditions to be remedied or eradicated. This is the same advance which has been made in the case of diseases of the body. The old way was to theorize about causes and the new way is to study the disease in the laboratory, and thus learn surely what that cause is. The value of the analytic method in both cases is evident, inasmuch as it treats concrete examples of the diseases or the evils which it is proposed to cure. The result in both cases has been a great advance in the knowledge gained regarding diseases and social evils, their causes and the best way of curing them, and has paved the way for a better work of prevention, which is more important really than the method of cure.

The attention paid by the public to sociological problems has also increased greatly in recent years and the interest in them is growing constantly. They are becoming, if indeed it cannot be said that they have already become, the prominent issues of the day in public life and activity. We read about them in the newspapers, hear about them in public addresses, see them on the stage, and experience them in real life. They are all about us and we can scarcely evade them if we will. One well known worker along sociological lines has expressed the hope even that some day they will be embodied in a political platform. Whether that hope will ever be realized may be considered doubtful, but there is no question that some of them are among the most important matters which concern the city, state and nation and ought to receive the attention of the authorities.

This sociological work is becoming easier as the result of the new method of studying the evils and the problems. This study is resulting, and indeed has resulted already, in the finding of remedies for many of the evils, so that the workers in this field can take up the result of the investigations and simply apply the remedy. This of course is no easy task, but the need of investigation is now largely eliminated from the duties of the average sociological worker. In other words, to a considerable extent there has been a division of labor among these workers, one set taking charge of the investigations—the laboratory work, as it were—and the other set applying the remedies as they are discovered by the investigators, just as one class of doctors confines its efforts largely to laboratory work to discover the causes of diseases and find remedies and another class applies the remedies in daily practice.

So it has come to pass that men and women interested in social betterment have prepared for them a practical program by which they may engage in this work and labor efficiently and effectively if they have tact and aptitude for meeting people and trying to help them. They do not need to seek to learn causes of poverty or distress, for that has been done for them and they have simply to apply the known and proved remedies. They do not need to inquire as to the reasons for civic conditions which require attention, for that has already been done and all that remains for them is to use the remedy discovered and concerning which there is no doubt. This makes the work so comparatively easy that there is little excuse for any one to refrain from doing something for the improvement of civic conditions or in the line of remedial work. The way has been blazed and one cannot lose the path or fail to accomplish some good, if he will but follow the directions and work with zeal and intelligence.

CHANGES IN FOOTBALL.

As football meets so many demands which other sports do not meet it is not likely that the game will be banished, and the public must hope for its modification. What is needed is that brute force should count for less and skill for more. The spectators would welcome a change of this sort for other than humanitarian reasons. An open game is more interesting to watch than the "massed play;" in fact, one must be a good deal of a football expert and enthusiast to see much amusement in the "massed play," and it is in that feature of the game that most of the injuries occur.

It is encouraging to learn from so eminent an authority as Mr. Walter Camp that the "massed-play" can be nearly or quite eliminated; that measures to that end have been taken, and that while they have not wholly succeeded a further application of the same remedy is certain to effect the desired change. The "five-yard" rule required a side to advance the ball five yards in three attempts or surrender it to the other side. It was expected to open up the game, but did not attain that end, and the distance was increased to ten yards. While this change has not accomplished all which was hoped for, it has had some effect in making the play more open and reducing the tendency to use mere brute force and weight of men. Mr. Camp says that if it shall prove on full trial that the ten-yard rule is ineffective "the rule makers will be forced once more to increase the distance to be gained. It is an infallible remedy and the public knows it."

This is hopeful information. The remedy urged by Mr. Camp would have not only the merit of reducing the number of broken necks, broken backs and broken legs, but it would make greater demands upon skill and therefore be far more of a gentlemen's game. It would make the game more showy, more spectacular; there would be more entertainment in it for the spectators. We may hope, therefore, for a football game which will compare favorably with a gladiatorial show or a prize fight.

One result of the election in New York is that 14 Tammany leaders will be stricken from the city pay rolls on the first of next January. These include the present sheriff, president of the borough of Manhattan, superintendent of sewers, county clerk, a coroner, deputy sheriff, deputy county clerk, deputy commissioner of public works, deputy register, commissioner of highways, five commissioners, two aldermen and a deputy commissioner of highways. Seven Tammany leaders ran for office and all but two of them were defeated. "What a fall was there, my countrymen!"

Boston's vote to adopt a non-partisan form of government with mayoralty candidates named on nomination papers, has not yet been officially declared, but already 13 applicants have begun the circulation of petitions, upon which each must secure 5,000 signers. The applicants include the present mayor, a former mayor, a journalist, a machinist, a hotel keeper, a merchant, a motorman and a colored clergyman. This is certainly true democracy.

One of the many astronomers who are studying Halley's comet announces that the heavenly visitor will cross the path of the sun May 18 next. Another, however, says the comet cannot be seen crossing the face of the sun and no appreciable diminution of the sun's light will take place.

The North Dakota is queen of all the battleships, foreign as well as American, but it is not expected that this record will be allowed to stand very long.

With the defeat of the reform element in San Francisco goes the approval by the voters of an ordinance reducing liquor licenses from $1,000 to $500.

Thanksgiving is less than three weeks away.

FROM VISTAS OF NEW YORK.

[Brander Matthews in the Forum.]

New York has just celebrated the tercentenary of Henry Hudson's sailing up the North river and the belated centenary of Robert Fulton's steaming up the same noble stream. And although the city did not acknowledge the fact formally, it was also celebrating the centenary of the first work of imagination written by a native American and still surviving in the memory of the average reader. It was in 1809 that Irving published Knickerbocker's History of New York; and 10 years later he put forth the first numbers of the Sketch-Book, with its tales of Rip Van Winkle and the Headless Horseman, which bestowed on the shores of the Hudson, on the Catskils and on Sleepy Hollow a little of the legendary romance which had long colored the banks of the Rhine. But in Knickerbocker's History Irving had builded better than he knew. He had done a great service to his native town—and also, it may be, something of a disservice. In that he poked fun at the stalwart Dutch burghers who founded New Amsterdam, and thus interfered with the development of a proper pride in the historic origins of the city. The service he performed is indisputable; he created the figure of Dietrich Knickerbocker and he dowered the city of his birth with a tutelary embodiment, a civic personification, of a kind possessed by no other town the wide world over and standing forward boldly beside the figures which typify the great nations. Father Knickerbocker is as real and as useful as Uncle Sam or John Bull. London lacks a typical figure of this vitality, and so does Paris nor was a similar type possessed by Rome or by Athens even in the days of their pride.

THE ANCIENT AINU.

[London News.]

Few know that the original Japanese were the Ainu race, a race which is fast becoming extinct. The Rev. John Batchelor, a missionary whose lifework has been among these curious people, recounts some of his interesting experiences among them. They are a simple race of people, very docile and manageable. During his thirty-two years among them he did not experience the least perverseness from them.

Their religion is one of nature worship, the bear being one of their principal fetiches. The animal is specially reared and trained, almost every hut containing a bear pit in which a bear is kept. Their life is extremely primitive. The dug-out boat, the huts and their crude methods of tilling the land are similar to those of the savage mid-African people. Though the stature of the men averages only about five feet, they are sturdily built, and with their flowing beards possess a certain patriarchal dignity that reminds one of the Welsh Druids.

The women adopt the peculiar fashion of cultivating trim mustaches. They are also addicted to the habit of elaborately tattooing their bodies. Their food, which mostly consists of rice obtained by barter from the Japanese, also includes whatever the hunt may bring forth.

NEW SEA SUPERSTITIONS.

[Tit Bits.]

With the advent of wireless telegraphy there has come a superstition that bad news may be warded off if the mast that is a part of the apparatus is patted thrice with a palm of the hand.

"Go and ask the cook"—a seaman's inevitable reply to all irrelevant questions—has been elaborated in the last year to "Go and ask the cook's sister," and it is related that Captain Turner, of the Lusitania, went so far recently, as to alter the time honored reply to "Go and ask the ship's cat."

A minister on board ship has always been taken as a "Jonah sign" by seamen. In recent years, however, this superstition has been modified to a certain extent. A young minister, the seamen believe, will not bring as much of a "Jonah" with him as an old one.

Men on the sailing vessels have always held that scraping or scratching the mainmast would bring a long period of good weather. Men on the huge modern steam vessels now similarly believe that scratching a smokestack with the finger nail will insure continued fair weather.

One of the oldest sea superstitions has been connected with the flying of birds. If the bird flew high that signified good weather; if they skimmed the water that means bad weather. There is gradually spreading among the seamen a superstition that if any animal is aboard the vessel bad weather may be deferred—even if the birds are flying close to the water—if the head of the animal is pointed aft and is held in that direction for some time.

A SIMPLE THING TO DO.

[Washington Star.]

The late H. H. Rogers was a foe to socialism. Discussing once with a reporter the idea of government work for the unemployed in hard times, he said:

"Economic conditions can't be bettered by manufacturing work for men to do. Such economic ideas remind me of Tim Groely, of Fairhaven.

"Tim marketed for his mess during the war. Cracked eggs used to be sold for half price at the canteen. Tim walked in one day with his market basket and said:

"'Gimme two dozen best cracked eggs.'

"'Cracked eggs all out, Tim,' said the sutler.

"Tim nodded toward the egg crate in the corner.

"'Well, crack us up some, will ye?' said he."

BENEFITS OF GARGLING.

[Dundee Advertiser.]

If people would wash out their mouths twice or three times a day with an antiseptic solution, there would not be near so much sickness. "In the last ten years," says a doctor, "I have never had a cold, sore throat or fever, and I ascribe this immunity solely to the fact that I follow this plan rigidly. There are any number of proprietary antiseptics that are excellent for this purpose, but many more simple agents that are as good or better. One of the best of the latter is carbolic acid. A weak solution of this gargled and held in the mouth two or three times a day will work wonders. Immediately after using one you will find that the mouth feels cleaner. I believe, that a great majority of the common throat and lung troubles come from the lodgement of disease microbes within the mucous membranes of the mouth. The free use of antiseptics will kill these germs."

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

New Officers of Gaspee Chapter, D. A. R., Decline to Serve.

Woonsocket Lodge of Odd Fellows Considering Disbandment—Union Trust Payments.

Miss Amelia Knight and Miss Sarah D. Doyle, elected Tuesday as regent and vice regent respectively of Gaspee Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, of Providence, both announce their irrevocable declination to serve in the offices to which they were elected. Both Miss Knight and Miss Doyle say they have positively declined to serve. In view of the fact that 10 of the members recently withdrew from the chapter Miss Knight and Miss Doyle were asked if their declinations presaged their retirement. In each case it was stated that no intention to withdraw from the chapter was involved. Miss Knight, in fact, stated that she was much interested in the success of the chapter in every way and would continue with it, although she simply could not serve as regent or in an official capacity. Miss Knight was asked whether or not she would hold the office to which she had been elected until another meeting of the society can be held to provide for the election of some one to take her place. She said she would not act as regent of the chapter even to that extent. Miss Doyle also declared her interest in the success of Gaspee Chapter and that she would continue as a member. She would not act as vice regent, however, because she did not feel that she should. She spoke of the work entailed as a reason why she would not act in any official capacity. Notwithstanding the declination of both Miss Knight and Miss Doyle, prominent members of the society declared last evening that the two had been elected regent and vice regent and would continue to be the official heads of the society until another meeting can be held to elect their successors. As Miss Knight declines to act as regent it is probable that a call for a meeting will be issued soon. This can be done at the request of three members of the society.

Woonsocket Lodge, No. 10, I. O. O. F., after an existence of nearly 70 years, is considering the question of disbanding. Lack of interest and a consequent loss of members and property is the cause. Woonsocket Lodge was organized on the first day of August, 1845. None of the charter members are now alive. David Lawton, who is at present in Worcester, has been a member more than a half century. Levi L. Pierce has been connected with the organization 45 years and Edwin W. Wheelock, who is at present acting as noble grand, joined 43 years ago. When he became a member the members were active and enthusiastic and the proposition that the lodge secure a hall of its own met with a ready response. In 1892 Odd Fellows' hall was dedicated. At one time Woonsocket Lodge owned that building, the Bradbury hill house in the rear and the property on the four corners of the square. Now it has no real estate. As the result of recent foreclosure proceedings Odd Fellows' hall is now owned by the Producers' Savings Bank. For the past year there has been a noticeable lack of interest in the affairs of the lodge. The noble grand and the vice grand have resigned and their places have not been filled. The lodge met October 29 and voted to consider the question of surrendering the charter, records and all lodge property to the grand lodge master or to any past grand he may designate, with the idea of permanently disbanding.

The Union Trust Company of Providence Thursday began the paying of the final definite obligation in the settlement of the affairs of the old bank. In addition to the payment of the certificates of deposit, the regular dividend to the stockholders as well as interest on all classes of certificates, were also payable. These payments will release an aggregate approximating $4,000,000 to $5,000,000. Contingent and deferred obligations are now all that confront the management under re-organization and for a while the institution will give its full attention to conducting a regular banking business. While there was no rush during the day, all departments were comfortably busy and a large amount of money was paid out before the doors were closed at 3 o'clock. This, however, was to have been expected and had been foreseen and prepared for by the bank. The present payment is a double one and retires the last of the seven certificates of deposit that were issued to the depositors at the re-organization of the bank. As was provided for in the plan of resumption, all savings accounts are now entirely closed to the amount of 80 per cent of the holdings at the time of suspension, the balance, like all other classes of accounts, being held on contingent certificates of 10 per cent each. Through the special provisions made in the cases of trustees accounts, the present payments entirely liquidate these accounts. As many depositors have refrained from availing themselves of the opportunity of withdrawing their installments as they have been retired, but have allowed their accounts to continue at the bank until the retirement of the seventh and last of these certificates of deposit, these are coming forward in considerable numbers to receive their money. This extraordinary draft on the bank does not affect the institution's funds for the reason that on each occasion when the retirement of certificates has been ordered by the directors, a sum sufficient to pay them in full has been set aside as a reserve, against which the depositors might draw at any time. By reason of this surplus there is no danger of any "run" being precipitated to impair the standing of the bank.

The Millville rubber boot mill of the Woonsocket Rubber Company, will shut down next Wednesday, an emphatic denial is given to a rumor to the effect that the United States Rubber Company has planned to dismantle the Millville plant, which gives employment to 800 people. The announcement has also been made that the Millville shutdown will not extend to the Alice rubber shoe mill of Woonsocket which is making a different class of goods. There will be no shutdowns at the Alice plant.

Rev. William Couden, formerly of West Somerville, Mass., was called as associate pastor of the First Universalist Church of Providence at a special meeting of the church society Thursday evening. The call was unanimous. Rev. Mr. Couden recently completed an eight years successful pastorate at West Somerville. He is expected to enter upon his new duties at once, his associate pastorate dating from November 1. At the Universalist Church Mr. Couden will work with Rev. Henry I. Cushman, who has been pastor of the church for many years.

Edward Harris Rathbun of Woonsocket has presented his resignation to Governor Pothier as a member of the commission appointed at the last session of the General Assembly to formulate and report on a plan for the permanent improvement of navigation in the Seekonk river. Immediately upon receiving the resignation, Governor Pothier appointed Austin S. Cook, president of the Woonsocket Institution for Savings, to fill the vacancy. The law requires that one member of the commission shall be a resident of Woonsocket.

Charles R. Brayton expects to leave Providence Saturday for Atlantic City, N. J., and during his absence from the state will visit his son, William S. Brayton, at Montclair, N. J. He does not expect to return home until the middle of December.

The State Returning Board Thursday finished its canvass of the vote in Bristol and Burrillville and the first two districts in Central Falls. No startling changes were brought to light, but in each community the Republican state ticket showed a small gain, while the Democrats lost slightly.

DEMONSTRATED WASTE IN NEW YORK'S GOVERNMENT.

[William H. Allen, in the American Review of Reviews.]

Wherever investigations have been made, and all of the more important departments have been examined at least in part, a high percentage of waste has been found in supplies, contracts, and salaries.

The following illustrations are taken from official records, and many of them are due to initiative on the part of the mayor, the comptroller, or department heads. Corrective measures have been taken in most of the instances mentioned.

The park department found no wrong in paying a salary to a woman supervisor of playgrounds who went to school instead of to playgrounds or in leasing privileges for one-half to one-tenth their value. The fire department failed to test its hose for fear it would break. The water department had no means of preventing waste of water or undercharging. The tenement-house commissioner admitted an enormous waste of energy because defiant law violators were not prosecuted. The health department had only 5 per cent to 8 per cent result from its school examinations. Two borough presidents were removed by Governor Hughes for paying from two to five times the market value for supplies and for gross incompetence; a third ran away rather than stand trial; the examination of the fourth, though not yet completed, has disclosed similar earmarks. The comptroller has declared that from 25 per cent to 40 per cent of the city's clerical staff, day laborers, etc., could be dismissed and public work both increased and improved. Civil Service appointees have, after discharge, recovered their positions and thousands of dollars for back pay because the law of discharge was blunderingly violated. Bellevue Hospital bought high-priced milk for tuberculosis patients and gave it to hospital employes, has paid $50, more each for ambulances than the price offered, and attempted to hold in office an employe who was a confessed violator of law, a falsifier of records, and diverter of funds from authorized purposes. The board of education asked for less money for fuel and supplies in 1910 than it used in 1904, yet does not claim to have applied similar efficiency tests to its repairs, janitor, and educational services. Admitted condemnation graft surpasses the "dreams of avarice."

Inverted Gas Light,

Made by the Welsbach Co., each 50c.

Gas Mantles 10c.; 90c. a doz.
Gas Mantles 15c; $1.50 a doz
Rector Light Mantles 15c.
Gas Globes and Brackets.
4-tube Low Radiators $2.25

DANIEL E. SULLIVAN,

Old City Hall Novelty Shop.

Tel. 685.

PURE FOOD AND DRUG COMMISSION

Providence, R. I., Nov. 3, 1909.

To Dealers and Shippers of oysters and other shell fish:

The commission is desirous of obtaining at first hand, the views of the shippers of Rhode Island, regarding some recently issued rulings in other states applying to packing and transportation.

A meeting will be held at 1:30 P. M. on Wednesday, November 10, 1909, at the State House, Room 15. All interested are requested to attend this meeting.

JOHN D. GROFF,
Executive Secretary.

FOR SATURDAY,

NOVEMBER 6, 1909.

Chocolate Peppermints,
Chocolate Jellies,
Chocolate Nougatines,
Chocolate Caramels,
Cocoanut Dips,
Cream Dates,
Cream Walnuts,
Toasted Marshmallows,
Honey Comb Squares,
Assorted Lumps,
Chocolate and Molasses Chips,
Pop Corn Brittle and a variety of others at

20c a lb.

Don't forget your Coffee Cakes.

H. D. FRASCH,

170 THAMES STREET.

Telephone 937.

PICTURES RE-FRAMED,

Old Frames Re-Gilded,

FINE IMPORTED PRINTS.

WISEMAN,

112 Bellevue Avenue.

HEARING APPLIANCES.

THE WEATHER.

BOSTON, Nov. 5, 8 A. M.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity—Fair weather tonight, and Saturday light, westerly winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Fair and generally clear weather prevails over the country, except light amounts of precipitation on the northern Pacific coast and in parts of eastern Lake region, St. Lawrence valley and Northern New England. The temperature is lower in eastern districts and higher in the interior of the country. In New England at 8 a. m. it ranged from 34 to 42. At New York it was 42, Washington 40, New Orleans 62, St. Louis 56, Chicago 48, Los Angeles 54 and San Francisco 54.

J. W. Smith,
Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

	8 h	12 h	2 h
Temperature	41	43	44
Barometer	29.87	29.94	29.97
Wind	N W	N W	N W
Weather	Clear'g	Cloudy	Cloudy

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5.

Sun rises	6 h 21 m
Sun sets	4 h 37 m
Moon rises	11 h 50 m
Length of day	10 h 16 m
Day's decrease	4 h 54 m
High water	1 h 45 m; 2 h 03 m

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6.

Sun rises	6 h 22 m
Sun sets	4 h 35 m
Moon rises	— h — m
Length of day	10 h 13 m
Day's decrease	4 h 57 m
High water	2 h 48 m; 3 h 05 m
High water	3 h 44 m; 4 h 00 m

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 7.

Sun rises	6 h 24 m
Sun sets	4 h 34 m
Moon rises	0 h 51 m
Length of day	10 h 10 m
Day's decrease	5 h 00 m

Moon's Phases.

New Moon, Nov. 12 9 h 19 m.
First Quarter, Nov. 20, 0 h 30 m, P. M.
Full Moon, Nov. 27, 3 h 53 m, P. M.
Last Quarter, Dec. 4, 11 h 12 m, A. M.

NEW TODAY.

[Only first insertions listed here.]

	Page
Found—Boat	5
Wanted—Horse	9
Gold Medal Flour	2
Wanted—Washing	9
Wanted—Salesman	9
For Rent—Apartment	9
For Sale—Jersey Cow	9
Boston Store—Corsets	6
Boston Branch—Notice	5
H. F. Rooney—Specials	5
Wanted—Upright Piano	9
Marden—Heating Stoves	7
For Sale—Upright Piano	9
A. C. Titus Co—Couches	1
Herbert Dyer—Apartment	4
Hall & Lyon Co.—Specials	2
Wanted—Situation by Cook	9
H. D. Frasch—For Saturday	4
Narragansett Lager and Ale	8
T. Fred Kaull—For Saturday	3
For Sale—Bay Windows, etc.	9
Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.—Waists	3
Richard Bullock—Regal Shoes	6
Probate Court—Vernon Estate	3
W. E. Stanhope—Ford Roadster	4
The E. A. Brown Co.—Eggs, Etc.	1
Mortgagee's Sale—Welch Estate	10
Probate Court—E. B. Alger Estate	3
D. E. Sullivan—Inverted Gas Light	4
Probate Court—N. B. Alger Estate	3
Mr. & Mrs. N. T. Hodson—Millinery	6
Wanted—Sit. as Cook & Laundress	9
To Dealers and Shippers of Oysters	4
The Kazanjian Co.—Chinese Ginger	1

TO INSURE INSERTION ON THE DAY DESIRED CHANGES OF ADVERTISEMENTS SHOULD BE SENT IN THE NIGHT BEFORE.

FOR RENT

A desirable apartment of six rooms, with bath and heat and laundry tubs at 11 Mann avenue.

HERBERT L. DYER,

162 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

Branch office 64 Broadway.

The Continental Fire Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

Assets over $20,500,000.

Insure in a company of certain ability to meet heavy conflagration losses at any time.

HENRY BULL, Jr., Agent,

183 THAMES STREET.

$3,000

For a new and up-to-date cottage on Chapel street. Seven rooms, bath and hot water heater. Good lot.

HENRY BULL, JR.,

REAL ESTATE, 183 THAMES ST.

For Sale.

One Model S Ford Roadster

In first-class running order.

W. E. STANHOPE,

Phone 1173. Office 14 Broadway.

BLUE CRUSHED STONE

Screened to size. Contractors for macadam roads and driveways. Path dressing a specialty. Steam roller for rent.

Peckham Bros. & Co.,

Tel. 1559. P. O. Address Newport R. I.

M. J. MURPHY,

AGENT FOR

Studebaker Bros. Mfg. Co.,

Has on hand a large stock of Farm Wagons and Carts. Also several second hand wagons. Tel. Con.

M. BIESEL,

Embroideries, Stamped Goods

And all Materials; Yarns, Wool, Hand Made, Knit and Crochet Goods, Toys, Dolls, Notions, Stamping, Plaiting and Pinking, Beads.

160 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

Winter Quarters for Rent.

A Fully furnished houses, well heated for winter, 6 months, one at $1[illegible] one at $300, and one at $210.
B Fully furnished, well heated house at $1,000, 1 at $800, 1 at $[illegible] at $600 by the year.
C Unfurnished houses, 1 at $[illegible] $360, 1 at $325; a cottage at $[illegible] another at $240 and another at $[illegible] yearly.

A. O'D. Taylor.

132 Bellevue Avenue. Telephone [illegible]

DIED.

BLIGHT—In this city, suddenly, 4[illegible] inst., Atherton Blight. Funeral services at Trinity Church tomorrow, Saturday, at 11 A. M.

HANDY—In Providence, 4th inst., Eleanor M., widow of Jacob Handy, in her 74th year.

MARTIN—In Providence, 4th inst., Sarah J., wife of Frank Martin, her 58th year.

BRIGGS—In North Scituate, 4th inst., Charles Nichols, son of the late Sylvester B. and Lucinda P. Briggs.

SHERSON—In Smithfield, 4th inst., Fannie, widow of Robert Sherson, Murphy.

MURPHY—In Fall River, 3d inst., [illegible]

DOWTY—In Fall River, 4th inst., [illegible]ner S. Dowty, in his 66th year.

JOHN S. LANGLEY, Undertaking.

16 Franklin Street.

FREDK E. LANGLEY, Mgr.

Telephone 879-1118.

SAMUEL W. MARSH,

Undertaker and Licensed Embalmer. 101 Thames Street. Night calls answered from residence, Cranston Ave. Office Tel. 923; Res [illegible]

TWO DESIRABLE COTTAGES FOR SALE

POINT DISTRICT.

1st Cottage—7 rooms, bath and toilet, hot water heat, hard wood floors, concrete cellar, 3,650 square feet land. $3,500.

2d Cottage—8 rooms, bath and toilet, hot air heat, 5,000 square feet of land. $3,500.

C. H. Wrightington

60 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

POLL TAX NOTICE.

ALL VOTERS who have not been assessed a tax on either real or personal estate have been assessed a poll tax of $1.00, and are hereby notified to call at the office (or send by mail) and pay the same between October [illegible] and November 15, 1909. The office open daily from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m., and from 2 to 5 p. m. and on Saturday evenings between October 15 and November 15 from 7 to 9 o'clock.

Chapter 900, Sec. 1, of 1896, and Chap. 47, Sec. 5, of 1896, provide as follows: If any person against whom a tax is assessed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter shall neglect or refuse to pay the same thirty days after the same is due, the collector of taxes shall demand the same of such persons with twenty-five cents for the cost of such demand, and if any such person upon whom demand is made as aforesaid shall neglect or refuse to pay such tax together with the cost of making such demand, within five days after the date of such demand, then the collector of taxes shall, unless said tax shall been remitted as is hereinbefore provided, levy upon the body of said person and commit him to jail in the county of Providence, there to remain until he shall pay such tax and all legal costs, including cost of making the demand as aforesaid, or be discharged therefrom in due course of law.

The Supreme Court of the state has recently rendered an opinion sustaining this law in every particular.

EDWARD W. HIGBEE,
Collector of Taxes,
Room 10, City Hall.

NEWPORT, R. I., October 5, 1909.

NOTICE

To Members of the Representative Council.

The following items of new business having been filed with the City Clerk, under the Rules of the Representative Council, will come before the Council for action at their meeting to be held Monday, November 8th, 1909, at 8 o'clock P. M.:

Report of the Assessors of Taxes on new card system for the Tax Records, etc.

Report of the Committee on the Newport & Wickford R. R. & Steamboat Company.

Report of progress of the Committee on Street Railway transfers.

Report of the Assessors of Taxes.

Resolution remitting certain taxes.

Resolution refunding certain taxes.

Resolution appropriating $1,0[illegible] re-numbering the streets of Newport.

Communication from E. D. Morgan.

Communication from Alexander Agassiz.

Communication from Hugh D. Auchincloss.

Resolution directing the Board of Aldermen to make arrangements for the inauguration of the new City Government.

F. N. FULLERTON,
City Clerk.

FLOWERS

For Weddings, Funerals, Etc.

Please leave your orders at my store or telephone and I shall attend them at once. Prices very low.

H. J. Hass

196 THAMES STREET.

GERMAN CHEESE CAKE 15c.

Apple Cake 10c

LIBBY!

9 BROADWAY.

Hudson River Blue Crushed Stone

For paths and driveways.

J. K. SULLIVAN

A BEAUTIFUL HOME

Is offered for sale by TRUSTEES and the price is exceedingly low. It is on one of the handsomest streets of Newport—the city of homes at moderate prices. Write to,

RICHARD C. DERBY,

136 Bellevue Avenue. Newport, R. I.

To the Summer Visitors.

Before leaving, do not forget to see the old engravings, china, etc, at ANNIE LAWTON'S ART EXCHANGE, 47 Bridge Street, Near Railroad Station.

Prices reduced during September.

ACTION DOES NOT END CONTROVERSY.

Drastic Steps in Regard to Stetson Case Expected.

First Decision of Mother Church to Be Reviewed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Prominent members of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, which exonerated Mrs. Augusta H. Stetson of the charges of "mental malpractice" made against her by the mother church in Boston, were predicting today that the action of the New York church would by no means end the controversy engendered by the Stetson charges. It was pointed out that never before in the history of the church founded by Mrs. Eddy had a church body of the denomination attempted to review action taken by the mother church in Boston, and the partisans of Virgil O. Strickler, Mrs. Stetson's successor as first reader of the church here, declared today that some drastic action in regard to the Stetson case might be looked for from the Boston stronghold.

The "mental malpractice" accusation was put squarely before the members in the report of a special committee of inquiry, who found that the charges were not sustained. The report of the board, which spent four weeks in the examination of witnesses, took 1,000 pages of testimony and had 35 sittings, completely cleared Mrs. Stetson and declared the loyalty of the New York church to the mother church in Boston.

The debate was warm at all stages and all sorts of parliamentary tactics were adopted. Interruptions were numerous and when the congregation finally gave its endorsement to Mrs. Stetson the vote was close.

A portion of the board's report which concerned Virgil O. Strickler, her successor as first reader, who had appeared in Boston as a witness against Mrs. Stetson, was referred back to the board of inquiry for further consideration.

Twenty-eight charges had been made against Mrs. Stetson at the instance of the board of directors of the mother church in Boston. Thereupon the inquiry was ordered by the trustees of the New York church at the request of Mrs. Stetson, who meanwhile was deposed from her position as authorized reader.

Among the charges the most important were in effect that Mrs. Stetson's teachings tended to disloyalty to Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, founder and leader of the sect, and that Mrs. Stetson was guilty of mental malpractice in bringing Christian Science to bear upon people who did not welcome "hypnotism, mesmerism and similar methods."

The report of the board of inquiry said: "These false reports were engendered and developed by malicious animal magnetism, which is the opposite and the opponent of Christian Science, and they were circulated by persons who did not properly protect themselves against aggressive mental suggestion as enjoined by our beloved leader."

The committee sums up Mrs. Stetson's work for the church as follows: "She has promoted in a marked degree the moral and spiritual progress of the members of this branch church.

"She has freed great numbers of them from sickness and sin to which they were in bondage previous to their coming in touch with her. She has enabled many of them to acquire such an understanding of Christian Science, such a love and loyalty to Mary Baker Eddy and such concentration and obedience to God, divine principle, that they, too, have been enabled to free many of their fellow men from sin and sickness in their various phases.

"She has secured for those who heed her teaching and example present liberation from previous personal contagion or control and ever increasing exercise of the freedom of the sons of God, those who realize that they are really made in the image and likeness of spirit, and are, therefore, not material, but spiritual; not mortal, but immortal." The following statement concerning the action of the congregation of the First Church of Christ of New York was issued by Archibald McClellan, editor of the official organ of the mother church in Boston:

"The action of the investigating committee of the New York church in exonerating Mrs. Stetson of charges of not teaching rightly is not binding on the mother church in Boston. The decision of the mother church in revoking the license of Mrs. Stetson to teach Christian Science, for three years or more, is in no way affected.

"It is doubtful if any action by the mother church will follow the exoneration by the New York branch. Her license to teach Christian Science was revoked because of irregular practice, in which she departed from the teachings of Christian Science. Any teacher of Christian Science is a member of the mother church, which has authority to revoke the license of any teacher, as was done in Mrs. Stetson's case.

"The mother church could dismiss or excommunicate a member, but this case has not gone that far."

MAY PRODUCE GOOD RESULTS.

Motion in Favor of Mrs. Stetson Carried By Only Small Majority.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—While the future conduct of the mother church regarding the action of the members of the First Church of Christ, scientist of New York, in accepting the report of the committee which inquired into the teachings and practices of Mrs. Augusta F. Stetson is not known here, two of the leaders in this city believe that the action in New York yesterday will produce good results.

Alfred Farlow, chairman of the committee on publication, said today: "As I understand the situation, the opinion of the New York church concerning the findings of the mother church does not in any way affect these findings. As a matter of course it is not within my jurisdiction to foresee and foretell the future conduct of the other church in respect to the New York situation. It is to be hoped that in time all concerned will agree that the mother church is correct in its findings; that is, that all will agree with the mother church as to what constitutes the true WWhlqbr.... Tlaw, Hbhygmentdmw teachings and practice of Christian Science. Christian Scientists will wait trustingly and patiently for that end. One of the important duties of the directors of the mother church is to maintain the purity of Christian Science and prevent the promulgation of an adulteration in the name of Christian Science."

Judge Clifford P. Smith, the first reader of the First Church of Christ Scientist in Boston, the mother church of Christian Science, said: "The reports made by the committee of inquiry of First Church of Christ, scientists of New York, was a natural product of Mrs. Stetson's teachings and was forecasted by the conduct of the committee throughout their inquiry. In view of the fact that Mrs. Stetson has heretofore dictated the whole vote of the whole church, it appears that the congregation has made rapid strides toward freedom from her influence. The motion in her favor was carried in the meeting last night by only a small majority and by means of the most disorderly methods. It is significant, also, that the vote was not taken until after the meeting had been in session six hours, and about one third of the congregation had gone home. The disclosures made at the meeting cannot fail to produce good results."

DR. COOK DENIES REPORT.

Says Danish Government Has Not Sent Missionary to Polar Region.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook today denied a story emanating from Copenhagen to the effect that the Danish government had despatched a Greenland missionary to the Polar regions, to verify the stroy of Dr. Cook's discovery by personal questioning of the two Esquimos who accompanied him.

"Had the Danish government taken such a step," said Dr. Cook's secretary, "Dr. Cook would have been informed of it."

OPPOSE SUGGESTION.

Professors Against Plan for Examination of Cook's Record.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 5.—The feeling among the professors of the Univeristy of Copenhagen, who are directly concerned in the prospective examination of the North Pole of Dr. Cook today, is distinctly against agreeing to the proposal of the National Geographic Society that a committee of Americans be present at the examination. Rector Thorp, had a conference today with Professor Stromgren, the astronomer, and Dr. C. F. Pechule, of the meteorologial office, both of whom have been designated to investigate Cook's records. Professor Stromgren warmly resented the suggestion and declared that he was absolutely opposed to other than representatives of the university having anything to do with the first examination.

Rector Thorp, however, decided to submit the proposal of the National Geographic Society to the consistory of the University and that body has been summoned to meet tomorrow and settle the matter. It is anticipated that the majority of the consistory will prove no more favorable to the present proposition, than it did to the earlier suggestion that the university waive its claim to prior examination in favor of the United States.

CHILL AND WINTERISH.

There is a chilliness in the atmosphere today which suggests warm winter clothing. Overcoats are in order, carriages are driven by in a winterish style and not allowed to stand, and generaly things feel like wintr, even if the temperature is well up. Some dust flying by this afternoon looked likle snow, but it was only dust which the chill northwest wind had started. Newport is now promised about three or four days of a dry northeaster, which ought to give the coal dealers something of a boom.

CHINA'S FACULTY OF MEDICINE.

[Montreal Standard.]

In China physicians practise on the subscription plan; that is to say, each family pays its doctor a certain fixed sum each year. But the Chinese consider that the principal value of doctors is to keep them well rather than to cure them of illness; so when a physician is unable to prevent one of his clients from becoming ill, a certain sum is deducted from his pay, the amount being regulated by the length of time his client is sick. This sensible system makes the Chinese physician exceedingly watchful over the health of the people.

But the system has its disadvantages, as the court physicians have just learned to their cost. For the doctors found themselves unable to prevent the emperor and the empress dowager from dying; therefore it was necessary that they should suffer the penalty of such grave ignorance. As a consequence of this double imperial death five imperial physicians have been degraded two degrees, although they retain their posts at court, while the president of the imperial hospital and two of his chief assistants have been dismissed from their positions, the reason assigned being "for their ignorance."

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mrs. W. M. Mills is visiting in Taunton.

—Mr. Carver Greene of Providence is in town.

—Mr. R. G. Hone is here from New York for a few days.

—Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer have gone to Baltimore for a visit.

—Pullman car Courier is in to take Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer to Baltimore.

—The late Atherton Blight was a life member of the American Unitarian Society.

—Mr. Robert Tweedle, formerly of this city, is here from New York for a short visit.

—Mr. Dickerson of New Bedford is here to visit his mother, Mrs. Silas Dickerson, on Prospect Hill street.

—The police station clock is on a strike—the kind which sometimes leads to a lockout, not the usual clock strike.

—In the Garrettson cup series Saturday the Fort Greble team will play at Fort Adams and the Torpedo Station team at the Training Station.

—There was a large gathering of members of Elizabeth Lodge at Mrs. Bauer's, Warner street, Thursday evening, making aprons and neckties for a social.

—Arrivals at the Perry House include J. C. Small, Jr., C. E. Durfee, H. H. Fanning, C. T. Sanbon, and D. A. White of Boston and R. H. Pomeroy of Westfield, Mass.

—Another date for a hearing in the probate court on the Bryer estate was this afternoon, and again there was no hearing, the case being continued to November 17.

—Dr. D. P. A. Jacoby will sail the latter part of this month for Germany, to continue his studies in the treatment of diseases of the eye and ear. He will be absent about four months and will study chiefly in the hospitals in Berlin.

—There was a large gathering at the funeral of Mrs. Margaret Roderick at St. Mary's church this morning and many flowers. Rev. Father Reddy officiated. The bearers were William Tobin, Michael Donahue, Thomas J. Martin and John T. Martin.

—Frank M. Tozier and wife have sold to James E. Fitzgerald the estate bounded north, 34 feet, on land of K. Phelan; east, 50 feet, on land of Clarence A. Carr; south, 34 feet, on Clarence court, off Chapel street, and west, 50 feet, on land of Crofton.

—In view of erroneous reports which have appeared regarding the debut of their daughter, Miss Alice G. Drexel, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel authorize the announcement that Miss Drexel, who is still at school, will not be presented to society until the summer of 1911.

COLORED BOY DROWNED.

Son of Daniel C. Perry Falls Into an Old Sand Hole Back of the Bathing Beach.

A young colored boy, 10 or 12 years old, was drowned in an old sand hole in the south pond, back of the bathing beach, this afternoon. With other lads he was playing about the pond and somehow fell into this deep hole, which had been made in the building of the dyke about the pond some years ago. His companions ran to the pumping station as soon as they could and when they gave the alarm a party of laborers started out and finally succeeded in recovering the body from the water in the hole. In the meantime word was sent to the city for the police and doctors. When the body was taken out it had been in the water fully half an hour and there was nothing to do but await the medical examiner. The lad, according to the police, was the son of Daniel C. Perry of Friendship street.

NEW METHOD OF ACCOUNTS.

Only Change Made by New Haven Officials, Who Visited the Wickford Line Office.

Thursday afternoon F. C. Cooley, general passenger agent of the New England Navigation Company and Assistant passenger agent of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, and C. H. Warner, traveling auditor for the company, were here and inspected the office of the Newport & Wickford line, or what was once that office. It was the first official visit since the New Haven took over the Wickford Line and was largely to familiarize the clerks with the new method of doing business, the manner of filling out reports and keeping accounts to conform with the style of the New York, New Haven & Hartford. A representative of the New England Navigation Company was expected today. So far things are going on as usual, the only change being that in regard to keeping accounts and making reports in accordance with the custom of the Consolidated road.

PLANTING IN CHINA.

Germans in That Country Making Successful Attempts at Re-Forestation.

In considering the progress of the almost world-wide movement for protection of forests, an interesting review has just been made of the work in China, a country which is so often cited as an example of the evil effects of deforestation. In a portion of the celestial kingdom earnest efforts are now being made to re-establish a forest cover for planting. Consul Wilbur T. Gracey of Tsingtau, China, reports that the Germans in that region are making successful attempts at re-forestation. The success of the work was practically assured at the start, for to Germany is given the credit for having the highest developed system of forestry, and it was natural to expect that the long experience in forest work in the Fatherland would lessen preliminary experimentation and hasten progress in China.

When Tsingtau was occupied by the Germans about 11 years ago the hills officers and several hundred of soldiers a sporadic growth of scrub pine and weeds. Plans for re-forestation were at once made, and about 2,965 acres have already been planted. About half of this is planted in acacias, the balance in pine, larch, walnut, oak, ash, maples, and alders. So successful has this planting been that the point has already been reached where the sale of timber can be made. Small branches are sold for fire wood and some of the timber is used for mining purposes. The sale and exportation of acacia is expected to become a considerable source of revenue during the next few years.

It is particularly remarkable that this work should have been so successful, in view of the difficulties to which the plantation was subjected. The rainfall is light and lack of moisture considerably retarded the development of the trees. By far the worst enemies, however, were insects. Various species of caterpillars and other insects have been so destructive that thousands of Chinese boys and women are now engaged annually to destroy them. Various measures of prevention have been tried, such as placing girdles of glue on the trees, but these have not been effective and it was found necessary to resort to a systematic destruction of the insects by hand.

During 1908 over 7,000,000 caterpillars were gathered by hand, smashed, covered with lime, and afterwards used as fertilizer. This method has been successful in protecting the greater part of the plantations, but on the mountains on the border of the territory th trees are eaten bars. Acacias appear to withstand the attacks of the insects better than any other species, and the summits of the mountains are now being planted with these trees in an effort to check future destruction. In addition to these enemies, Chinese thieves are another source of difficulty and on one occasion a band of 36 thieves was captured in the act of stealing wood.

In spite of these drawbacks, however, the work has been so successful that the Chinese government is now undertaking forestry schemes in a number of places under advice from German experts. The work centres about Mukden, Manchuria, where success has already been obtained with acacias and experiments are now being made with other trees. The first Chinese forest school was established at Mukden two years ago. Six hundred and twenty-five acres have already been set apart for cultivation, and 24,710 acres are to be purchased for afforestation.

Three large mines in China, in the provinces of Chihli and Shansi, which are under the management of Europeans, are making plans for afforestation, and the Shantung Railway is planting acacias along 260 miles of its track. This, however, is simply a beginning of the work, and the Chinese government now has in contemplation the inauguration of extensive afforestation work in different parts of China.

Extraordinary Showing of
LADIES' BEAVER HATS.

Twenty new, different styles on large, medium and small models. Every desirable shape is here, including Gainsboroughs, Marquise, Cavalier, Tricorns and Turbans. By far the largest assortment we have ever shown.

Priced $3.98, $4.98, $5.98 and $6.98.

B. F. DOWNING, 3d, - 191 Thames Street.

BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY.

DON'T FORGET to save your cash register checks so that you will g t a Fancy Rhode Island Turkey FREE for Thanksgiving. The lucky number will be drawn at 9 o'clock Saturday night, and published in the Newport News Monday night. We give a turkey every Saturday night.

Legs Native Spring Lamb	17c lb
Forequarters Native Spring Lamb, boned and rolled, for	42c each
Forequarters Mutton, boned and rolled	39c each
Rib Lamb Chops 17c lb	Loin Chops 22c lb
Rib Mutton Chops	2 lbs for 25c
Loin Chops	16c lb
Good Butter for	28c lb
Best Hamburg Steak	3 lbs for 25c
Best Cuts Sirloin Steaks	19c
Fancy Roasting Beef for	8c, 10c, 12c lb

BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY.

Tel. 790. 160 Thames St.

HILL INDICTED.

Presentment in the St. Jean Case Charges Manslaughter, Which is a Bailable Crime.

The "Tiverton case," as it was once called, reached another stage in its progress toward settlement Thursday, when the grand jury of Bristol county, Mass., brought in an indictment for manslaughter against "Professor Frank J. Hill for the murder of the St. Jean girl, October 8. This is what was expected, in view of the evidence and the absence of motive for deliberate murder. This crime is bailable, and if Hill can secure bail he may be released pending the trial, which may be at the session of the superior court next week.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr. and Mrs. Severance have returned from a short trip to Providence.

Mrs. M. A. Kern closed her cottage on Shorby Hill Thursday and left for Philadelphia.

A lighter belonging to the Chappel line is discharging a cargo of coal at the West Ferry for the Narragansett Transportation Company.

Since the open season for game, which commenced Monday, a number of parties from out of town have been on the island after rabbits, but have met with poor success, owing to the density of the swamps.

THE BARGAIN STORE

Keep your eye on this space if you wish to save money on food supplies.

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY ONLY:

Legs Island Mutton	.14
Forequarters Mutton	.08
Chops	.15
Legs of Young Lamb	.16
Forequarters of Lamb	.10
Chops	.18
Island Fresh Hams	.15
Island Fresh Shoulders	.14
Island Fresh Chops	.16
Island Fresh Sausage Meat	.18
Beef to roast	.10
Boston Rolls	.14-.16
Short Steak	.20
Porterhouse Steak	.22
Hamburg Steak	.10
Fresh Fowls	.20
Fresh Chickens	.23
Spinach, per pk.,	.25
Apples, per qt.	.05
Colory, per stalk	.05
Good Potatoes, per bu.	.75

Cash coupon with every purchase.

H. F. ROONEY, 251 Thames St.

Tel. 134.

The Newport Journal AND WEEKLY NEWS. Is especially adapted for mailing.

When You Purchase a Globe-Wernicke "Elastic" Bookcase, you have the satisfaction of knowing that it is absolutely the best that money can buy.

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HIGH-CLASS HEADWEAR.

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LEADERS IN MILLINERY.

GREAT SELECTION At Popular Prices.

TRIMMED HATS.

We shall continue to show new Pattern Hats every day.

BON TON MILLINERY,

233 THAMES STREET,

Phone 627.

THE MAGNET WE USE to attract trade is the lightness, yet staunchness of our HARNESS, ...

Every pound we can take off the harness, without impairing its strength, means an extra pound of drawing power for your horse. Have you seen our latest offerings in light, graceful and strong harness? You ought to, by all means.

GRATRIX, - 96 Broadway.

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NEWPORT OPERA HOUSE
CAHN&CROSSCO, Mgrs.

Saturday, - - Nov. 6.

Matinee and Night.

LEON W. WASHBURN'S Elaborate Production of

TEN NIGHTS IN A BARROOM

PRICES: Matinee 10c., 20c. Night 10c., 20c., 30c. Orders must be called for before seven.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

NOV. 8, 9 AND 10.

Matinee at 2:15. Evening Performances at 7 and 8:30.

Emile Chevriel, Trick and Solo Violinist.

Sig Maximo, Novelty Wire Artist.

Devae Sisters, Character Singing and Dancing.

Mr. Arthur Lynn. Scotch Tenor.

Star Theatre.

EXCLUSIVE PROGRAM.

—OF— MOVING PICTURES —AND— ILLUSTRATED SONGS.

Admission 10c. All Seats Free.

BIJOU THEATRE.

MOVING PICTURES AND ILLUSTRATED SONG.

PERFORMANCES: Evenings 7, 8 and 9 o'clock. Afternoons 2:30 and 3:30. Admission 10c.

Roller Skates, All Sizes,

—AT—

GRIFFITH'S,

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After the Children Start Back to School

Look out for the old trouble with vermin in their heads. Children can't avoid it. They are compelled to daily come in contact with those infected, and vermin spread with alarming rapidity. Anyone is liable at any time when traveling or in any strange place to become infected, and the only safe way to be is to have on hand, ready for any emergency, a bottle of

KALKMAN'S VERMICIDE HAIR LOTION.

It is the cleanest, most convenient, practical and effective remedy for destroying head lice and vermin about the body. It is a clean, clear liquid—nothing greasy or oily about it—and has none of the objectionable features of the ointments usually used. Besides it is safe to use on any part of the body.

Price 25c per bottle. For sale only at

Kalkman's Pharmacy,

475 Thames Street.

Telephone 9300.

WATER

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Football Supplies.

RUGBY and ASSOCIATION FOOTBALLS.

Football Pants, Jerseys, Shoes, Shin Guards, Nose Masks, Head Harness, Pads, etc., etc.

Illustrated Catalogue Free.

A.C. LANDERS & SON,

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Imported Camembert Cheese.

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That we sell in a 25-year-gold-filled case at $25 is such an excellent timekeeper that we are anxious for you to know its merits. We can answer your questions from the standpoint of expert watchmakers.

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246 Thames Street.

NEW DESIGNS IN

Ladies' Gold Brooches.

Signet Rings, Bracelets, Hat Pins, etc.

Ladies' Gold and Gold Filled Waltham Watches.

Compare our prices.

GLAZIER'S 96 Spring St.

IMPORTED DUTCH BULBS.

Hyacinths. Tulips, Narcissus,

25c. to 75c. a doz.

All these bulbs are first grade.

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ARCHITECT JOHNSTON,

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Prepares plans for buildings of all kinds. Also alterations and gives estimates as to cost.

At 75 MILL ST.

You can buy all kinds of Lumber, Hardware, Doors, Windows, Blinds, Hot Bed Sash, Mouldings, and can get all kinds of mill work done.

KINDLING WOOD,

4 barrels delivered $1.00

Extra shingles $4.40 per M.
Clear shingles $3.75 per M.

Bellevue Laundry,

Pond Avenue and Warner Street.

We Make a Specialty of Starch Work.

All our shirts are starched and ironed by hand.

Work called for and delivered to any part of the city.

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION.

Delta Upsilon Fraternity's Seventy-Fifth Annual Conference Closes.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—The closing business session of the Delta Upsilon fraternity's seventy-fifth annual conference was held in this city today. Little business matters remained over for the last day, and a number of sight-seeing trips were planned for the afternoon, chief of which was an excursion to Plymouth. Tonight the seventy-fifth anniversary celebration will be closed with a banquet at which several distinguished men, members of the fraternity, will be the speakers. Among the most prominent men expected to make addresses are Governor Charles E. Hughes of New York, President W. H. P. Faunce of Brown University, Erman J. Ridgway, the magazine publisher, Holman F. Day of Maine, Oliver E. Branch, a district attorney of New Hampshire and Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton, pastor of one of the largest Congregational churches in Brooklyn, New York.

OLD FEUD STARTS AFRESH.

Trouble of Long Standing Breaks Out in a Tennessee Town.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 5.—A Hancock county feud of years standing has broken out afresh, and James Yount, aged 30, and George Greene, aged 16, are the last victims. James Davis, who admits the double killing, but says he did it in self defense, has surrendered to the authorities at Smeedville. The feud originated some years ago with the killing of Eli Greene, an aged man, who was shot from ambush, while he was harvesting. Yount married a daughter of the elder Greene and Davis wedded his widow. Bad feeling existed between Davis and Yount and it is supposed that George Greene, a son of the murdered man, took Yount's part in the fight. Yount and Greene were unarmed.

WOMAN COUNTY TREASURER.

Republican Candidate Elected to Office in Nebraska Town.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 5.—Miss Gertrude Jordan, 28 years old, was elected treasurer of Cherry county last Tuesday. Until recently she had been a deputy in the office. She made the race as a Republican. The county attorney questioned whether a woman was eligible and to settle the dispute the matter was referred to Attorney General Thompson, who yesterday declared there was nothing in the constitution to prevent Miss Jordan assuming office.

THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

Ungrammatical Speech Due to the Local Atmosphere of Every Day Life.

[New Bedford Standard.]

Complaint is made that the schools not only do not teach spelling but that they fail to teach children how to talk grammatically, and a contemporary observes: "Yet how foolish to expect that these little cheap affairs will be attended to that were old in 1850! A lot of schools are now out for the unusual and the striking that will arouse comment, and the bread and butter of educaton is being dropped out of the menu in many places." While the same is unmitigated nonsense, beyond being unfair in about every aspect. What "the bread and butter of education" may be, we do not pretend to guess, but it is altogether unreasonable to charge that the teachers in the public schools do not attempt their level best to teach the children how to talk grammatically.

Recently, an inhabitant of this city met a bevy of high school girls on their way home after the ending of the day's session. They were talking in the strident voive which is, unfortunately the habit of large numbers of the young women of this generation, and the passer-by could not avoid hearing a scrap of the conversation. One of the brightest looking of the lot was recounting the number and the magnitude of the tasks which had been laid upon her by exacting teachers, winding up with the mention of "a composition, too," and the impetuous query, "Ain't it awful?"

While the man is possibly none too careful as to the grammatical accuracy of his own speech, he was visibly disturbed that an intelligent appearing girl—a junior perhaps—not 10 minutes out of the high school room, should lapse in her speech like that. It might be argued that she was justified—that the writing of a composition is truly "awful," and that the question was couched in appropriately vigorous words. However that may be, grammarians frown on the "ain't" and rhetoricians condemn the "awful." And we have no hesitation in affirming that if any one of the 20 odd teachers through whose hands that girl had passed since she entered the public schools had heard her say "Ain't it awful?" she would have been corrected and admonished, and if there was time would have been told why the question was not allowable, and what the proper form should have been. It is not in any manner likely that she ever heard a teacher on duty say "Ain't it awful?" and the probability is that in her own schoolroom talk she would instinctively avoid the expression. School is constant battle with incorrect forms of speech—and an unequal battle too.

Now this high school girl once outside the schoolroom kissed into "Ain't it awful?" and very likely the doubling of her negatives and an indifference to the agreement of number and person in her nouns and verbs, as naturally as she breathed. And why? Because of the vocal atmosphere of every-day life. Unquestionably her father and mother said "ain't" every time they had a chance, and her brothers brought "ain't" in from the streets and the vaudeville shows, and she heard people who know perfectly well the error, saying "ain't" every chance they had except when on dress parade. What chance have the injunctions of a school teacher, limited to five days in a week, 40 weeks in a year, against the continual impact of such an inaccuracy on an impressionable ear?

So it is with scores of other ungrammatical constructions, used constantly, even by very intelligent persons. They are not because of the schools, nor for any lack of the efficiency of the schools; and if the entire time of these institutions were given to grammar, to the exclusion of everything else, the case would not be much different. Could the school teachers have the children isolated from all other influences from six to 16, there would be little criticism of ungrammatical speech. As it is, the speech of most of us is formed chiefly by associations outside the schoolroom, and many of those associations conduce to anything but accuracy.

We recall a lawyer of eminence, whose written address and formal speeches were models of grammatical accuracy. Somehow and somewhere he had learned how to use the English language with absolute precision and correctness, to some extent at any rate, in school and college. But carried away by the interest and excitement of an impromptu speech, especially when he became deeply interested, the rules of English grammar would often suffer terribly. It was not that he didn't know, for that he had not been properly taught—but that unconsciously he lapsed into forms of speech which had been impressed on his mind outside the schools. He was a striking illustration of how teaching and even knowledge, go down in defeat before the persistent influence of bad example. There is no doubt that ungrammatical and inelegant speech abound to a deplorable extent. But for the most part this is on account of forces against which the public schools are tremendously handicapped, and instead of blaming them they ought to be praised because they have succeeded in doing something toward keeping talk from being worse.

NATURAL PRODUCTS REPLACED BY ARTIFICIAL.

[Chicago News.]

Artificial indigo manufactured in Germany has ruined the indigo industry of India. In recent times $25,000,000 worth of indigo was exported every year from India and the surrounding islands and countries. But by 1903 the German export of artificial indigo had risen to $6,250,000, and the German product is now imported into India. Consumers of indigo, who were continually in trouble over the valuable purity and quantity of the product from the indigo plant, find the artificial product pure and cheaper than the natural. The artificial production of indigo was accomplished only after thirty-five years of experimenting and after more than $4,000,000 had been spent. The process depends upon a peculiar action of mercury called catalysis. Mercury's peculiar power in these experiments was discovered by mere chance—some mercury happened to find its way into an experimental flask as the result of a broken thermometer. This little accident made commercial indigo a reality and reversed the economic relations of states.

Artificial—not "imitation"—rubies are manufactured in a little factory in Paris. The successful commercial production of the artificial ruby is said by some enthusiasts to have made inevitable the doom of the ruby mine. These artificial ruby gems are in glowing beauty of color, hardness, durability and chemical composition identical with the natural ruby of the mine. So absolute is this identity that the assertion is made, the usurers of great cities now refuse to take rubies in pawn because they cannot distinguish between natural rubies and the artificial. Their use in jewelry is widespread.

In microscopic form Moissan, the French chemist, produced absolute diamonds, which are but crystallized forty or fifty pounds of iron as easily mond yet produced measures less than one millimetre (.03937 of an inch) in diameter. In Moissan's laboratory they believe that if they could deal with forty or fifty pounds of iron as easily as with four or five ounces their diamond would be larger. They also believe that the process of mother earth, though down in her secret laboratories the earth has temperatures and pressures they cannot command and aeons of time to perfect her work.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The Men's Club of the Berkeley Memorial Chapel opened its series of whist parties for the winter Thursday evening at the parish house, about 60 being present. Eleven tables were played and the following award of prizes was made: First, men's, a necktie, Mr. W. J. Stewart; second, a handkerchief, Mr. David Shepard; first, women's, a China teapot, Miss Lizzie T. Peckham; second, a lace tie, Mrs. Reuben W. Peckham. Light refreshments were served and there was dancing, with Mrs. C. Leroy Grinnell of Newport at the piano. The affair was in charge of Mr. Charles Sisson.

These parties are to be held semi-monthly until Lent.

The assembly hall at the parish house is equipped for basket ball. Portable screens have been made adjustable at the windows and the baskets have been arranged to be taken down easily when the hall is used for the Sunday evening service.

Mrs. William M. Hughes is to entertain Holy Cross Guild at an old-fashioned quilting bee next week.

The monthly business meeting of St. Columba's Guild was held Thursday at the Berkeley parish house, Mrs. J. Willis Peckham being the hostess. A junior branch has been organized for the young girls, which is to be conducted by Miss May Hart and Miss Ada Littlefield.

Mr. James Peckham and family are entertaining relatives from Newport.

The rain was acceptable, as the few wells which have held out have been severely taxed, not only by their owners but by many neighbors as well, who were obliged to go anywhere they could in order to procure water. Some of the families living in the vicinity of the town house have been obliged to use the hydrant at the Two Mile Corner, as all the wells in that vicinity have been dry most of the summer.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. John Quigley has gone to New York to reside.

—Mrs. John Clinton Gray and Mrs. Frederick Allen, have returned from Europe.

—Mrs. George B. DeForest has gone to New York, but will keep the Train villa open some time longer.

—Paymaster's Clerk C. C. Alger of this city has been appointed for duty on the Michigan, from November 13.

—Four model six-story tenements are to be erected in New York by Mr. William K. Vanderbilt, at a total cost of $650,000.

—Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, who has been at Lenox several weeks, has gone to New York to remain until after the horse show.

—The summer schedule for the arrival of the New York newspapers terminated Thursday and this morning they arrived by train.

—Mr. Guy Avelone, having terminated his fishing business up the bay, because of the disappearance of the fish, is now on a gunning trip on the bay.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Payne Thompson have arrived to arrange for the funeral of Mr. Atherton Blight. The flag on the Newport Reading Room is at half-staff for the deceased.

—Medical Inspector John C. Byrnes, the new commanding officer of the Newport naval hospital, has rented the Biggs cottage on Catherine street. Medical Inspector Byrnes has recently returned from a tour of duty as fleet surgeon of the Pacific fleet, on board the West Virginia.

—Mrs. Harold Brown returned from Europe on the Adriatic, which arrived at New York Thursday. Other passengers on the steamer were Mr. Pierre Lorillard, Colonel George R. Fearing, Mrs. Frederick Allen, Mrs. E. D. Bolt, Mrs. John Clinton Gray and Commodore and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Bake In The Sure Oven of a Modern Glenwood

Walsh Bros., Newport

SETH LOW SILENT.

Knows Nothing of Report of His Selection to Succeed Reid.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Seth Low, former mayor of New York city and ex-president of Columbia University, would not discuss today the report emanating from London that he had been selected to succeed Whitelaw Reid, as ambassador to the court of St. James.

"I know nothing about it," said Mr. Low when communicated with in Mt. Kisco and asked regarding the report. Questioned as to whether he was aware how his name had come to be mentioned in this connection, Mr. Low said that he had nothing to add to his original statement.

BOSTON STORE.

CORSETS

Regular $1.50 value for

79c

Bargains for the stout figure.

Manufacturer's "Seconds" Slightly Soiled.

For figures requiring a strong corset that will tend to reduce the abdomen. Deep, full bust gore, medium waist, heavily boned, coutil; hose supporters attached; sizes 30 to 36.

Only two pairs to a customer.

Worth $1.50 a pair, While they last

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Mr. & Mrs. N. T. Hodson, Boston Store 2d Floor.

We have secured a manufacturer's sample lot of wings and feathers, worth from $1.00 to $2.00, and these we offer, while they last, at

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CHILDREN'S HATS, $2.00 Value at

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BROCKTON RUBBER HEELS

An improvement over all others. ASK YOUR COBBLER.

INSTRUCTION.

MISS H. OPITZ Of Dresden. INSTRUCTRESS IN PIANO AND GERMAN. 16 Whitfield Court. Tel. 1777.

Mrs. T. W. Freeborne, 228 SPRING STREET. TEACHER OF PIANO. 'Phone 1537.

F. WELLINGTON PUTMAN, Opt. D. Scientific Optometrist —AND— Manufacturing Optician, 118 SPRING ST. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. 'Phone 185. All kinds of optical repairing at short notice.

L. N. VAUGHAN Manufacturing Optician. 104 BROADWAY

WINTER and SPRING FLOWERING BULBS.

My new flowering bulbs have arrived, consisting of Tulips, Hyacinths, Freesias, Easter Lilies, Crocus, Narcissus, Jonquils, Snow Drops; and they are nice ones. Please look over my stock and prices before purchasing. Galvanized Ash Cans from $1.50 up. Galvanized Swill Cans from 90c. up; Galvanized Tubs from 60c. up; Galvanized Pails from 20c. up; Galvanized Coal Hods from 20c. up; Ash Sloves from 15c. up.

Nice Palms 65c. each. Ferns 75c. each. Rubber plants 75c. each.

Preserve Jars all kinds and sizes. Rubbers for all jars. Jolly Tumblers 30c. per dozen.

H. L. BERLOIS, 80 Broadway. Telephone 983

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FOOTWEAR

That takes with men who dress well. The materials, workmanship and fitting qualities of the RAMLOSE line of shoes are beyond criticism. They strike the keynote of human desire and win the favor of high-class trade.

Retail $3, $3.50 and $4.

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RAMLOSE'S, 43 Thames St

Open Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights.

The Bijou Shoe Dept.

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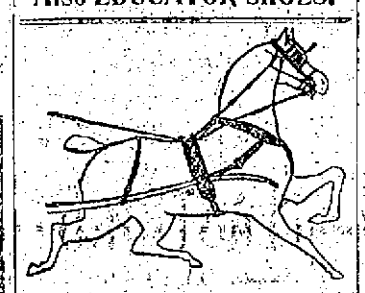
A FULL LINE OF

SNEAKS in all sizes.

Also EDUCATOR SHOES.



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Because these shoes are made after the very smartest custom models—and with the same skill and care. Because Regal *quarter-sizes* insure the same perfect fit and comfort as expensive made-to-order shoes. Women's Regal Shoes never have to be "broken in." They will give you entire satisfaction from the first time you put them on—and they hold their dainty custom lines and smart appearance throughout long service.

We have the exclusive local agency for Regal Shoes.

$3.50 $4.00 and $5.00

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From Lopez Wharf, First Wharf North of Government Landing.

Connecting at Saunderstown with trolley for Narragansett Pier and Wakefield (South) Wickford (North) Week Days and Sundays.

Subject to Change Without Notice.

Leave Newport for East Jamestown 6:40, 8:30, 9:00a A. M., 12:00, 1:00c, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00c, 5:00, 7:00c, 11:00b P. M.

Leave East Jamestown for Newport 6:15c, 7:20, 9:00, 11:30 A. M., 12:20c, 1:20, 2:10, 3:20c, 4:40, 5:30c P. M.

Leave West Jamestown for Saunderstown 7:15, 9:15, 10:10a, 11:00 A. M., 1:25c, 2:40, 3:35, 4:25c, 5:35, 7:35c, 11:30b P. M.

Leave Saunderstown for West Jamestown 8:00a, 8:15, 9:40, 10:40, 12:00c A. M., 2:00, 3:00c, 4:00, 5:15, 6:10c P. M.

b—Saturdays only.

c—Through trips leaving on arrival of mail.

Narragansett Transportation Company, STILLMAN SAUNDERS, President.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.

From Foot of Market Square.

On and after October 6, Steamer Conanicut Will run the following schedule:

Leave Jamestown—5:05, 7:00, 8:15, 9:15, 10:20, 11:20 A. M.; 1:15, 2:20, 3:20, 4:20, 5:30 P. M.

Leave Newport—6:35, 7:20, 8:50, 9:40, 10:50 A. M.; 12:00 M., 1:50, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45 P. M.

SUNDAYS

Leave Jamestown—7:00, 8:15, 9:15, 11:30 A. M.; 3:30, 5:30 P. M.

Leave Newport—7:20, 8:50, 9:40 A. M.; 12:00 M., 3:45, 5:45 P. M.

Subject to change without notice.

J. H. CLARKE, Gen. Man'g.

Telephone 3-3 Jamestown, 509 Newport.

PROVIDENCE, FALL RIVER AND NEWPORT STEAMBOAT CO.

Steamer leaves for

PROVIDENCE

Week days at 8:30 A. M. Return leave Providence 4 P. M.

Stop at Prudence Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays. Conanicut, Monday only.

H. E. WINDSOR, Supt.

BLOCK ISLAND & PROVIDENCE

POPULAR STEAMER

NEW SHOREHAM,

Leave Long wharf, Newport, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 1:15 P. M., due Block Island 3:30 P. M. Returning leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays 8:00 A. M., due Newport 10:00 A. M., Providence 12:30 P. M.

C. C. GARDNER, Agent, Newport. The New England Navigation Company

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THE NEW WILBOUR,

131 Church St.

Two doors from Bellevue Ave. SUITES OR SINGLE ROOMS. With or without meals.

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(Washington Square)

Business Men's Lunch.

Open after Theatre.

Shell Fish and Planked Steaks a specialty.

Salads and oysters put up to take home. Catering in all its branches.

WM. B. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

THE DeBeville Restaurant,

29 Touro Street.

WE SERVE ONLY THE BEST FOOD.

Special rates for table board.

Our Quick Lunch room now open. Shell-fish specialty. 'Phone 1738.

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UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.

AMERICAN OR EUROPEAN PLAN.

Dwyer & Purcell, Proprietors. Tel. 618.

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WULF PETERSEN, PROP.

Steam Heat. American Plan.

Special Rates for the Summer.

Comfortable Rooms—With or Without Meals.

256 THAMES STREET

HOTEL BELVEDERE,

BRISTOL, R. I.

A. W. HATHAWAY, Manager.

Broiled Live Lobsters.

Broiled and Planked Steaks and Rhode Island Chickens.

Ball Room.

Private Dining Rooms.

Veranda Lunch Tables.

An ideal place for Dances, Banquets and Bridge Parties.

Garage storage free to guests.

Special Sunday Dinner 1 to 8 $1.00.

HANDS RAW AND SCALY

Itched and Burned Terribly—Could Not Move Thumbs Without Flesh Cracking—Sleep Impossible.

CUTICURA SOON CURED ECZEMA

"An itching humor covered both my hands and got up over my wrists and even up to the elbows. The itching and burning were terrible. My hands got all scaly, and when I scratched, the surface would be covered with blisters and then get raw. The eczema got so bad that I could not move my thumbs without deep cracks appearing. I went to my doctor, but his medicine could only stop the itching. At night I suffered so fearfully that I could not sleep. I could not bear to touch my hands with water. This went on for three months and I was fairly worn out. At last I got the Cuticura Remedies and in a month I was cured. Walter H. Cox, 16 Somerset St., Boston, Mass., Sept. 25, 1908."

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

Alfred H. Cornell, PAPER HANGER —AND— DECORATOR.

40 South Baptist Street. Phone 1805.

You Would Enjoy a Week-End Trip in the Berkshire Hills.

Country life in the Berkshires puts vim and vigor into a man. You are 1,000 feet or more above the sea. You breathe a dry, bracing atmosphere that makes the blood dance like wine in your veins.

Plenty of good places to stay. The accommodations that are offered you at Berkshire Hills farmhouses and boarding cottages are ever so much better than the average, and you are charged surprisingly little for such excellent fare. If you want more luxurious accommodations there are magnificent hotels at Pittsfield, Lenox, Great Barrington, Lee, Stockbridge and Sheffield that offer you every convenience that can possibly minister to your pleasure and comfort.

Send for "Illustrated book, 'In the Berkshire Hills,'" It's free. Write A. B. Smith, G. P. A., Room 195, New Haven, Conn.

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FALL RIVER LINE.

FOR NEW YORK, THE SOUTH and WEST.

Palatial Steamers Providence and Plymouth in commission. Orchestra and Wireless Telegraphy on each.

FROM NEWPORT—Leave Weekdays and Sundays at 9:15 P. M.; due New York 7:00 A. M.

FROM NEW YORK—Leave Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren street, week days and Sundays at 5:00 P. M. Due at Newport 2:30 A. M. Leave Newport 2:45 A.M. Due Fall River 5:00 A.M.

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York and Boston Despatch Express Office, 272 Thames street. J. B. GREENE, Ticket Agent.

The New England Navigation Co. C. C. GARDNER, Agt., Newport, R. I. F. C. COLBY, A. G. P. A., New York.

SHORT LINE —TO— PROVIDENCE VIA Newport & Providence Railway.

Cars leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence—7:00 A. M., to Bristol Ferry only—7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00 P. M. 6:50, 7:50 P. M. to Union street, 8:50 P. M. to Bristol Ferry, 10:30, 11:15 to Union street.

Cars leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport via Bristol Branch, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.—7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 A. M., 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15.

9:40 from Bristol Ferry to Newport. Theatre Trip leave Union Street 7:10, One Mile Corner, 7:05; arrive at Theatre 8:05 P. M.

SUNDAY TIME TABLE.

Leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 A. M., 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, 6:50, 7:50 P. M. 8:50 P. M. to Bristol Ferry, 10:30, 11:15 to Union street.

Leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport—9:15, 10:15, 11:15 A. M., 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15 P. M. 9:40 from Bristol Ferry to Newport.

Training Station cars leave Washington Square—7:00 A. M., then half hourly until 10:30 P. M.

G. M. TOWLE, Supt.

OLD COLONY ST. RAILWAY CO.

Newport & Fall River Time Table.

Leave City Hall, Newport, for Fall River via Middletown, Portsmouth and Tiverton, 6:10 A. M., then ten and fifty minutes past the even hour and half past the odd hour, until 10:10 P. M., then 11:15 P. M.

Sundays, 8:50 A. M. Then same as week days.

Return, Leave City Hall, Fall River, for Newport via Tiverton, Portsmouth and Middletown, 6:10 A. M., then ten and fifty minutes past the odd hour and half past the even hour until 10:10 P. M., then 11:15 P. M.

Sundays, 8:50 A. M. Then same as week days.

Leave City Hall, Fall River, (for Stone Bridge only) 4:50 P. M. and 6:10 P. M.

Return, Leave Stone Bridge for Fall River 5:25 P. M. and 6:45 P. M. Do not run Sundays.

NEWPORT CITY CARS.

Leave One Mile Corner for Morton Park, 6:00 A. M., and every fifteen minutes until and including 11:00 P. M. Sundays 8:30 A. M., then same as week days.

Return, Leave Morton Park 6:32 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:32 P. M. Sundays, 8:62 A. M. then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Beach 6:45 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 6:00 P. M. Sundays, 7:30 A. M. then same as week days.

Return, Leave Beach 7:00 A. M. then every fifteen minutes until 11:00 P. M. Sundays, 7:45 A. M., then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street Waiting Room for Beach 6:15 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 10:45 P. M. Sundays same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Mile Corner 6:30 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:30 P. M. Sundays, 7:30 A. M., then same as week days.

Leave Franklin Street for Morton Park 6:15 A. M., then every fifteen minutes until 11:15 P. M. Sundays, 8:45 A. M., then same as week days.

G. F. SEIBEL, Supt.

C. L. BISHEE, Div. Supt.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.

"WICKFORD ROUTE"

In Effect July 1 1909.

Subject to change without notice.

LEAVE	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Newport	*9.00	*1.05	*4.00	*7.15
Prov. arr.	11.00	3.00	5.45	9.31
Boston arr.	1.00	4.00	7.03	11.03
New York arr.	*8.00	*7.00	11.00	a
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
LEAVE	Night	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
New York	*12.00		*3.00	*7.00
Boston		10.03	1.03	7.03
Prov.		11.10	2.10	8.10
Newport arr.	7.30	1.00	4.00	8.00
	A.M	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.

b Federal Exp. to New London and beyond.

* Daily except Sunday.

a Following this train is the through Federal Express (via Harlem River) leaving Washington at 6:35 P. M., Baltimore 8:35 P. M.; Philadelphia 9:55 P. M. Due at Wickford Junction 6:18 A. M., Newport 7:30 A. M.

For tickets and drawing chairs apply on Steamer General, also at office Commercial wharf.

The Muenchinger-King and Hill-Top Cottages, NEWPORT, R. I.

NEW CLIFFS HOTEL and ROBINSON COTTAGES,

Catherine Street, Newport, R. I.

EUROPEAN and AMERICAN PLAN.

Under the sole management of J. V. Jordan late of Delmonico's N. Y. and destroyed New Cliffs Hotel, Newport.

DOUBLE LYNCHING PREVENTED.

Negroes Implicated in Assault in West Virginia Threatened.

GASSAWAY, W. Va., Nov. 5.—Early today the authorities transferred the two negro suspects, believed to have been implicated in the assault upon Mrs. George Lockhold Wednesday, to a stronger refuge at Sutton, W. Va., the county seat. Governor Glasscock's timely arrival on the scene and the presence of the state guard had much to do with the averting of what seemed to be an inevitable double lynching last night. As late as midnight rumors were afloat about this little place that the negro suspects would never be taken alive from the town. Mounted men guarded the roads until daylight to prevent the authorities from transferring the negroes. Seeing the temper of the crowd, the sheriff gave his word that the transfer would not be attempted during the night hours.

Before 6 a.m., the negroes, surrounded by national guardsmen from Sutton, and deputy sheriffs, and accompanied by Governor Glasscock, members of his staff and the mayor of this place, departed from here. By using unfrequented thoroughfares the large party reached the tracks of the coal and coke railroad without trouble. Here a special train of work cars was in waiting and about an hour later, when the track had been cleared, the trip to Sutton, the county seat, was made.

The negroes will be given a preliminary hearing at that place this afternoon. For the present national guardsmen, under strict orders of the governor, will continue to protect the men from the mob. That a double lynching did not take place here is due mainly to the quick action of Governor Glasscock.

When the people discovered this morning that the negroes were out of their reach, they were enraged. Cries of "Kill the negroes", were heard in various parts of the town and for a time it was feared that a race war was imminent. Later, however, conditions grew quiet. The eyes of the town are now turned towards Sutton. A large number of local people have started for that place, but unless aided by residents of Sutton, it is not believed there is further danger of a double lynching.

Upon the arrival of the governor last evening the streets became lined with a surly crowd and his remarks were greeted with cat calls from the crowds. As he reached the jail steps he turned to the captain of the Gassaway militia company and asked him if his men were prepared for serious trouble and were ready to protect the jail with their lives, if necessary. The captain of the company said his men had voted not to shoot their fellow townspeople, even if commanded to do so, but would protect as best they could, without shooting, the negroes in the jail. The governor told the captain that his men were in virtual state of mutiny and would be severely censured for their action.

Mrs. Lockhold, upon whom negroes made an assault, lies today in a serious condition in Sutton. Fears are expressed for her sanity. Her husband remains here, watching the result of the sheriff's attempt to preserve order and see that the law takes its course.

A third negro, who according to the sheriff was one of the trio who assaulted Mrs. Lockhold, was killed when he attempted to escape capture. The dead negro was buried in the Potter's field during the night. His grave was unmarked for fear vandals might desecrate the spot.

REPUBLICANS IN NEBRASKA.

Candidates on Judicial Ticket in Seventy Counties Elected.

OMAHA, Nov. 5.—The Bee today today says: "Seventy Nebraska counties complete, with incomplete returns from some of the remaining counties, indicate the Republican judicial ticket will be elected and no one candidate will be defeated. The totals received gives a plurality for Judge Fawcett law man for the Republicans, over Sullivan, high man for the Democrats of 1,052. The remaining counties, basing the estimate on the vote two years ago, and making a most liberal allowance for Democratic gains, will not reduce the Republican lead more than 1,000.

WRECKAGE WASHED ASHORE.

Wood May Be From British Steamer Waratah Lost in July.

CAPE TOWN, Nov. 5.—A quantity of charred wreckage, including bits of the deck house have been washed ashore near Port Alfred on the southeast coast of Cape Colony. There are some indications that the wreckage is from British steamer Waratah, which, with 560 passengers and a cargo of metal and wool, has never been heard from since she sailed from Port Natal, July 26, for London.

TURTLE WORSHIP.

[London Globe.]

At a place called Kotron on the French Ivory coast the natives believe that to eat or destroy a turtle would mean death to the guilty one or sickness among the family. The fetich men, of whom there are plenty, declare that years ago a man went to sea fishing in the night his canoe was thrown upon the beach empty. Three days afterward a turtle came ashore at the same place with the man on its back alive and well. Since that time they have never eaten or destroyed one of that species, although they enjoy other species.

If one happens now to be washed ashore there is a great commotion in the town. First the women sit down and start singing and beating sticks, next a small piece of white cloth (color must be white) is placed on the turtle's back. Food is then prepared and placed on the cloth, generally plantains, rice and palm oil. Then amid a lot more singing, dancing and antics of the fetich people, it is carried back into the sea and goes on its way rejoicing.

THE NEW JERUSALEM.

[London Globe.]

The first memorial which strikes the eyes of a traveler when he arrives at Jerusalem, says a French visitor who has recently returned to Paris, is the new church of the Germans on Mount Sion. It is built on land given by Abdul Hamid to the German emperor. Its architecture and vast proportions are admired by all who see the building. The church will be served by German Benedictines, and it is to be consecrated next year, it is said, in the presence of Prince Eitel, representing the Kaiser. Afterward the prince will take part in the opening of the sanatorium, also German, which is near by. At the other extremity of the town, near the Damascus Gate, German buildings are increasing. The hospice and hostlery are finished. An orphanage, with chapel, is in contemplation. This will be under the charge of the Lazarists of Cologne, whose funds have contributed millions of marks for charitable purposes in the Holy Land. In short, it is Germany which holds the supremacy in Jerusalem, and that supremacy is not hidden.

FASTEST OF HER TYPE.

Battleship North Dakota Establishes Unchallenged Record.

Averages 21.833 Knots in Screw Standardization Trial and Eclipses Representative British Ship.

The North Dakota, one of the two most powerful battleships in the world, Thursday developed a maximum speed of 22.36 knots and an average of 21.833 in her screw standardization tests and won an unchallenged claim to being the fastest vessel of her type afloat. The leviathan flew over the Rockland, Maine, measured mile course in a manner which convinced the experts that the great hulk has still much in reserve, and that even faster time will be made when the machinery is well shaken down. Both records are in excess of the best performance of either the Delaware, the North Dakota's sister ship, or the Bellerophon, the representative completed Dreadnought of the British navy.

In attaining this surpassing speed the turbine engines of the North Dakota were forced to the development of more horse power than has been reached by any battleship afloat. A maximum of 35,150 horse power was recorded, while 33,875 was the mean amount. The maximum number of revolutions of her money composition propellers was 286 a minute. It was found that 282.63 revolutions in this time were sufficient to maintain the contract speed of 21 knots.

The North Dakota by her performances takes precedence as a general first-class battleship over any on the globe. Her sister ship, the Delaware, which had her trial record over the same course October 23, was in possession of that honor by her trial performances, but the figures recorded for the North Dakota eclipse all previous performances.

There is but one such battleship afloat at the present time whose attainments may exceed those of the North Dakota. This is the Neptune, just launched for the British navy. The Neptune, however, must attain figures much in excess of specifications to accomplish this. The Bellerophon of the British navy, the best of the European battleships, has made but 22.1 knots, as compared with the North Dakota's mark of 22.36. No contemplated battleship of the German navy, either afloat or in process of building, can challenge the North Dakota in speed.

Comparisons between the trial performances of the North Dakota and Delaware, sister ships, are as follows:

	North Dakota.	Delaware.
Fastest speed	22.36	21.93
Mean speed	21.833	21.44
Best horse-power	35,150	*30,000
Mean horse-power	33,875	28,578

*Unofficial.

It was on the first of her five runs over the measured mile course, following several preliminary rounds, that the North Dakota made her record time. The tide was in her favor, and this is not subtracted from the best figures. In the recorded mean or average, however, tidal corrections are made. The five trials over the mile course were recorded as follows: 22.25, 21.486, 22.13, 21.505 and 22.133. The influence of the tide on the vessel's speed is shown in a comparison of the time in succeeding miles.

While the five speed runs were being recorded the North Dakota was also undergoing a two hours test for consumption of oil and coal. With the Delaware, the North Dakota is the first battleship in the United States navy to use the oil spraying method. The showing is understood to have been very satisfactory.

H. G. Smith, representing the Fore River Shipbuilding Company, builders of the North Dakota, expressed satisfaction with the battleship's performance. "Especially are we pleased," he said, "at the ease with which the turbines worked and with the great amount of horse power developed."

The Delaware is equipped with reciprocating engines. In fact, the North Dakota is the first American battleship of the first class to have turbine engines installed.

Captain Edward G. Evans, who narrowly escaped death when tug Nezinscott was sunk off Cape Ann several months ago, was in charge of the North Dakota. A working crew of 400 men pushed the vessel to her record performance.

Beginning at 7 o'clock this morning the North Dakota is to be put through the second test, a four hours run at 21 knots. It is expected that an average of 21.75 knots will be developed. The run will end off Boston light, where the North Dakota will anchor and prepare for her 24 hours run at 12 knots. Following this, she will have another 24 hours test at 19 knots.

Within six months, it is expected, the North Dakota and the Delaware will take their places in the van of the American navy's line of sea fighters.

SOFTNESS OF SEALSKIN.

Is Rivaled by Human Hair Where Dandruff Is Eradicated.

Sealskin is admired the world over for its softness and glossiness; and yet the human hair is equally as soft and glossy when healthy; and the radical cause of all hair trouble is dandruff, which is caused by a pestiferous parasite that saps the vitality of the hair at its root. Newbro's Herpicide is the only preparation that is fatal to the dandruff germ. Without dandruff there is no falling hair, but a luxuriant growth of glossy, soft hair is certain. Scouring the scalp won't cure dandruff. Kill the dandruff germ. Thousands of women owe their beautiful suits of hair to Newbro's Herpicide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

JOHN M. CALLAHAN, Special Agent.

INDEPENDENT ICE AND COLD STORAGE COMPANY,

Sherman's Wharf,

DEALERS IN

Natural and Artificial Ice.

A RHODE ISLAND HERO.

Albert Sweet, a Norwood Colored Boy, to Receive a Carnegie Commission Award.

Among the recipients of awards by the Carnegie Hero Fund Commission, for acts of bravery and illustrious conduct called to the attention of the commission during the past three months, is one Rhode Islander, Albert K. Sweet, a colored boy of Norwood, who nearly lost his own life trying to save four children in Sand pond in that village, February 17 last. The children had broken through the ice and Sweet broke through himself while trying to rescue the others, and was carried beneath the surface when one of the children seized him. He was taken out of the water exhausted by two men.

Three children of Axel Hansen, of Norwood—Ranghilda, aged 14; Lillian, aged 12 and Axel, aged 11—and Gilbert Johnson of Norwood, were skating hand in hand along the ice together, with another little girl, Bessie Thornton. They neared a spring-hole in the ice which the Thornton girl saw and escaped by breaking away just in time. The other four were immediately struggling in the icy water.

Sweet and another lad, Harrison Cruise, went to the rescue. First Sweet took off his overcoat and tried to rescue the others in this way. He, too, broke through the ice, however, and was caught by one of the Johnson girls, and for a moment went beneath the surface.

Meanwhile the small victims of the tragedy were disappearing one by one beneath the surface. When the Johnson boy's father and a man named Joseph Wilson arrived, Sweet alone was above the surface. His every attempt to help the others had been futile on account of the rottenness of the ice. The two men barely succeeded in saving the Sweet boy.

ANOTHER "U. S. A."

[Chicago Post.]

Great Britain, with wonderful magnanimity, is passing through her Parliament a bill practically making of her four Boer colonies a self-governing nation. For this we cannot but praise her, although we may believe that it was our course in 1776 that suggests to the older country this piece of wisdom. As regards the Boers, however, this country has a small objection to make. It is proposed to call the new nation the "Union of South Africa." This, being abbreviated, becomes "U. S. A.," and "U. S. A." belongs to Uncle Sam. If any one else adopts it the unfortunate postal clerks will have a new and serious chance for confusion added to the useless and unnecessary pitfalls which already exist. We do not want our mail to go kiting off among the veldts, kraals and other unpleasant things of which we learned in the Boer war. Won't England please name its new foster child "South African Union" and save the rest of the world from a miscellaneous lot of bother?

Paint and Repair Your Roofs

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TROPICAL RUBBER PAINT

—AND—

ELASTICKOTE!

The perfect roofing material. Guaranteed for five years. Manufactured by the Tropical Oil Co., Cleveland, O.

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S. W. COGGESHALL,

Successor to Alex. Barker,

Newport, R. I.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS

Remnants of Coverings,

Muslin and Net Curtains.

Upholstering in all its branches,

Furniture and Crockery packed, shipped or stored.

J. W. Horton & Co.,

42 Church Street.

Lamp Shades,

CRETONNES

In large assortment.

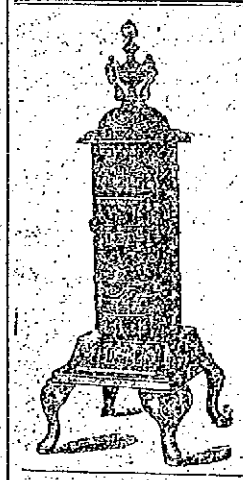
FURNITURE COVERING.

W. F. SPINGLER

Bellevue Avenue.

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL

AND WEEKLY NEWS.



WARMTH brings COMFORT, COMFORT brings JOY.

There is no excuse for being cold, disconsolate and sad this winter, with the stock of

HEATING STOVES

To choose from that you can find here. And the PRICE—that is what will START YOUR SMILES.

MARDEN,

281 THAMES ST. Cor. N.Y. YACHT CLUB WHARF.

A Dependable Used Piano Offers Genuine Economy.

Here Is an Unusual Opportunity to Get One at a Bargain.

Each summer we rent new Ivers & Pond pianos to wealthy Newport cottagers. These are now being returned, none the worse in appearance and finish, and improved in musical qualities and action-touch by the slight careful use they have had, for which we have been paid liberally. All are late model

IVERS & POND PIANOS

which means that in materials, workmanship, musical qualities and durability there is nothing better. They look, sound and will wear like new instruments. Every piano will be fully warranted. Rather than have them returned to our Boston warerooms, already crowded with new 1910 models, we have decided to dispose of them on the spot at prices that will be decidedly interesting to the shrewd buyer. Our usual Easy Payment terms are available during this sale. Write for description and prices.

Whatever your piano need, whether a new, slightly used or second-hand instrument, we can supply you and save you money. Write for full bargain list

IVERS & POND PIANO CO.,

114 Boylston St.,

BOSTON.

Fill Out and Send This Coupon to

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114 Boylston St., Boston, Mass.

Please mail me your catalogue and special prices on pianos that have had slight rental use at Newport, with full information about your Easy Payment plan.

Name .....

Address .....

BRASS! BRASS! BRASS!

Large supplies of designed pieces, Awls, fringe and all material for piercing brass. This is the leading fad of the season. Outfits $2.50 and $1.50.

Pyrography is still raging. Wood always on hand.

Largest supply ever shown in Newport will arrive Oct. 1.

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are made from the finest flour and the best materials obtainable—

That Makes them an ideal FOOD

Uneeda Biscuit

are baked in surroundings where cleanliness and precision are supreme—

That Makes them PURE

Uneeda Biscuit

are touched only once by human hands —when the pretty girls pack them—

That Makes them CLEAN

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are sealed in a moisture proof package—

That Keeps them FRESH

Uneeda Biscuit

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

5¢

HOW TO SAVE MONEY!

HOW TO SECURE A SITE FOR A HOME!

Buy a LOT OF LAND of FIRST BEACH LAND CO., NEWPORT, R. I.

Office on Purgatory Road on the land.

PRICES FROM $100 to $575.

While the PRICES are SMALL, the LOTS are LARGE.

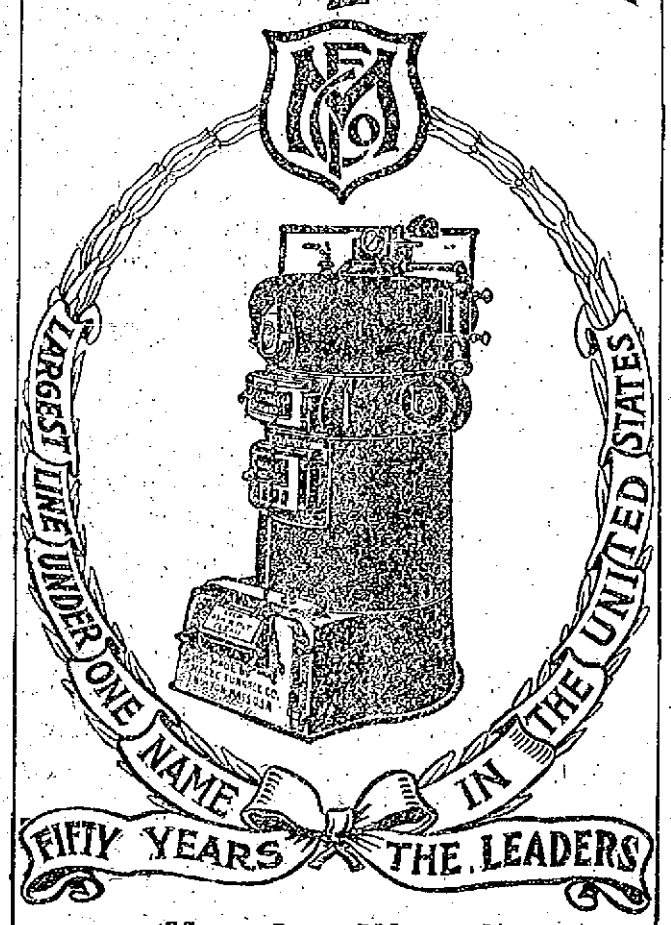
Pay as little as $25 DOWN; and $5 MONTHLY, WITHOUT INTEREST or TAXES. More than $100,000 Worth Already Sold.

EDWARD T. HARRINGTON CO.,

Boston.

Local Representative, - - - Mr. W. H. Draper.

Magee HEATERS



Have June Warmth In the Dead of Winter

¶ Magee Steam or Hot Water Heaters give you this at a trifling cost. They heat *all* the house *all* the time with least fuel, least trouble and least expense. They're so simple in operation they almost run themselves.

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Newport Foundry & Machine Corpor'n,

NEWPORT.

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To close the estate of the lat Samuel Sachs we offer for sale the Ocean House property. This estate will be sold at a reasonable price and on very easy terms. For further information and plat apply to

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Building lots on Hall avenue Homer and Butler streets for rented tenement property.

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Cottage, 6 Rooms, all modern improvements, going at $3,500.

Two Tenement House, Tilley Avenue. Rent value $360. Price $4,000. House lots all over the city.

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Half House new, in central part of city; all latest improvements.

Lower Tenement of 6 rooms, central part of city.

Small Tenement of 5 rooms.

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Pay Rent or Own Your Own Home?

See E. S. MARSH,

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AT JAMESTOWN, R. I.

Comfortable Cottage

With about 25,000 square feet of land with 110 feet fronting on the bay at reduced price; also, house of 14 rooms and bath, fronting on the water.

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Two-Tenement House, containing seven rooms in each tenement. Lot of 2,363 sq. ft. can be purchased at a very reasonable price.

CLARENCE A. HAMMETT CO.,

323 THAMES STREET.

The Large Cottage,

23 CATHERINE STREET.

Newly painted, white and green, and made over inside and out, 18 rooms and two baths, wide halls, spacious dining room and kitchen—is now for rent unfurnished at $650 a year. Inspection invited.

Frederick H. Paine, Agent,

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House 62 Mill Street.

Has 16 rooms, 2 large offices, with separate entrance. New furnace and good plumbing. Also small garage. Apply on premises to

WM. S. COOPER,

62 Mill Street.

PRICE OF COKE.

Prepared, delivered,

36 bushels $4.50

18 bushels - 2.25

Common, delivered,

35 bushels - $3.50

18 bushels - 1.75

Price at Works,

Prepared, 11c a bushel

Common 9c a bushel

A DINNER MENU.

Many Appetizing Dishes to be Served at this Meal.

Additional New Recipes for Preparing Mushrooms in Various Delicious Ways.

[Cornelia C. Bedford.]

Menu.
Chicken and Okra Soup.
Deviled Crabs. Brown Bread Sandwiches.
Radishes. Olives
Beef a la Mode. Brown Gravy.
Mashed Potatoes. Peas.
Nut and Cream Cheese Salad.
Wafers.
Pistachio Ice Cream with Strawberry Sauce.
Coffee.

Chicken and Okra Soup—For this, select a fowl weighing about four pounds. After having thoroughly drawn and cleaned it, put it in a soup kettle and cover it with three quarts of cold water; simmer gently for two hours, then add an onion with six cloves stuck in it, a piece of celery, a bay leaf and a blade of mace; simmer gently for one hour longer; strain and stand aside over night. Next day remove every particle of fat from the surface; pour the stock carefully from the fowl leaving the sediment in the bottom; remove the white meat from the chicken, discard the skin and cut the meat into perfectly square blocks. Put the soup in the kettle, add the chicken, a cupful of stewed tomatoes, four tablespoonfuls of rice, a small onion chopped fine, and stew slowly for 20 minutes; then add one-half of a can of okra and a palatable seasoning of salt and pepper; bring to the boiling point, and serve.

Deviled Crabs—In a saucepan put one tablespoonful of flour, one tablespoonful of butter, one third of a teaspoonful of salt and a dash of cayenne. Stir over the fire until melted and mixed, then gradually add three quarters of a cupful of veal or chicken stock. Stir until thick and smooth, then add the beaten yolks of two eggs, two tablespoonfuls of sherry, three fresh mushrooms chopped and one cupful of the canned crab meat. Stir for three minutes then take from the fire add one heaping teaspoonful of chopped parsley, more salt and pepper to season very highly, and, if liked a suspicion of made mustard. When cold fill the shells with the mixture, smoothing them off rounding full. Sprinkle with fine dry bread crumbs, slightly moistened with melted butter and bake in a very hot oven until browned or dip into slightly beaten egg roll in fine bread crumbs and fry golden in deep, smoking hot fat.

The brown bread sandwiches served with the crabs are spread with butter; or the butter may be creamed and a little lemon juice worked into it. Cut the sandwiches in fingers.

Nut and Cream Cheese Salad—Mash the cream cheese with a fork, season it with white pepper, and a very little thick cream, just enough to keep it from crumbling. Mold into small balls and press on one side of each ball the meat of half an English walnut. Arrange in lettuce nests and serve with French dressing.

Beef a la Mode No. 1—Trim and wipe a six pound piece of the upper round of beef. With a sharp thin bladed knife make a number of incisions through the meat, and into each one work a strip of larded pork. If you have a larding needle this is easily done. Into a deep kettle put the trimmings of the pork, and when tried out put in the vegetables cleaned and diced, one half of a turnip, one half of a carrot, and two onions, and cook for five minutes. Put in the meat after dredging it well with flour, and brown on all sides. Add one quart of boiling water, a bouquet of sweet herbs, two cloves, six allspice, one half of an inch of stick cinnamon and two tablespoonfuls of vinegar. Cover tightly and simmer for four hours, add another quart of water, one tablespoonful of salt and one half of a teaspoonful of pepper when half done. When done, take up the meat, season with the gravy if necessary, skim and strain and serve with the beef.

Beef a la Mode No. 2.—Take six or seven pounds of beef from the round or top sirloin. Lard with salt pork, first rolling each lardoon in a mixture of salt, pepper and any powdered spices you may prefer. Press the beef into shape and tie. Put the pork trimmings into the pot, and when hot put in the meat. Brown it by turning all sides to the bottom of the pot. All one cupful each of sliced onions, carrots and turnips, and three sprigs of parsley, four cloves, six allspice, and one teaspoonful of pepper-corns tied in thin muslin, one teaspoonful of salt and one quart of boiling water. Finish the cooking as in the preceeding recipe.

Pistachio Ice Cream—Blanch three ounces of pistachio nuts and chop them very fine. If they seem dry cover them with one tablespoonful of sherry or a few drops of rose water and let stand for some time. Scald one pint of cream, add one cupful of sugar, stir until it is dissolved and cook until the cream looks blue and thin. Take from the fire, add one pint of raw cream and cool. When cold, add the nuts and flavor with one teaspoonful of vanilla; one teaspoonful of pistachio extract an color a delicate green. Turn into the freezer and freeze.

Mushrooms a la Bordelaise—Choose some big firm fresh mushrooms; peel, wash and drain them; make one or two slits on the top side of the mushrooms; soak for one and one-half hour in oil; salt and pepper. Broil them, turn when half cooked, so that each side may be equally broiled. Warm the olive oil in which the mushrooms were soaked, season with finely chopped chives and parsley; dish up the mushrooms, sprinkle with a few drops of vinegar or lemon juice, and pour the hot olive oil over them.

Cannelons of Mushrooms—Peel and chop fine one quarter of a pound of fresh mushrooms. Put them in a saucepan with one tablespoonful of butter and 10 drops of onion juice. Cover closely and simmer for 10 minutes; add one-quarter of a teaspoonful of salt, a dash of cayenne and one-half of a cupful of good beef stock, and simmer for 20 minutes longer. Add one-half of a tablespoonful of flour, blended with a little cold water; boil for one minute, take from the fire, and add the yolks of three well beaten eggs and one teaspoonful of chopped parsley. Return to the fire long enough to allow the eggs to thicken the sauce, then set aside to cool. When cold, roll some puff paste very thin, cut in pieces, four by six inches, lay on each a spoonful of mushroom mixture, moisten the edges of the paste with white of egg and roll up like cigars, being careful to pinch the ends tight together. Dip in beaten egg, roll in fine bread crumbs and fry golden brown in smoking hot fat.

Mushrooms in Paper Cases—Melt one tablespoonful of butter without browning, add one tablespoonful of flour and mix until smooth. Add one cupful of cream or milk, stir continually until it thickens. Season and turn into a farina boiler; add one can of mushrooms drained from their liquor, let stand until heated through. Fill the cases and serve.

Mushroom Filling for Patties—For the filling, if fresh mushrooms are used, first cut them in small pieces. Pour boiling water over them and allow them to simmer for 10 minutes, drain. Prepare a cream sauce with the proportion of a tablespoonful of butter, melted without browning, to a tablespoonful of flour and one cupful of cream. As the sauce begins to thicken add the mushrooms; when finished, take from the fire, add the seasoning, and fill the patty cases at once. If canned mushrooms are used do not cut them in pieces. Drain free from all liquor, and add to the cream sauce as directed for the fresh mushrooms. The Lycoperdaceae, or puff-balls, are of delicious flavor, and may be used instead of mushrooms. They are also delicious when fried like egg-plants, either with or without batter. Care should be taken to gather them before they become soft. The three best varieties are the giganteum or giant; the saccatum or little puff ball, and the gemmatum, or pear shaped puff ball.

Puff-Balls with Steak—Put into a saucepan a tablespoonful of butter or olive oil. Peel the puff-balls and cut into small pieces. When the butter or oil is hot, add the puff-balls. Toss them about until slightly colored, then add one-half of a pint of beef juice, or strong soup stock, salt and two dashes of cayenne pepper, also a tablespoonful of browned flour, rubbed smoothly in a little beef stock. Stir constantly before they becom sort. The three best pour over the freshly broiled steak.

GUARDING WATER BIRDS.

Threatened Extermination of Those Which Are Valuable on Sea Coasts and Lakes Checked.

That the threatened extermination of the valuable birds of the sea coasts and lakes of this country has been checked to some extent by the operation of reservations during the last year has been announced at the headquarters of the National Association of Audubon Societies. At some 50 points along both shores of the continent and on its inland waters the breeding birds have this season been shielded from the ravages of egg stealers, plume hunters and market butchers, according to annual reports that have just been received from the wardens employed by the National Association of Audubon Societies. In over 90 per cent of these bird refuges, which the Audubon workers maintain with the help of the government, increases of from one to 60 per cent in the sea birds and water fowl most useful to the people of the nation are reported.

On the waters of Maine, Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota, Washington and Oregon a careful census has been made of the bird broods reared this year in the breeding places set aside by the government or leased by state and national societies. While the wardens generally report that the sea birds and water fowl are rapidly multiplying within the limited territory in which they are guarded from human devastation, storm tides—the wholesale checks of nature—are held responsible in half a dozen notable instances for the destruction of thousands of the young of species on whose activities the country must rely for the disposal of floating refuse and the consuming of harmful insects. Throughout the regions where the shore birds must still breed unguarded the raids of plume hunters are threatening the rapid extinction of some species of these birds, according to ornithologists who have summarized the situation on the basis of 1909 records.

More than 25,000 eggs of gulls, herons and terns are reported as taken in the temporary absence of one warden by an egging expedition on the Breton Island reservation, off Louisiana, in violation of federal statute. Only a score of the herons whose nuptial plumes furnish the aigrettes to the millinery market are reported as surviving recent butchery on each of two Audubon reservations in South Carolina and Florida. From wardens stationed on both the upper Atlantic and Pacific coasts and the inland waters of the country good promise of saving and increasing the birds in their charge is held out.

"Plague and pestilence will surely follow the extermination of the sea bird scavengers along our coasts, and crop pests will run riot about the inland waters if their insect eating water fowl are allowed to become extinct," said William Dutcher, president of the National Association of Audubon Societies. "Our wardens are doing a noble work in shielding the breeding birds from human harm; but the natural checks of bird life, such as storm tides, fogs, forest fires and cold storms during migration, operate each year to thin the ranks of the birds. The only way to offset the natural losses of bird life is to extend this 'bird refuge' work and prevent the activities of the commercial despoilers."

TAKE IT IN TIME.

Just as Scores of Newport People Have.

Waiting doesn't pay.

If you neglect the aching back,

Urinary troubles, diabetes, surely follow.

Doan's Kidney Pills relieve backache.

Cure every kidney ill.

Newport citizens endorse them.

Henry Vickers, retired painter, 51 Second Street, Newport, R. I., says: "My experience with Doan's Kidney Pills warrants me in vouching for their merit. Kidney trouble was brought on in my case, I believe, by the injurious effect on my kidneys of the paints and oils used in my work. The secretions from my kidneys contained considerable sediment, scalded when being voided and passed far too frequently. I was subject to dizzy spells, felt tired and languid and was devoid of energy. The good reports I heard about Doan's Kidney Pills led me to go to Wright & Hay's Drug Store and get the remedy. A great improvement was noticeable soon after I began its use and in a short time my whole system was toned up. I consider it no more than my duty to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

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CHARCOAL, SAWDUST and WOOD.

Agency, - - - THE BIJOU

39 THAMES STREET.

LINCOLN AT GETTYSBURG.

Personal Memories of the General's Address and the Impression It Created.

[Wayne MacVeagh in Century.]

The address of Mr. Everett seemed to me then, as it has whenever I have read it since, perfectly adapted to the occasion, and exactly what such an oration ought to be. It was of necessity elaborate and long, because it involved a complete justification of the war then in progress and a graphic and detailed description of the battle which had been so recently fought where we were standing; but it was eminently scholarly and eloquent; the classic product of a mind familiar with the masterpieces of all oratory, ancient and modern; and at its conclusion, I think, every intelligent person who heard it must have felt most favorably impressed with the manner in which the duty imposed upon Mr. Everett had been discharged.

At its close, as I remember, there was a short interval of music, and then Mr. Lincoln was presented, as only to accept, in a few formal words, the cemetery in behalf of the nation. As he came forward, he seemed to me, and I was sitting near him, visibly to dominate the scene, and while over his plain and rugged countenance appeared to settle a great melancholy, it was somehow lightened as by a great hope. As he began to speak, I instinctively felt that the occasion was taking on a new grandeur, as of a great moment in history, and then there followed, in slow and very impressive and far-reaching utterance, the words with which the whole world has long been familiar. As each word was spoken, it appeared to me so clearly fraught with a message not only for us of his day, but for the untold generations of men, that before he concluded I found myself possessed by a reverential awe for its complete justification of the great war he was conducting, as if conducted, as in truth it was, in the interest of mankind. Surely at that moment he justified the inspired portraiture of Lowell:

Great captains, with their guns and drums,
Disturb our judgment for the hour
But at last silence comes;
These all are gone, and standing like a tower,
Our children shall behold him faming man,
The kindly earnest, brave, foresee-ing, patient, dreading praise, not blame
Sagacious
New birth of our new soil, the first American.

And now comes the only inexplicable part of this statement. I waited until the distinguished guests who wished to do so had spoken to him, and then I said to him with great earnestness, "You have made an immortal address." To which he quickly replied: "Oh, you must not say that. You must not be extravagant about it."

Others then came around him, and I did not see him again until on the train on our way home. He was suffering from a severe headache, and lying down in the drawing room, with his forehead bathed in cold water. He had sent for me, as I knew, to renew our talk of the day before; but I could not restrain myself from saying to him: "You did not like what I said this morning about your address, and I have thought it carefully over, and I can only say that the words you spoke will live with the land's language."

He answered: "You are more extravagant than ever, and you are the only person who has such a misconception of what I said; but I did not send for you to talk about my address, but about more important matters."

I had told him on the way from Washington that I should be obliged to leave him at Hanover Junction on the return journey to keep a professional engagement of importance; and it was probably for that reason that he sent for me so soon after leaving Gettysburg. We then discussed at some length the matter he wished to talk over, and I shortly afterward left the train and returned to Philadelphia.

I looked at the next day's newspapers with some eagerness, and was greatly surprised to find no stick adequate recognition as I thought due to his address; and yet I could not persuade myself that I had "really" exaggerated its true character.

Champion's Line.

NAPHTHA LAUNCHES, SAIL AND ROW BOATS TO LET BY HOUR, DAY OR WEEK.

Kinsley's Wharf, foot of Pelham street

HAYMAN & NASON,

PAINTERS and DECORATORS,

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Dealers in Painters Supplies.

Phone 998.

Those Rugs

that carpet—that piece of linoleum that is smeared and blotched and faded—try rubbing them with a cloth moistened in water containing a few drops of that great fabric restorer, dirt dispelling germicide,

Cabot's Sulpho-Napthol

It removes grime and stains from every part of the house, upstairs or down, inside or out, no matter whether it is paint or fabric to be cleansed. Above all it restores the color to all textiles, and after being treated with Sulpho-Napthol they present a new, clean, fresh appearance. In addition no disease germs can exist in or on anything where it has been used.

Sold only in yellow packages by druggists and grocers. 10c., 25c., 50c. and $1.00. Beware of imitations.

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These new boilers are guaranteed to heat where others fail; to save fuel; to be perfectly controllable—and to save worry, trouble and expense in operating them.

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Our new booklet, "Warmth, Health and Comfort," is interesting

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This size for average dwellings

This size for larger buildings

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Ground as we grind it
Packed as we pack it
Is in a class by itself.

One Pound Canister (Full weight) At most Grocers 35c

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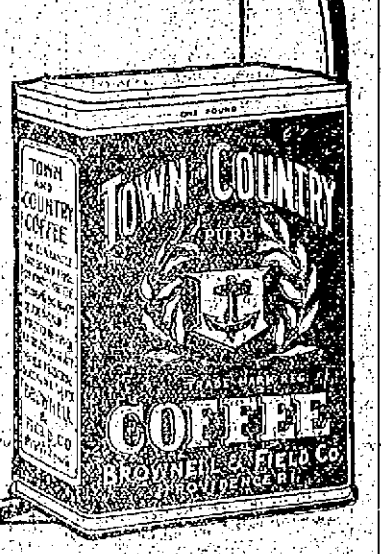

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NARRAGANSETT BREWING COMPANY PROVIDENCE R.I.

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EDISON PHONOGRAPH

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Consignments of freight solicited.

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NEWPORT, R. I.

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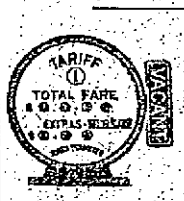

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Make pure blood and relieve all troubles arising from a disordered stomach by digesting the food.

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Try it and you will get instant relief

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This fine weather will not last

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Let me fill your coal bin and you will be prepared for "something fierce."

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OF THE
Daily News.

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MAN (32) desires a position. Can furnish reference. Adress Box 36, Daily News Office.

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MEN'S
CLOTHING
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Exceptional opportunity offered to ambitious salesman, with good following, to start in business for himself. For particulars apply to H. A. L., care LORD & THOMAS 250 Fifth Avenue, New York City.
All communications strictly confidential.

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WANTED—Man around 50 to look after our business in unoccupied territory. Special inducement; permanent. C. R. Burr & Company, Nurserymen, Manchester, Conn.

WANTED—A butcher. One who understands the meat business. Address Box 47, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Two respectable boys; steady work. Morgan's Garage, Tew's court.

WANTED—A good white cook, with references, at 58 Kay street.

WANTED—Lady bookkeeper of some experience; steady position. Address Box 31, Daily News Office.

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You Can Get Cash for Your Goods or Have Them Sold at Auction at
BURLINGHAM'S AUCTION ROOM.
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WANTED—A horse from 5 to 8 years old; must be sound; weight 1,250 to 1,350. Send full particulars as to size, etc., to Box 49, Daily News Office.

If you have anything to sell telephone, write or call. We pay highest cash price for goods of all description. No quantity too large; none too small. The I. X. L. Company, Buckley Block, 26 Broadway. Tel. 1605.

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FOUND—Picked up, boat 13 ft., pair oars and shovel. Owner may have same by proving property and paying charges. Apply Hog Island Light House.

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An Extra Fine Lot of
CALIFORNIA PRIVET.
Now is the best time of year for planting it out.
The Barker Building & Realty Co., 195 Broadway. Newport, R. I.

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Renting and Repairing.
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FOR SALE CHEAP—One two-tenement house. Rent $24 a month. Concrete cellar, water closet in house; all in good condition. 1 Heath street. Apply to H. Wimmer.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Lot 50 on Whitney ave., 50x125 ft., with shop which can be turned into cottage. Half of price may remain on mortgage. Inquire of Victor Baxter, Daily News Office.

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First-class help supplied at short notice. Tel. 945.

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ACCIDENT TO WRIGHT MACHINE.

Engine of Aeroplane, Which Worked Slowly, Cause of Trouble.

COLLEGE PARK, Md., Nov. 5.—The Wright aeroplane met with an accident this morning which will probably result in putting it out of commission for a day or two. Lieutenant Lahm and Humphries, making a flight shortly after 8 o'clock, while endeavoring to turn the bi-plane when only a few feet above the ground, found their engine working slowly and without sufficient force to swing the machine about. In consequence the left plane touched the ground, causing the machine to lurch, breaking the right plane as well as the right skid that held the forward steering planes in place. The linen covering of the lower right hand plane was quite badly torn. Lieutenant Lahm was controlling the machine at the time of the accident. Neither he nor Lieutenant Humphries received even a shock when the machine came down.

The accident occurred after the machine had been in the air about five minutes and had circled the field several times. There was very little breeze. The aeroplane having landed a few hundred feet in front of the shed in which it is housed and not far from the railroad track, was promptly trundled to its quarters and an examination made of the injured parts. The engine was wholly uninjured. Why it should have run slowly at the critical moment when a turn was being made could not be explained. The government's machinists immediately went to work to repair the machine. This is expected to occupy several days. Today's accident was the first serious one that has occurred since the army lieutenants have been practicing with the machine. It is the only one occurring during the absence of Mr. Wright.

Just how the flying qualities of the Wright aeroplane are to be tested to their full capacity is a question that is receiving attention among officers of the United States signal corps and is of especial interest to the army lieutenants, who have become adepts in handling the machine. The Lieutenants themselves have been anxious to do "stunts" with the bi-plane. The officers of the signal corps also wish to see the qualities of the machine developed to their extreme capacity. They want to know by actual experiment what the aeroplane could be called upon to do in time of war, when reconnaissance to gain information of the enemy's strength would be of the highest importance. To do that it will be necessary to know what velocity of wind could be encountered with safety.

The operators would need to be trained in aerial navigation under adverse conditions. They would have to possess a knowledge of methods of handling the bi-plane in strong currents of air, because they would be obliged to seek a high altitude to obtain safety from the enemies' guns are at such altitudes there are frequent treacherous currents, while a comparative calm may prevail near the ground. If it is decided to enter upon a series of experiments to fully qualify aeroplane operators for efficient work, it is now realized that a corps of highly trained men must be maintained. It will not be possible in the near future to instruct a large number of officers in aerial navigation, but those who are detailed have much to learn that can be attained only by experiment. Before they can hurry on such experiments, with practical results, they must be highly trained in handling the bi-plane.

SMALL EXPORTATION OF WHEAT.

Report for 1909 Shows an Increase in the Home Consumption.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The calendar year 1909 will show a smaller exportation of wheat than any year in the last decade and an increased home consumption, both in amount and per capita average, says a report of the bureau of statistics today on wheat production, exportation and consumption of the United States. The continued decline in exports of bread stuffs lends interest to the statement. The exportation of wheat during the nine months ending with September amounted to only 27,760,910 bushels against 83,178,935 bushels in the same month of 1908, and of flour 6,388,283 barrels against 9,428,347.

This reduction in exports of wheat seems to be due to increased consumption at home, rather than to any decline in production. The average annual production during the last five years has exceeded any earlier five year period, yet the average exportation was but 113,000,000 bushels per annum against 192,000,000 in the immediately preceding five years, a decrease of 40 per cent in exportations.

The price at which the exportations of the last fiscal year occurred ranged from 98 cents per bushel in June, 1908 to $1.23 per bushel in June 1909, while the prices paid at home compared equally with those offered abroad. The average annual consumption in the United States for the five years ending with 1909 was 543,000,000 bushels. The annual per capita consumption averaged 6.34 bushels. The shortage which American increased consumption causes in the suply of wheat available for other countries is apparently being met in part by increased production and exportations by Argentina, Canada and other countries.

MME. STEINHEIL SHARPLY PRESSED.

Pursued Relentlessly by Judge's Questions.

Her Composure Gives Way Under the Trying Ordeal.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—The Steinheil case was again the centre of intense interest today. Contrary to expectations Mme. Steinheil again took the stand, it having been decided to resume the direct interrogatory address to her yesterday. She plainly showed the effects of the trying ordeal she had passed through during the last two days. Great black rings were distinguishable under her eyes and her face was almost colorless. Nevertheless, she rose to her feet when the inquiry began and responded bravely to the examination.

The presiding judge, M. De Valles, showed solicitation at the outset, lest the strain of previous days had taxed the witness's strength too severely. He was quickly re-assured by Mme. Steinheil, who said: "No, I am not at all fatigued."

In opening the proceeding Judge De Valles dealt with the appearance yesterday of Rene Collard, an actor, who caused a momentary sensation by asserting that he was the real assassin. Judge De Valles disposed of this incident as pure invention. "It is nothing more than a joke," said the court. The inquiry has established that this was a crack brained youth whose parents have stated that he followed the case passionately, and had previously attempted to intervene with anonymous letters addressed to the examining magistrate."

Judge De Valles then turned his attention to Mme. Steinhill. He confronted her with various conflicting statements she had previously made, regarding the occurrences on the night of the crime. He also questioned her closely on the involved financial condition of the Steinheil household at the time of the murders.

Mme. Steinheil's composure gradually gave way before the succession of sharp inte rrogatories. Her feeling at last found expression in an agonized flood of words, in which she appealed to the jury to believe in her innocence, complaining bitterly that in the hour of her misfortune she had been deserted by high placed friends, asserting also that society women, who had frequented her home, had now deserted her.

Notwithstanding this passionate appeal, Judge De Valles pursued his interrogatories relentlessly. When he pinned her down with proof that she had concealed jewels which she afterwards said had been stolen, she turned her back on him and with crossed arms and flashing eyes admitted that she had done so, justifying her action by the motherly instinct of shielding her daughter from the knowledge that these jewels had come from her lover.

The prisoner indignantly declared that her sensational attempt to revive the case last fall, by an accusation against young Wolf, the son of the cook in the Steinheil household, was due to the insistance of her lover, Maurice Borderel, the merchant whom it was supposed she desired to marry, and in an effort to clear herself. "Borderel has passed out of my life," said Mme. Steinheil, "and I had no thought of him. My sole solicitation was to save my daughter's engagement to Pierre Hulsson".

In an interview today Borderel reaffirmed his faith in the innocence of Mme. Steinheil, saying that she knew that marriage with him would be impossible and that therefore the alleged motive for the murder of her husband was untenable. He added: "She did not revive the case on my account, for she knew that the woman I had loved was not the woman whose intrigues with Faure, Chouanard, Balincourt and so many others have been exposed."

The judge continued doggedly to force the prisoner to retrace, step by step, her actions during the feverish months following the crime, confronting her at every turn with some new story which she had told, or compelling her to explain over and over again why she had accused wrongfully Burlingham, the American newspaper man, Couillard the servant, and young Wolf. Upon each occasion Madame Steinheil found refuge behind the plea that, in her frenzied desire to clear herself from the awful imputation that she had murdered her husband and mother, she had seized upon any suggestion that came into her head. Judge De Valles was particularly severe in his cross examination, as to the lack of feeling displayed by the prisoner at her mother's funeral.

Although today's session of the court did not begin until 13:30 p. m., the ordeal was so severe that before the afternoon had passed it has been necessary to interrupt the proceedings several times, in order that the accused woman might be given syrup of ether to quiet her agitation.

At one time when Mme. Steinheil declared that Couillard had lied, the judge interrupted sharply with the exclamation, "But you also lied." At this M. Aubin sprang to his feet and protested against the remark of the court. Judge Valles retorted, "I am justified in saying that the accused has never ceased to lie concerning this affair. Her stories are tissues of lies." Late in the day the proceedings were suspended for a short time. When they were resumed Mme. Steinheil had a brief respite, her examination being suspended while the first deposition of witnesses was read. This introduced a description of thee ondition of the house following the crime.

MORE EXCITEMENT IN MARKET.

Fluctuations in Cotton, the Most Erratic of the Season.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—There was a renewal of yesterday's excitement at the opening of the cotton market this morning, with enormous liquidation following the big margin calls sent out after yesterday's break, which had evidently unsettled confidence in the bull campaign. The big southern bulls, however, had tremendous buying orders around the ring and early fluctuations were the most erratic of the season. After selling at 14.42, or 15 points net lower and $3.40 a bale below the high price of Wednesday, January jumped 24 points, with sales in some instances of fully seven points apart. There was further irregularity, but liquidation seemed to be less urgent during the middle of the forenoon and prices ruled generally steadier, some five to 15 points over the closing figures of last night on continued support from the Southern bulls, who are supposed to be replacing cotton upon which they had taken profits early in the week.

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	DEPOSITS.	SURPLUS and PROFITS
Oct. 16, 1909,	$8,017,253.51	$786,982.26
Oct. 17, 1908.	$7,668,867.42	$761,416.31
Increase	$348,386.09	$25,565.95

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JURY RETURNS INDICTMENTS.

Town Treasurer Lombard of Framingham Accused of Forgery.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 5.—The irregularities in the town finances at Framingham, discovered last month, amounting to moer than $390,000 had an echo today, in the report of the Middlesex county grand jury, which returned indictments for forgery against Town Treasurer John B. Lombard and for larceny and uttering against Charles S. Cummings, a Boston note broker.

REAL BLACK DIAMONDS.

About the Hardest Substance Known Being Found Only in a Small Section of Brazil.

[Scientific American.]

The term "black diamonds" is sometimes jokingly applied to ordinary coal which we burn in our furnaces, but the real "black diamonds" of commerce are among the unique mineral products of the world, and they serve a purpose in the industrial world that makes them of great value.

The black diamonds are pure carbon, and yet in no outward appearance resemble the diamonds which we are accustomed to wear as ornaments. They are slightly harder than the crystal or gem diamonds, and in fact about the hardest substance known.

Black diamonds or carbons are among the greatest curiosities of the mineral kingdom. They are without crystalline form, and are found in irregular pieces ranging in size from half a carat to 300, 400 or 600 carats. They are dark gray, black or brownish in color, and opaque. The real diamond of the jewelry trade is also pure carbon, but translucent and crystalline in form. Two objects so alike in composition could not be found so opposite in appearance as these two forms of carbon.

Another peculiar thing about the black diamonds is that they are found only in one locality in the world. They come from a very small section in Brazil, not more than 225 miles square in area. Outside of this limited territory no pure black diamonds have ever been found. In the Brazilian black diamond fields the natives dive in the river beds for them, and recover them from the gravel and washings of the rivers.

What peculiar freak of nature caused the deposition of the black diamonds in this section of the world and nowhere else is one of the mysteries which science has failed to explain. None of them have been found in the great Kimberly diamond regions, where the crystal form of diamonds have for so long been mined, and likewise no fine specimens of the gem diamond have been found in the Brazilian black diamond fields.

The whole origin of the black diamonds is therefore a scientific enigma. Naturally, the question is raised, "Of what use is a black diamond?" No one would care to wear one of these diamonds, which resembles a piece of coal more than a real diamond, and so far no one has poularized the black gems, as the black pearl has been. Nevertheless the black diamonds serve a most important and useful function in the industrial world.

This pure black carbon is not only harder than the real diamond but tougher and not so brittle as the gem. Consequently it is of great value for many mechanical purposes, and particularly for boring with diamond drills. In diamond drilling the tips of the drills are studded with carbon or black diamonds and when the bores are deep the pressure is so great that the gem diamonds would be crushed in the process but the carbon resists this continued pressure and slowly eats down into the rocks.

In diamond drill work the carbon is set in circular pieces of soft steel or iron called bits and these bits are attached to tubing. Armed with these black diamond teeth the drills push their way down under severe pressure to a depth of 5,000 or 6,000 feet, cutting through the hardest kind of rock. Some black diamonds are much harder than others and there is no way to determine by the color the difference in the degree of toughness.

Black diamonds or pure carbon are not by any means cheap, and the owners of the mines in Brazil, where they are gathered are making a good thing out of their monopoly. In the last 30 years the prices of black diamonds have advanced from $5 to nearly $85 a carat, and the tendency is still upward. The arming of a drill with diamond points is thus a rather expensive matter. Usually a set of eight stones are placed in the head of a single drill. If each diamond weighs only 3½ carats the total cost at $85 a carat would be about $2,380 for a single bit.

Great as the expense is, however, it pays, for the black diamonds are so tough that they last a long time, and they achieve results which could not be obtained in any other way. There is no known substance that can take the place of carbon in drills in boring for gold, silver, copper and other mineral deposits. Before the black diamonds of Brazil were discovered it was impossible to make deep borings.

When the carbon was first introduced in our industries it was used in diamond saws for cutting stones, marble and similar substances. Then the price advanced so that the carbon was found too costly for such use and bort was substituted for stone cutting. Bort is really an imperfect crystal or gem diamond, but it is too brittle for use in drills. Consequently bort has taken the place of the black diamonds for stone cutting and the latter have been restricted almost entirely to diamond drilling purposes.

The average size of black diamonds used in the drills ranges from two to five carats, but the larger specimens give much better results. They cost more, but they last longer. Consequently there is a greater demand for the larger pieces of pure carbon and the price is sometimes run up to premium figures for unusual specimens.

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Thomas P. Peckham, Vice President.
Edward A. Sherman, Treasurer.

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U. S. DEPOSITARY,
286 Thames Street.
DEPOSITS.

Sept. 9, 1908.	Sept. 9, 1909.	Increase.
$674,257.34	$1,266,601.66	$592,342.32

SURPLUS AND PROFITS (EARNED).

$89,330.88	$94,256.20	$4,925.32

Peter King, President.
Samuel McAdam, Vice President.
Thomas B. Congdon, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5, Wall Street—The stock market opened irregular, with Amalgamated Copper at 88, American Car and Foundry 75⅝, American Smelting 99⅝, American Locomotive 65¾, Anaconda 48¼, Atchison 121 ex. div., Baltimore & Ohio 116⅝, Chesapeake & Ohio 83½, Erie 34⅝, Great Northern preferred 144⅛, Missouri, Kansas & Texas 47½, Missouri Pacific 70¼, New York Central 138⅝, Northern Pacific 148, Pennsylvania 143⅝ ex. div., Reading 162⅝, Rock Island 40¼, St. Paul 157¼, Sugar 133, Southern Pacific 129½, Southern Railway 30⅝, Union Pacific 202, United States Steel 92⅝, United States Steel preferred 127, ex. div., Wabash preferred 51⅝.

10—Opening dealings in stocks were light and the movement of prices narrow and irregular. Pacific Mail and American Cotton Oil rose ⅝ and American Sugar fell a point. Otherwise the changes were limited to small fractions.

11—Dealings in the industrials and specialties overshadowed the operations in the standard railroad stocks. There was a brisk demand for a time for Reading, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific. Colorado Southern advanced 3 points, American Hide and Leather preferred 2½, American Cotton Oil 2, Reading, Union Pacific and Westinghouse Electric 1¾, and several other stocks a point or more. New Haven yielded a point.

Noon—Money on call steady at 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5 to 5½ per cent. The rise carried Union Pacific up 2⅛ and Reading 2 points and there were advances in special stocks later. The general list became irregular. Kansas City Southern rose 1⅝, Missouri Pacific 1¼ and St. Paul, Wabash preferred, Western Maryland and International Harvester 1. Pennsylvania declined 1 and American Express 3. The tone was steady at noon. Bonds were firm.

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November 5, 1909.

	Closing.
Allis-Chalmers	16
Amalgamated Cop.	87¾
Am. Car Foundry	75¾
Am. Can Pfd.	84
Am. Cotton Oil	78½
Am. Locomotive	62¾
Am. Smelt & Ref.	98⅝
Am. Sugar	133⅞
Am. Woolen	34¼
Am. H. & L. Pfd.	46¼
Anaconda Ming.	48
Atch Top & San Fe	120
Atlantic Coast Line	139
Baltimore & Ohio	116½
B'yln Rap. Trans	70⅝
Canadian Pacific Ry.	181⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	89
Chic. Great Western	21
Chic. Gt. West Pfd. B.	26
Chic. Mil St. Paul	158⅝
Chic. & Northwestern	189
Co. Fuel & Iron Co.	40⅝
Consolidated Gas	145
Corn Products	22¼
Del & Hudson Co.	185
Denver & Rio Grande	45⅝
Erie	33¼
Erie 1st pfd	47½
General Electric	164
Great Northern pref.	144⅝
Gt. Northern Ore	83
Interboro Met.	19¾
Interboro Met pref	50
Louisville & Nash.	153
Mex Nat & Tex	46¾
Missouri Pacific	70¼
National Lead	89¼
N. Y. Cent & Hudson	134
N Y Ontario & West	47
Norfolk & Western	96
Northern Pacific Ry	148½
Pennsylvania R R	142⅝
Pressed Steel Car	53¼
Reading	162⅝
Reading 1st pfd	91⅝
Republic Iron & Stl	48
Rock Island	40⅝
Southern Pacific	130¼
So Ry	31
Texas & Pacific	35⅝
Union Pacific	203¼
Utah Copper	50
U S Rubber	50½
U S Steel	91⅝
U S Steel pref	127
Va-Carolina Chem	50½
Wabash	20
Wis. Central	51
Western Union	78

BOSTON MARKET.

Boston Con	14¾
Cal. & Hecla	668
Green Copper	12
E. Butte	11⅞
Miami	17⅝
North Butte	60
Isle Royale	25⅛
Shoe Mach	70½
Trinity	11½
U S Smelt	147
Shannon	16
Swift	108¼
Am Tel & Tel	141
Old Dominion	53
N Y N H & H	162½
U S Smelting	55¼
Giroux	10⅞
Pay Central	2 9-16

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PORTSMOUTH.

Rhode Island Quarterly Meeting of Friends in Fall River—Brothers' Night at the Grange.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The conference of ministers and Christian workers held under the direction of the Rhode Island Quarterly Meeting of Friends in Friends' meeting-house, Fall River, which began Wednesday, was well attended, considering the weather. After devotional exercises a conference was held having for its subject "Aims and Method of Friends in Southern New England," followed by papers by Clarence M. Cass and L. Oscar Moon, the latter the pastor of the Fall River church, after a general discussion of these papers dinner was served.

At 2 p. m. the meeting of Ministry and Oversight of the Rhode Island Quarterly meeting was held, which includes delegates from each monthly meeting. At 3 there was a conference on "Social and Spiritual Leadership in Rural Communities," led by Charles H. Jones and Alvano C. Goddard. At 4:30 supper was served and at 7:30 an address on "Christian Citizenship" was given by Charles E. Newlin of Indianapolis.

Thursday mornig the regular Quarterly Meeting day opened, with an assemblage so large as to fill the audience room. Those going from Newport and Portsmouth filled a large car, besides others who went by carriage and automobiles. On the platform were William Thompson of Lynn, Samuel H. Hodges of Portsmouth, L. Oscar Moon of Fall River, Earle J. Harold of Worcester, Thomas Battey of Providence, George Evans of Swansea, Phebe Aydelott of Fall River, Anna Tucker of East Greenwich and Mrs. Samuel H. Hodges of Portsmouth. The meeting was opened with prayer by Mrs. Phebe Aydelott. William Thompson preached the sermon, followed by remarks by Earle J. Harold, who concluded with a solo, "Wash me within and without." Mrs. Hodges made a brief address and the meeting closed with silent prayer.

At 12:15 dinner was served and at 1:45 a business session was held, the principal feature under consideration being proposed changes in discipline affecting meetings on Ministry and Oversight. An invitation was given, and accepted by a large number to inspect the new Young Men's Christian Association building.

Murray S. Kenworthy of Lynn gave an interesting address which concluded the two days' session.

The members of Portsmouth Grange hold their regular meeting Thursday evening, with Worthy Master Walter A. Sowle presiding. After the usual business the meeting was placed in charge of those who had designated this occasion as Brothers' night, and the lecturer's hour was replete with a fund of interesting and instructive facts and facetiae. Readings were given by Walter A. Sowle, Herbert Chase, Joseph Sousa, Isaac Fish, Warren R. Sherman, Louis Corcoran, Mrs. Warren R. Sherman, Mrs. Walter A. Sowle and visiting Grangers, while piano selections and singing formed part of the entertainment. Remarks on the good of the order were made by the visitors, who congratulated Portsmouth Grange on the improvements recently made in the hall, as well as the handsome equipments which have also been recently added. An oyster stew, with its accessories, was enjoyed, as well as the social hour. At the next meeting of the Grange the lecturer's hour will be in charge of the Grange "sisters."

Dr. and Mrs. Francis P. Conway entertained St. Mary's guild Wednesday afternoon and evening, the rain not preventing a large attendance. Forty took supper, the menu being creamed chicken, mashed potato, hot rolls, cake and coffee.

The Ladies Association of St. Paul's Church met with Miss Fannie T. Clarke, Thursday afternoon, when arrangements were made to hold a harvest supper in the near future.

The missionary society of the Christian Church recently formed, held the first of its monthly suppers Thursday evening in the vestry. These are intended to be social gatherings of the parish, and to increase the missionary fund by free will offerings. There were about 65 present. In the evening Mr. John S. Kimber of Newport gave an account of his trip to the Holy Land, which was heard for the first time by those present.

Mrs. Mary Collins, who makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. Alfred H. Borden, had a bad fall Thursday morning. She was preparing to attend Quarterly Meeting in Fall River and came down stairs with some garments over her arm. She thought she had but one more stair to go down, when she had two, and as a consequence fell heavily to the floor, badly bruising her right eye and forehead and confining her to a couch. She is more than 80 years of age, which makes the matter a serious one, as there may be internal injuries.

Miss Bessie Croucher has returned from a two months' visit to Lock Haven, Youngsdale and Renora, Pa.

TIVERTON NOTES.

There is now talk in Tiverton of trying to have the liquor licenses for next year scattered, so that there will not be such a pronounced "oasis" at the state line. Some think that, in view of the fact that the police commission grants the licenses and it is a great convenience for the police to have the racket all take place in one spot, so that the entire force can see what is going on, this plan is not likely to be adopted.

Near the oasis there has recently been erected in the road a lobster and crab restaurant. The shed—for that is all that it is—is partly in Rhode Island and partly in Massachusetts and the Fall River police have been instructed to have that part in Massachusetts removed. The Tiverton police may have nothing to do after the Fall River police are through. The season for crabs and lobsters at the prices which can be paid in Tiverton is about ended.

ARNOLD FOR COMMODORE.

Newport Yacht Club Election Followed by a Good Time and a Chowder.

The Newport Yacht Club held its annual meeting and election of officers Thursday evening. There was promise of a good time, and a little on the side in the way of a contest over the house committee. So there was a big turnout, and when the election was over and the chowder which "Jack" Allen had provided was tackled all agreed that Jack was wasting his talent in painting; he ought to devote it all to making chowder.

William M. Arnold, the new commodore, has been connected with the club since its organization, and is one of the most enthusiastic yachtsmen on the bay. For the past few years he has represented the Newport club on the Narragansett Bay Yacht Racing board and is vice president of that organization. He was for a dozen years secretary of the Newport club and has done his part to bring up the membership and sustain interest. The officers-elect are as follows:

Commodore—William M. Arnold.

Vice Commodore—George H. Draper.

Rear Commodore—Edward T. Tretchel.

Secretary—J. Powell Cozzens.

Treasurer—John S. Coggeshall.

Measurer—J. Everett Benson.

House Committee—Samuel Bailey, J. A. Allen, V. B. Anderson, J. W. Wilson, H. A. Whipple.

Regatta Committee—J. G. Costello, C. S. Plummer, William Kerr, F. S. McLellan, W. D. Hazard.

Library Committee—George B. Austin, Hugh L. Taylor, F. A. Corbett.

Model Committee—F. H. Scannevin, H. D. Root.

Finance Committee—J. H. Scannevin, A. L. Slocum, Alexander Fraser.

Entertainment Committee—George S. Gardner, J. T. Delano, Jr.

COMMODORE JAMES RETURNS.

Has Been Resting in Europe and Is Not Prepared to Discuss a Lipton Cup Race.

Commodore Arthur Curtiss James of the New York Yacht Club returned from Europe Thursday on the Adriatic, with Mrs. James. They have been away a month, spending the time in England, France and Switzerland. The commodore went abroad for a rest, he said, and had heard little of yachting affairs while absent.

He knew that Sir Thomas Lipton was in this country looking for a race, but when he was asked if he thought the rules under which the previous cup matches had been arranged would be set aside in order to give Sir Thomas a chance to race under the present rules of the New York Yacht Club he laughed and replied, that he really did not know much about the situation. "I'd rather not be quoted until I have had time to find out what has happened and have conferred with others," he concluded.

A ROGERS GRADUATE IN THE WEST.

Mrs. Josephine Silone Yates, a graduate of the Rogers High School in the class of 1877, who for the past 16 years has been a teacher and is now professor of English and history and adviser of women in Lincoln University, Jefferson City, Mo., has recently been elected recording secretary of the Western Negro Press Association. For 25 years past she has done much newspaper work as associate editor and contributing editor of various race papers, and is one of the contributing editors of the Woman's Aurora, a monthly published in Omaha, Neb.

NEWPORT BANKRUPTCY CASES.

In the United States district court in Providence Thursday, before Judge Arthur L. Brown, creditors of Hermannus Klaasens asked for a bankruptcy adjudication, alleging that one creditor has been allowed to obtain a preference.

William E. Mumford of this city has petitioned to be adjudged bankrupt, scheduling unsecured claims owed of $3,564, and assets, after deductions for exempt property, of $927. He has 80 creditors. An adjudication was ordered.

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OLDEST IN THE COUNTRY.

Building Used Continuously for One Business Since 1715.

History of the Callahan Shop, Soon to Give Way to New Army and Navy Home.

The Callahan building on Farewell street which is a portion of the property sold as a site for the new Army and Navy Young Men's Christian Association building, claims the distinction of being the oldest shop in the country which has continuously carried on the horse-shoeing business. The ancient records of Newport show that John Warkham conducted a blacksmith shop there in 1715, and that he forged the keys for the front door locks of the meeting house (Congregational) where the present Second Baptist Church on Clarke street stands, in 1733. He died in 1741. After his death he was succeeded by his son, John, who died in 1765.

The property came into the possession of John W. Murphy after the Revolutionary war, who did a general jobbing and horse-shoeing business. He was succeeded by his son, also named John W. Murphy, who carried on the business for a number of years. There is an iron railing on the front steps of one of the old mansions on Washington street, still standing, which this blacksmith made and placed there in 1828. He was the father of Captain John W. Murphy, a well known mariner and pilot who died a few years ago, at a ripe old age. He was full of reminiscences of this old shop and old Newport history when the town was a prominent sea port.

Still later the property was owned by Joseph Anthony, who served Newport in the state legislature and conducted an extensive market gardening business on upper Warner street, on the land now known as the Dodge land, a portion of which is north Newport avenue. He was an uncle of Henry C. Anthony of Portsmouth, the well known seedsman and farmer. He had a large pigeon loft in the attic of the old shop building, and some of the pigeon coops are there yet. He died in 1868 and there is an imposing marble monument erected on his burial lot in the Old Cemetery on Warner street, which catches the eye of passers-by as they walk up the street.

After the Murphys the shop was conducted by William White, and after him by his sons, George L. and Albert G. White, the former being the horse-shoer while the latter did the jobbing work. The late Benjamin Bliven and Robert D. Coggeshall, both well known citizens and master blacksmiths, served their apprenticeships in the old shop under the Messrs. White. George L. White in his time was a great horse trader and did a large business, numbering among his patrons the late John West, the elder Anthony Stuart, Edward A. Hassard John F. Tennant and the leading livery stable keepers of that time, having also a large local and summer resident trade.

In the spring of 1857, he hired Michael Callahan (father of George W. Callahan), who was his foreman until January 1864, when Mr. White sold out to him. The new owner conducted the business successfully until 1881, when he sold out to ex-Alderman John E. Leddy. Mr. Callahan purchased the estate from John T. Bush, the executor of Joseph Anthony, in 1869, and made extensive improvements putting in a new front and re-modelling the interior, and erected a large addition on the rear to meet his increasing business.

Mr. Leddy occupied it for five years, and on the expiration of his lease in January, 1886, G. W. Callahan, son of Michael, took the shop and has conducted it successfully since.

FOR LIQUOR LICENSES.

All the Old Places Except One Wholesale Apply, With Ten Additional Retail.

The License Commission met Thursday evening in monthly session and received applications for licenses for the year beginning December 1. It could not well ask for applications for licenses until after the city had voted for license, as the applications were ordered in for Thursday and they were there—at least, most of them were. There are in force 41 retail and 9 wholesale licenses, and of these 41 retailers and 8 wholesalers were among those who applied, leaving one wholesaler yet to apply if he intends doing business this year. In addition to those now holding licenses ten additional places applied for retail licenses, so that in all there were 60 applications, 52 for retail and 8 for wholesale. The commissioners looked over the field and ordered the applications advertised, according to law.

HARDSHIPS OF A TIVERTON VOTER.

The only inhabitant of Spar Island, a bleak and desolate sand dune in the bay, had a tough voyage to the mainland to cast his vote in Tiverton. This Robinson Crusoe by choice is Alexander Denny, who has consecrated his time till further orders or inclinations to the guardianship of the oyster beds in that section. He started out in a launch and when halfway across the rudder of his launche became disabled and he was forced to lie in the trough of the seas, every minute in danger of being turned turtle, till he made temporary repairs. He reached Tiverton in time to exercise his franchise, however, but received such a battering on the trip that he lay over last night to recuperate.

NEW ACTING MAYOR.

Alderman Kelly Elected in the Illness and Absence of Messrs. Boyle and Shepley.

The Board of Aldermen held its weekly meeting Thursday evening, the fourth of the week. President Shepley presided and all the members were present.

The regular pay rolls were approved as follows: Street and highways, $1,378.13; police, $797.67; fire department, $430.45, city officers, $179.25; public buildings, $11.54; firemen in theatres, $36; election officers, $400.

The bills of the five ward clerks, $8 each, $40 in all, for conveying the ballots to Providence, were ordered paid, as were the last monthly salaries of the keepers of the city piers and bath-houses, $20 each, or $80 in all; also the bill of Cassius U. Hallock, for dead dogs, $62.

Wednesday, November 24, at 8 p. m., and Wednesday, December 1, at 10 a. m., were appointed as the times for the canvasses for the city election. The same places used Tuesday as wardrooms were again designated for the city election.

Alderman Shepley was reminded, by the interested party, that the petition of John Gardner for a naphtha light on Girard avenue had been referred to him and by him had been allowed to slumber. He revived it and it was voted to place the lamp as asked for. Alderman Kelly suggested that it would be well to locate the light this side of the Middletown line, having in mind a time when Newport tried to light Middletown, of course at Newport's expense. Mr. Shepley said this lamp is far from the line.

Alderman Shepley announced that he was about to leave for New York to be gone over Sunday, and that there might be some one in charge, in case a head of the city was called for. Alderman Kelly was made a "mayor" and President Shepley turned over to him the keys, not of the city but of the desk in the mayor's office. He suggested that mail might be tucked under the desk, though thus far he had not found any.

MRS. BATONYI WINS.

Justice Dowling Issues Interlocutory Decree of Divorce as Sequel to Wife's Suit.

Judge Dowling, in the New York Supreme court, Thursday directed the issuance of an interlocutory decree of divorce in favor of Mrs. Fannie Work Burke-Roche Batonyi in her suit for an absolute divorce against Aurel Batonyi.

W. M. K. Olcott, formerly district attorney, counsel for Mrs. Batonyi, will now serve a copy of the proposed formal judgment upon Morris Ouker, counsel for Batonyi, who will submit on his client's behalf a form of judgment. It is expected that Batonyi will appeal from the judgment, whatever it may be.

POLICE CASES.

The police station furnished a little business this morning. A man entered a shoe store Thursday and abstracted a pair of high rubber boots. He did not know just how high they were until this morning, when Judge Franklin said $10 and costs, which made those boots look much higher than they did when taken. One drunk was fined $5, but as neither had the cash both went to jail.

At the regular session of the district court this morning no cases were up for trial, and two local cases were marked "disposed of on payment of costs." One was for non-support and one for wife beating, and it looks as though there had been a family reconciliation in each.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Mortgagee's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage Deed, made by Patrick H. Welch and Mary Ellen Welch, his wife, of Newport, to the Savings Bank of Newport, dated March 18th, 1907, and recorded in Volume 45, at pages 274 and 375, of the Mortgages Land Evidence of the City of Newport, in the State of Rhode Island, breach of the condition of said Mortgage having been made and still existing, the said Mortgagee will sell at public auction, on Bedlow Avenue in front of the land hereinafter described, on Monday, the 29th day of November, A. D. 1909, at 12 o'clock noon, all the right, title and interest which said Patrick H. Welch and Mary Ellen Welch had at the time of the execution of said Mortgage and did by said Mortgage convey, in or to those two certain parcels of land with the improvements thereon, situated in said City of Newport and bounded and described as follows, viz: NORTHERLY on Bedlow Avenue 83 feet; EASTERLY on land of Thurston 80 feet; SOUTHERLY on land of John L. Cummings 83 feet and WESTERLY on Cummings Road, so called, 80 feet, it being lots 19 and 20 as shown on a plat called "The John L. Cummings Plat, Newport, R. I." ALSO that other parcel of land situated in said Newport bounded and described, as follows: NORTHERLY on said parcels of land above set forth 83 feet; EASTERLY on land of Thurston 8 feet; SOUTHERLY on other lands of the said John L. Cummings 83 feet, and WESTERLY on Cummings Road 8 feet; it being a strip of land eight feet wide running along the entire Northerly side of lot 13 on said plat; said property being all that was granted by said Mortgage Deed, which deed is hereby made part thereof.

And said Mortgagee here gives notice that it intends to bid for said property at said sale thereof.

THE SAVINGS BANK OF NEWPORT

By G. P. Taylor, Treas.

Newport, November 5, 1909.

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL AND WEEKLY NEWS.

REVOLUTIONISTS ROUTED BY TROOPS.

[Continued from First Page.]

sharp engagement today, many of General Estrada's followers being killed, wounded or captured. The government lost 15 men, including General Satilla Chamorro. President Zelaya's forces attacked the rebel, Fornos Diaz, at Paso Las La Jas, capturing that point, which had been defended by 400 men. The rebels fled in the direction of Rama and were pursued.

The above despatch, which the correspondent was unable to get through yesterday, refers probably to the battle of Thursday concerning which conflicting reports reached New Orleans and Washington. Sympathizers at New Orleans, with the Nicaraguan rebels, received advices stating that General Estrada was gaining ground and had taken Paso Las La Jas. At the same time the Nicaraguan charge d'affaires at Washington received word from President Zelaya to the effect that the government troops had met and routed the enemy at Paso Las La Jas. It is possible that the earlier success of the rebels was turned into defeat.

General Castillo Chammoro, mentioned in the Managua despatch as having been killed, should not be confused with General Emiliano Chammorro, who is one of the rebel leaders.

Paso Las La Jas is near Chili, about 60 miles west of Bluefields, and if, as reported, the government troops have been successful at that point and are pursuing the rebels towards Rama, it means that President Zelaya has not only regained a foothold in the interior, but is pushing on to Rama, [illegible] which had fallen into the hands of the rebels and towards Bluefields, the headquarters of Revolutionary activity.

FIVE ALDERMANIC CANDIDATES IN ONE WARD.

There is something in the nomination paper-line for the city election, now that the state election is out of the way. Friday G. M. Kirwin filed his paper for alderman from the Fourth ward. This made four candidates officially before the voters from the Fourth, and not one yet filed from any other ward. After Mr. Kirwin's had been filed a paper was taken by P. P. Steward Halo for alderman, from the same ward. There are now five candidates in, or on the way in, from the Fourth. The best the others have done is one paper out for each of the first three wards and two for the Fifth, making ten in all, with half of them from the Fourth. There will be others, however.

William P. Carr has taken out a paper for councilman from the Second. Thus far no papers have been filed for the Council, though many have been taken out and some must be ready to file.

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No. 1. Victoria Lawn 98c

A handsome Waist with Medallion yoke and baby tucked back, long sleeves with tucked cuffs to elbow; collar and cuffs lace edged.

No. 2. White Batiste 98c

This is a very striking waist with Hamburg insertion, buttoned front, long sleeves with soft cuffs; collar and cuffs lace edged.

No. 3. Victoria Lawn 98c

This waist is finished in full length lines of narrow Cluny insertion. Has tucked yoke and long sleeves. Nothing elaborate, but a good style and very serviceable.

No. 4. White Linen 98c

This is a strictly tailored shirt with pocket. The panel, collar and cuffs are handsomely embroidered, which gives the garment a finish only to be found in high grade goods.

No. 5. Victoria Lawn 98c

This waist is a regular feature of our waist department and well known. Has a fine tucked yoke and long sleeves. Extra fine material and workmanship faultless.

No. 6. Black Sateen 98c

This cloth has the dull lustre finish, is a tailored style with broad tucks and exceptionally well made.

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